Radhanpur State,
Admn. report,
1910-11 to 1914-15

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Annual Administration Report of the Radhanpur State for the year 1910-1911.

CHAPTER I

1. *General and Political*–The State of Radhanpur is bounded on the North by Varahi, Bhabhar and Terwada, on the East by Terwada, Kankrej and Patan District of His Highness the Gaekwar, on the South by Vanod, Dasada and Jhinjuwada, and on the West by the Runn and Varahi.

Boundaries.

2. Its area is 1150 square miles, and it contains 158 villages with a population of about 65567 souls and the gross revenue on the average of 5 years comes to Rs. 481746. The State pays no tribute to Government or to any State, but receives an annual Jama aggregating to Rs 1711-15-7 from 8 villages of Chhadchhat and Santalpur, 1 of Varahi, 4 of Jhinjuwada, 4 of Vanod and Dasada. The State has a share in the Revenues of Unadi under Varahi and in the octroi duties levied in Terwada for the collection of which a Nakedar is stationed there.

Area, villages, population and Revenue.

3. The relations with the frontier States and Talukas continue to be friendly.

Relations with adjoining States

4 In accordance with the Government Resolution No. 1931 dated 26-3-1910 Mr. Monteath I. C. S. Companion to His Highness the Nawab Saheb assumed charge of the office of Senior Administrator of the State on the 2nd April 1910 before office hours and Mr. A. O. Koreishi continued under the title of Junior Administrator until he relinqished charge of his post on the 13th May 1910. On the strength of the said Resolution, His Highness the Nawab Saheb associated himself closely with Mr. Monteath in the Administration in order to be able to acquire an intimate knowledge of administrative work.

The State was under the charge of Mr. Monteath I. C. S.

5. The chief event of importance during the year was that His Highness the Nawab Saheb having attained majority, the Administration was withdrawn. A Darbar was held by Colonel H. D Merewether Political Agent Palanpur, in the morning of 27th November 1910 and His Highness the Nawab Saheb was then invested with the full powers of the State. The Administrator Mr. J. Monteath I. C. S. was appointed Adviser with the sanction of the Government at the special request of His Highness. The usual ceremonial visit to and return visit by the Political Agent were paid.

Installation of His Highness,

6. Among the guests present on the occasion, beside the Political Agent and Mrs Merewether, were Mr. and Mrs. Mayne, Major and Mrs Coghill, Major and Mrs. Oldfield, Mr. & Mrs. Tudor Owen, the Thakor of Katosan, K. S. Devisinhji and K. S. Dilaversinhji of Jamnagar, K. S. Jamiatkhan of Balasinor, K. S. Indrasinhji and Pravinsinhji of Bansda, and representatives from Baroda and many of the leading States in the Bombay Presideney.

Special remission of Revenue arrears.

7. In commemoration of the auspicious occasion of His Highness's Installation, the Revenue arrears viz-Vighoti, Vaje and Vero due from the cultivators of the State villages upto and including Samvat year 1961 and the amounts remaining unpaid out of the sums advanced to the cultivators in Tagavi in Samvat years 1956, 1957 and 1958 were remitted and customs dues on goods other than those imported into or exported from the Radhanpur State were declared to be abolished from 1st April 1911.

His Highness's tour &c.

8. During the year His Highness toured in the Districts and visited Sami, Waghel and other villages of his State, and looked personally into matters concerned with the welfare of the cultivators. Mr. Monteath in the compony of Dr. Mann the Government Agricultural Chemist in addition toured through the Sami and Munjpur Mahals, to enquire into the cause of, and the possibility of preventing, the increase of salt land in that neighbourhood. Dr. Mann's opinion will it is believed be of great advantage to the State, and his suggestions fortunately give reason for hope that much can be done to obviate what would otherwise be a source of great danger to the State's prospects. Much gratitude is due to Dr. Mann for his readiness to help the State in this matter at great trouble to himself. The main conclusion at which he arrived is that much benefit may result from an extensive system of bundh-erection, combined with sufficient provision for drainage; the bandhs may be of varying sizes according to the extent of country they are desired to affect. In addition to the generally beneficial nature of such works, they would provide an easily organized and very useful means of employment in times of scarcity.

His Highness also visited Rajkot for the polo tournament which took place there in February, various other States in Kathiawar, and Bombay.

Demise of the late Emperor

9. Owing to the sad demise of His most gracious Majesty the King Emperor Edward VII, the news of which reached here on the 7th May 1910, all the public offices in the State were closed for 3 days and the Bazar for one day as a mark of profound respect to that august and benign Sovereign.

Proclamation and Declaration of His Majesty the King George V.

10 The Proclamation and Declaration announcing the accession of His Majesty the King George V Emperor of India was read at 7-15 a. m. on the 16th May 1910 and prescribed ceremonies were observed and a salute of 101 guns was fired.

Funeral of His late majesty

11. The funeral His late Majesty having taken place on Friday the 20th May 1910, five prisoners were released, the sentence of 10 prisoners was reduced, all offices were closed, and 68 minute guns were fired in the evening of that day out of respect to the sacred memory of the Mighty Sovereign.

Universal Sympathy

12. A crowded meeting in which almost all classes of the community were represented assembled on the 20th May 1910 under the presidency of His Highness the Nawab Saheb to express their profound loyalty and grief at the mournful demise of His late Imperial Majesty and a resolution was unanimously adopted to convey to Government and the Royal Family the deep sympathy felt for them by all creeds and classes here in their sad bereavement. His Highness the Nawab Saheb then forwarded this resolution to the Administrator Mr. Monteath for transmission to Government through proper channel expressing also on his own behalf in a covering letter his deep sense of sorrow and a touching message of condolence to be conveyed to Government and the Royal Family.

The Political Agent's visit.

13. The Political Agent arrived here on the 24th November 1910 to instal His Highness the Nawab Saheb on the Gadi on the 27th and after that auspicious occasion was over, he encamped at Gotarka on 1-12-1910 and having inspected the disputed boundaries of Gadshi-Pedashpura, Agichana-Lunichana and Gotarka-Meghpura returned to Palanpur via Harij.

14. His Highness the Nawab Saheb was elected a member of the Board of Visitors of the Rajkumar College, Rajkot by the Agent to the Governor, Kathiawar and Government were pleased to confirm his election (vide Agent to the Governor Kathiawar's No. 6151 dated 8th November 1910.)

15. The opinion of this State was called for on the proposal of the Baroda Darbar regarding the introduction of direct service of non-compulsory processes i. e. summonses and notices between the Civil and Revenue Courts of the Baroda State and Courts of Native States in Gujarat Agencies as per Political Agent's No 4887 of 4-7-1910. In reply it was said that this State had no objection to these suggestions being carried out.

16. The adoption of the rules defining the scope of direct correspondence between the Police Officers of the Baroda State and the States in the Palan-

pur Agency and also between the States of the Palanpur Agency and the States of Classes I to IV of the Kathiawar Agency and the Kathiawar Agency Police was sanctioned by Government (vide Political Agent Palanpur's Nos. 5170 and 7761 dated 15th July and 5th October 1910 respectively.

17. The forms for an English abstract of Vernacular depositions constituting the prima facie case to be sent with applications for extradition are prescribed (vide Political Agent, Palanpur's No. 8321 dated 27th October 1910.)

18. The question regarding the reciprocity to be observed in sending and receiving summonses direct to and from the corresponding officials as shown in clause 3 of para 18 of the last year's report is under consideration.

19. The opinion of this State was invited by the Political Agent, Palanpur as per his No 9600 dated 19-12-1910 on the modifications proposed by the Sar Subah of the Baroda State in the Boundary Rules of 1877. In reply it was said that this State had no objection to them and that as regards rule 35 it agreed with the Resident.

20 The present arrangement for direct correspondence between officers of the Baroda State and those of the adjoining Native States in Gujarat and Kathiawar in matters relating to the repairs of the Boundary marks &c. on undisputed boundary lines is allowed to be continued for a further period of two years by the Government (vide Politcial Agent Palanpur's No. 6033 dated 5th August 1910.)

21. With a view to curtailing correspondence it was suggested that Mamlatdars in British Districts should correspond direct with officials of similar status in this State on the subjects noted below and the Political Agent being directed by Government to ascertain the wishes of the State on the proposed procedure, has called for the report as per his No. 4020 dated 23rd, May 1910:—

25th

1. Process issued in heirship inquiry for service on the heirs of the deceased registered occupants, district and village hereditary Officers and pensioners and other miscellaneous inquiries.
2. To record statements of the parties in heirship inquiry cases of the deceased district and village hereditary Officers and pensioners; and other miscellaneous inquiries.
3. To serve notices on the persons removing, erasing or injuring boundary marks or to ask them to appear before the Officer making the reference as may be desired.

4. Notices issued for service on defaulters of land revenue and Tagavi and such items as are recoverable as an arrear of land revenue.

5. To serve notices on defaulters of octroi duties and, if the persons concerned objects to the claim, to record and transmit his statement or to ask him to appear before the Officer who issued the notice.

6. Process in inquiries in connection with refunds of surplus sale proceeds of stray cattle and unclaimed property and property left by persons dying intestate.

22. The State expressed its consent to the introduction of direct correspondence between Mamlatdars in British Districts and Officials of similar status in this State as a tentative measure for one year in connection with paras 1-2-4-5 and 6 and further said that it might be made permanent provided the procedure was found to work well. With regrad to para 3 it preferred not to initiate the system. This subject is not yet finally decided and is therefore under consideration.

23. The following changes in the personnel of the establishments were made:—

Name of officers.	Appointment.
(1). Mr. Manchharam A Bhatt Chief Medical Officer & Jail Superintendent.	Palace Doctor and Private Secretary to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
(2). Mr. G. L. Godbole Assistant Medical Officer.	Sub protem Chief Medical Officer & Jail Superintendent.
(3). Mr. Hargovind. M. Doshi. B. A.	Head Master High School.
(4). Mr. Huseinmiyan Mahomadmiyan Saiyed.	Sarbhara Superintendent, Jamdarkhana Officer & Musaheb. to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
(5). Mr. Jaysukhram L. Parghi Treasury Officer, & Supdt. Huzur Office.	Treasury Officer & Head Accountant.
(6). Mr. Harilal K. Mehta. Municipal Secretary.	Head Clerk, Huzur Office vice Mr. Jaysukhram.
(7). Mr. Mangalprasad H. Thakore Stable Superintendent.	Municipal Secretary vice Mr. Harilal.
(8). Mr. Malek Jumakhan.	Stable Superintendent vice Mr. Mangalprasad.
(9). Mr Keshavlál H. Merchant Head Master English School.	Balodhan Vahivatdar.

CHAPTER II.

Villages under Khalsa revenue Vahivat and those held by Bhayats and other alienees. No lapse during the year.

24. Administration of land–Including 5 depopulated villages of which separate Revenue Wahivat is maintained, there are 163 villages in the State against 161 in the previous year, one village named New Tarora in the Sami Mahal which was populated in the previous year, being depopulated during the year under report and the Revenue Wahivat thereof having been ceased. During the year under report three villages were populated. Out of these, 143 are now under the Khalsa revenue Wahivat, 14 are held by Bhayats, 4 by Inamdars and 2 by Dharmada holders. No alienated village lapsed to the State during the year under report.

Wahivat based on practice.

25. The Administration of land is carried on according to Wahivat or practice. There are no written rules or code to regulate the Wahivat.

Procedure of making Japtis.

26. The procedure of making Japtis on alienated lands as mentioned in para 23 of the last year's report was followed during the course of the year.

The divisions of the State.

27. The State is divided into 4 Mahals, Sami, Munjpur, Radhanpur & Balodhan One Tajvijdar is retained for better supervision over customs revenue pending the creation of a post of Customs Inspector as stated in para 25 of the last year's report.

System of collection of land revenue in villages.

28. The system of cash assessment obtains in 103 of the villages under Khalsa revenue Wahivat, that of Bhagvati or levy in kind in 33 villages and in 7 villages of the Balodhan Mahal, Kolis pay in cash and Kunbis in kind. Of the Bhayati and other alienated villages Bhagvati obtains in 19. and Viglioti in one Of the 33 villages of Khalsa Wahivat in which assessment is levied in kind, 4 are in Sami, 5 in Munjpur, 22 in Radhanpur and 2 in Balodhan Mahal.

29. Bhagvati Wahivat is put in force in Anwarpura under Sami Mahal as shown in para 28 of the last year's report. It was also introduced in Taranagar under Munjpur-Mahal a Porana under Radhanpur Mahal, owing to the impoverished condition of the cultivators, which was mostly due to a large area of the land turning salt.

30. In no village has the Bhagvati system been altered to that of Vighoti during the year.

Survey of villages.

31. Of the 11 villages unsurveyed in 1907, the survey has been finished in 3 by the end of 1907-08, 2 in 1908-09, & 2 in 1909-10, and it was finished in 2 more villages in the year under report. The work has been in progress in two others, and of the three newly populated villages two are within the boundary of surveyed villages. During the year under report the area of land surveyed amounted to acres 4326-24 gunthas and the total expenditure to Rs. 607-5-3 excluding the cost of the Head or Supervising Officer, who is on the permanent establisment, against acres 3988-4 gunthas at a cost of Rs. 625-7-0. The increase in work is due to the fact that the boundary Surveyor & measurers were not constantly engaged in any other work as last year & that they were therefore able to devote more time to their survey work.

Settlement of new cultivators.

32. During the year under report 43 persons returned, 16 from Sindh and 27 from other places. Of these, 16 cultivators who came back from Sindh resumed cultivation and took up 129 acres of land, 27 new cultivators settled in the State during the year under report and cultivated 562 acres of land & 985 acres of new land was brought under the plough by the old cultivators making a total of 1676 acres, whereas 1147 acres of land, was relinquished by the old cultivators.

Area of land under cultivation and Padtar.

33 The following table shows the total area of land, culturable land &c. &c. of villages under Khalsa Revenue Wahivat.

Particulars.	1909-10. Acres.	1910-11. Acres.	Increase or decrease.
1. Total lands. ...	437311	441127	+3816
2. Less Kharabo. ...	63172	63501	+329
3. Balance of culturable lands			
(a) Talpad. ...	308877	311762	+2885
(b) Pasaita. ...	65262	65864	+602
Total. ...	374139	377626	+3487
4. Area under occupation.			
(a) Talpad.			
1. Under actual cultivation ...	159784	163522	+3738
2. Padtar. ...	55693	53719	-1974
Total. ...	215477	217241	+1764

(b) Pasaita.			
1. Under actual cultivation ...	46474	46685	+211
2. Padtar. ...	18788	19179	+391
Total. ...	65262	65864	+602
Grand Total. ...	280739	283105	+2366
5. Culturable unoccupied Padtar lands...	93400	94521	+1121

34. The above statistics show that there was an increase of 2366 acres in the total area of occupied culturable land and a decrease of 1974 acres of the Padtar Talpad land. The cause of increase of 2366 acres in the total area of occupied culturable lands in mainly due to the return of cutivators from Sindh and other places and also to the difference between the area found under survey and that shown hitherto under the old system.

35. They also show that out of a total of acres 217241 of occupied Talpad land 163522 acres were actually cultivated and 53719 acres or nearly ¼ were Padtar and that out of the total of culturable Talpad land nearly ½ is uncultivated. As stated in para 32 of last year's report Vighoti is recovered for lands under cultivation and no recoveries are made for the occupied lands remaining Padtar since Samvat 1961 in consequence of the reduced condition of the cultivators. In order to give facility to the cultivating public a notification was issued in the previous year authorising them to relinquish a part of their holding provided they give up good and bad land proportionately.

36. Since it was known that some cultivators since the late Famine found it difficult to cultivate all their holdings and that it was necessary to encourage them to bring under the plough the Padtar land which remaining uncultivated deteriorates, the Notification No. 513 dated 12th May 1910 was issued fixing very low rates on different classes of Padtar land gradually rising to their full assessments. Many cultivators took advantage of this Notfication and some outsiders were also induced to settle with their Santis in this State and given concessions accordingly. Thus within a short time 2112 acres and 36 gunthas of land was brought under cultivation.

37. There being a large area of Padtar land in the limits of Dharvadi, Badarpura, Sherganj, Subapura and Jatalpura villages, the attempts were made by the Revenue Department to populate new villages and as a consequence

Jhonabad in the limits of Dharavdi and Savaigadh in the limits of Badarpura and Kolapur in the limits of Sherganj were populated and two new Vas were opened at a little distance from Subapura and Jetalpura.

38. In the latter part of the year under report 160 new Santis were brought in and it is now expected that many people from outside will take advantage of the above notification No. 513 and settling themselves in the limits of this State will bring more Padtar land under cultivation.

Statistics of lands in alienated villages.

39. In 20 Bhayati and other villages the total culturable land amounted to 46755 acres, of which 31009 acres were under cultivation and 15736 acres Padtar against 29865 and 16841 respectively in the previous year.

Frost & locusts.

40. The cotton, wheat, gram, castor-seeds and rape-seed crops suffered very much from severe frost in almost all the villages. Locusts did not appear during the year under report.

Revenue Receipts.

41. Excluding the sum of Rs. 21684-9-4 received on account of the arrears of the previous years the land revenue collected during the year amounted to Rs. 283412-10-0 against Rs. 281876-0-1 excluding Rs. 26571-1-11 on account of arrears.

42. The increase was due to increase in Vaje and Vighoti. Though the cotton, wheat and other crops were damaged by severe frost and the wheat crop turned out poor the land being not inundated by the rivers, the higher rates of crops prevalent in market and some revenue dues recovered according to instalments previous to the appearance of frost seem to have brought about the increase in question.

43. The Revenues of Bhayati and of Inami and Dharmada villages amounted to Rs. 41220-5-6 and Rs. 6739-2-3 respectively in 1910-11 against Rs. 62233-1-2 and Rs. 8724-5-6 in the previous year.

Customs Revenue.

44. The collection from the Customs revenues amounted to Rs. 90728-0-5 against Rs. 69536-8-3 in 1909-10. The increase was due to the prevalence of higher rates of cotton, wheat &c and the consequent export thereof from the stock of the previous year. The appointment of an experienced hand in the Customs Department is under consideration. 19 cases of non payment of Dan were detected during the year under report against 27 in the previous year (the figure 91 in the last year's report is incorrect). All were found guilty and fined.

45. Processes had to be issued for the recovery of revenue in 109 cases during 1910-11 as against 103 during the previous year.

Issues of Processes for recovery of revenue.

46. Rs. 5951-7-4 were paid this year in Tagavi against Rs. 3944-10-10 in the previous year. The increase is due to more assistance given to the indigent cultivators in order to enable them to purchase bullocks.

Tagavi.

47. 4 appeals and 25 other cases were outstanding at the end of 1909-10. 2 cases and 1 appeal were filed during the year under report, making a total of 32 cases Of these 1 appeal, 1 old case and 2 new cases were disposed of during the year under report leaving 28 cases outstanding at the end of the year

Cases of Boundary disputes of land with Foreign States.

48 7 cases of internal boundary disputes are awaiting investigation and disposal by the Revenue Assistant. In 2 of these cases the dispute is between a Bhayat and Inamdars. No action appears to have been taken by the Revenue Assistant to enquire into and dispose of any of these cases during the year under report and in the previous years.

Internal boundary disputes.

49. Of the cultivators who had no receipt or Khata books, 375 were supplied with the same during the year under report and steps were taken to repair existing survey marks (Bans) and put up new ones.

Cultivator's khata books and Survey marks.

50. The Census was taken on the night of 10th March last and was completed most satisfactorily. The Rules prescribed by the Census Superintendent were strictly followed and the work was done without experiencing any difficulty. Mr. Chandulal H. Thakore Revenue Assistant was placed in charge of Census Operations and Mr. Mahipatlal Balkrishna was appointed on Rs. 50 p. m. to assist him. No futher extra establishment was engaged as the services of volunteers for Radhanpur town and other villages were accepted The abstraction is made at Ahmedabad by the establishment specially trained for the work by the Census Superintendent.

Census.

51. The Revenue Assistant was in the District for 21 days, during which period, he visited 5 villages examining Daftars of 4 Tehsils. Being appointed to work in the Committee formed to supervise the arrangements on the occasion of the Installation of His Highness the Nawab Saheb and being afterwards overtaken by illness the Revenue Assistant could

Revenue Assistant's work in the District.

not move out in the District and Census Officer Mr. Mahipatlal was therefore asked to tour for him. The latter examined Daftars of 32 Tehsils.

52. The Wahivatdars of Sami, Munjpur and Radhanpur examined records of 13, 12 and 15 Tehsils respectively, against 13, 9 and 18 in the previous year.

53 The Tajwijdar in charge of Customs revenue and accounts examined the record of 55 villages.

CHAPTER III,

Legislation.

54. Legislation–Appendix 11 shows the laws in force in the State. The Press & Registration Books Act and the Indian Press Act have been introduced during the year under report. The spirit of many Acts in force in British India is followed in deciding cases.

Military and Body Guard.

55. Military Force–Appendix 111 shows the constitution of the Radhanpur Body guard and Paltan. The former consists of 1 Risaldar, 1 Daffedar & 17 Sowars They serve as escorts. The cost of their maintenance amounted to Rs 8682–9–10 as compared with Rs. 7979-6-9. The increase is due to uniforms and swords purchased at the time of Installation.

Paltan and Band.

56. The number of the Paltan including the Band was 93 at the end of the year. The men are drilled regularly by the Subedar, who is a pensioned Non-Commissioned Officer of the Indian Army. They are armed with muzzle loading Enfield Muskets. They are chiefly employed on guard duty on the Jail, Treasury, Palace &c. &c.

Paltan.

57. The Paltan–The cost of this force amounted to Rs. 11843–8–6 as against Rs. 10245–12–7 in the previous year, the increase in expenditure was due to the purchase of uniforms &c.

Head quarters of Body guard and Paltan.

58. The Head quarters of both the Body guard & Paltan is in Radhanpur, and in the majority of cases local men are given preference for the sake of encouragement.

Police–Mounted and Foot.

59. Police–The Police is also recruited locally as far as possible, and consists of 144 unmounted men of all ranks (including one drill instructor), below Head Constables. Of whom 41 are armed with muzzle–loading muskets and bayonets, and 103 are unarmed and provided with batons only, 53 mounted including 17 regular and 34 irregular (armed with swords) and 2 Bhoi Bargirs and 14 camel sowars unarmed, making a total of 212 men. (vide appendix IV).

60. The number able to read and write is 62 against 89 at the end of 1909-10. It is therefore desirable that the Police Superintendent should fill up the vacancies with men who can read and write.

Policemen able to read and write.

61. The total number of Police Force is 221, the same as last year, and the total cost of Police amounted to Rs 48248-14-1 including Rs. 9635-2-4 on account of the village Police against Rs. 47740-15-5 including Rs. 9816-14-7 for the village Police in 1909-10. The increase is due to the enhanced pay allowed to the Police Superintendent and the allowances to others. The ratio of the Police to population & area continues the same, viz 1 to every 117 inhabitants and 2.19 sq. miles respectively.

Strength of Police.

62. Village Police-The number of village Police was the same as last year, i. e. 467 including 54 employed in Bhayati and Inami villages. Of these 286 were paid, and the rest held lands or were paid partly in cash and partly in land.

Village Police.

63. The working of the Police is shown in Appendix V and VI. The number of offences reported to and the number of offenders arrested by the Police amounted to 244 & 143 respectively against 292 & 223 in the previous year. The percentage of convictions on the numbers arrested & sent up for trial amounted to 43.35 & 52.10 respectively against 58.46 & 65.02 in 1909-10. The percentage of recovery of stolen property rose from 60. 73 to. 63. 74. There is considerable room for improvement in this Department partial reorganization of which is contemplated.

Working of Police.

64. Criminal Justice-The number of Courts at the end of 1910-11 remains the same as last year. Under the present arrangements the various Courts exercise the following powers:—

Criminal Courts.

1. The Huzur Court:-All the powers of a High Court in appeal and Revision.
2. The Court of Sar Nyayadhish:-The powers of a Sessions Judge and District Magistrate.

3 & 4. The Courts of the Munsiffs at Radhanpur and Sami:—All the powers of a First Class Magistrate.

5. The Court of the Thandar at Balodhan:-The powers of a Third Class Magistrate.

6. The Court of the Revenue Assistant:—The powers of a First Class Magistrate in revenue matters only, and of hearing of appeals against the decisions of the Wahivatdars pertaining to revenue matters.

7,8,&9 The Courts of the Wahivatdars of Radhanpur, Sami, and Munjpur:-The powers of a Third Class Magistrate in revenue matters only.

65. Since 1884 the Judicial and executive functions are separated in this State.

66. The Munsiffs of Radhanpur and Sami were invested with all the ordinary powers of the 1st Class Magistrate.

The Sar Nyayadhish was invested with the powers of the District Judge and the powers to take up Small Cause suits upto Rs. 25/ within the Radhanpur Balodhan Mahal. He is allowed to follow the spirit of Bombay Regulation VIII of 1827 in granting heirship cerificates.

67. Appendices VII and VIII show the work done by the various Courts.

Working of the Criminal Courts.

The number of offences reported and persons dealt with and disposed of amounted to 414, 409 393 respectively against 545, 614, 593 in 1909-10. The number of persons remaining to be dealt with at the end of the year under report was 16 persons in 11 cases as compared with 21 persons in 10 cases at the end of the previous year.

68. An examination of Appendix VII will show that there has not been an

Increase and decrease.

increase in any serious offences this year, and that the majority of the offences are of hurt, criminal force, assault, breach of peace and of theft. The percentage of accused acquitted and discharged in comparison with those convicted appears to be greater but out of a total of 296, 206 persons in compoundable cases were acquitted under Section 345 of Criminal Procedure Code.

69 The Administrator disposed of one Sessions case during the year under report.

70. Appendix IX shows the result of Criminal appeals There were 27

Appeals in Criminal Cases.

applications including 2 on hand at the end of the last year, of which 22 were disposed of, 4 being rejected, in 9 cases the sentences being confirmed, in 5 modified, in 3 reversed and 1 was remanded for further enquiry against 17 confirmed, 16 modified, 6 reversed, in 1 proceedings quashed, 1 remanded for further enquiry making up a toral of 41 in 1909-10. Five cases were outstanding at the end of the year against 2 in the previous year.

Civil Courts.

71. Besides the Huzur Court, which exercises all the powers of a High Court in appeal and revision, the number of Civil Courts in this State continue to be 3 as in the last year. The Courts of Radhanpur and Sami-Munjpur Munsiffs hear original suits upto Rs 1000 and the latter exercises the powers of a small Causes Court upto Rs 20. The Court of the Sar Nyayadhish hears all original suits above Rs 1000 and appeals against the decision of the Subordinate Courts.

Working of the Civil Courts.

72. Appendix X shows that during the year under report 461 suits were instituted and 453 were disposed of leaving 114 undisposed of at the end of the year against 481 453 and 106 respectively in the previous year. The value of suits filed and disposed of amounted to Rs. 30850-14-0 and Rs. 25401-14-10 aganist Rs. 29595-1-3 and Rs. 20335-6-4 in 1909-10. The increase in the number of suits outstanding was due to the employment of late Munsiff Mr. Sukhram on Installation-work for a month or two and also to the fact that he was somewhat slow in the disposal of work. The personnel of the establishment has since been altered.

Applications for execution of decrees.

73. Appendix XI shows that 183 applications for execution of decrees were filed and 203 disposed of leaving a balance of 79 against 163, 150 and 99 respectively in 1909-10. The value of applications filed and disposed of and remaining undisposed of amounted to Rs. 18143-4-9, Rs. 14933-0-2 and Rs. 3210-4-7 against Rs. 20736-6-3, Rs. 12721-11-7 and Rs. 8014-10-8 respectively at the end of the previous year. The reason of arrears is explained in the preceding paragraph.

Civil Appeals.

74. Appendix XII shows the working of the Civil Appellate Courts. The number of appeals filed during the year amounted to 22 against 17 in the previous year. Of which 19 were disposed of and 4 appeals were pending at the end of the year. The average duration was 4 months and 27 days against 3 months and 8 days in 1909-10. The number of appeals in which decisions were confirmed amounted to 5, out of 22 as against 6, out of 17 in the previous year. In addition to the above, one application for miscellaneous appeal was disposed of by the Huzur Court against 3 in 1909-10, and 3 miscellaneous appeals and one Revision appeal were pending at the end of the year.

75. The number of applications for succession certificates presented and disposed of during the year is 14 and 12 respectively, against only one in the previous year. The increase in the applications for certificate of heirship was due to the fact that the Sar Nyayadhish was authorized to follow the

spirit of Bombay Regulation VIII of 1827 by the Huzur Court and to entertain the applications for granting certificates of heirship relating to houses balonging to the cultivators dying intestate without direct heirs (vide Notification No. 1218 dated 31-10-1910).

Extradition cases.

76. Extradition:-24 persons were surrendered to this State during the year under report, and one was awaiting trial at the close of the year. Of these 5 were convicted, 18 discharged and 1 remained awaiting trial against 10 convicted and 16 discharged out of 26 surrendered in 1909-10. 16 were surrendered by this State to the neighbouring States and Talukas of whom 4 were acquitted, 5 discharged, 4 convicted and intimation has not been received in regard to 3.

Jails and lock-ups.

77. Appendix XIII shows that the number of Jails and Lock-ups remains the same as before, and that 190 prisoners were admitted into the Jails and Lock-Ups and the daily attendance was 19.56 against 260 and 25.15 respectively in 1909-10. The average period of accused amounted to 24. 30 days against 18. 02 in the previous year.

Registration of documents.

78. Appendices XIV and XV show the working of Registration offices during the year. 112 documents concerning property valued at Rs. 16778-8-0 and yielding fees Rs. 430-5-0 were registered as against 103 documents relating to property valued at Rs 32148-9-9 and yielding fees amounting to Rs. 645-12-3 in 1909-10.

Municipalities.

79. Municipal Administration:-Appendix XVI shows the Municipal receipts and expenditure at Radhanpur, Sami and Munjpur.

The Radhanpur Municipality is supported by a grant from the State. The other Municipal receipts amounted to Rs. 3800 as compared with Rs. 3290 in 1909-10. The increase is due to the fact that most of the arrears of the last year on account of Pani Vero were recovered.

The total charges for 1910-11 amounted to Rs. 11594 including advances and deposits against Rs. 11165 in the previous year. The increase is due to the reconstruction of Khakchok well.

The Sami and Munjpur Municipalities.

80. The Sami and Munjpur Municipalities are principally dependent on the State. Sudhara Lagat at ½ p, c, on imports is levied in these towns as contributions from the people. The income from this source during the year under report amounted to Rs. 415-12-3 at Sami and Rs. 136-14-9 at Munjpur against Rs. 286-7-4 and Rs. 131-4-2 respectively during the

previous year. The increase at Sami is due to the increase in Lagat proceeds consequent upon the large exports.

The disbursement on account of these two Municipalities amounted to Rs. 1707-4-9 and Rs. 393-11-0 in the year under report against Rs. 2082-5-10 and Rs. 362-5-10 respectively in 1909-10.

Press.

81. In the year under report the Press and Registration of Books Act XXV of 1867 and the Indian Press Act of 1910 were introduced into this State from lst November 1910 under Government Resolution No 5126 dated 2nd August 1910 (vide Political Agent Palanpur's No. 6164 dated 10-8-1910). According to these Acts the declarations from the Managers of both the Mahomad Sherkhanji Press and the Bismillakhanji Press were taken and sent to the Political Agent Palanpur (vide this Office No. 1336 dated 22-11-1910). Looking to the antecedents of the proprietor of the latter press it was thought advisable to take security of Rs. 500 from him which being not paid by him, his press was ordered to be closed and the Political Agent, Palanpur was informed accordingly. (vide Huzur Office No. 1456 dated 21-12-1910.)

CHAPTER IV.

Rain-fall.

82. Appendix XVII shows the rain fall in the State during the year. The monsoon first broke out on 4th June at Radhanpur and subsequently at Sami, Munjpur and Balodhan. The total fall of rain was less than the preceding year. The rain fall was heavy in August. There was very little rain in September and no rain in October except 5 cents at Munjpur. There was no inundation due to the overflow of the rivers as in the previous year.

Condition of crops.

83. The rains having been timely, the outturn of Khariff crops was good in Sami, Radhanpur and Balodhan Mahals. In Munjpur Mahal there was not much sowing for Asada crops and what crops were sown were damaged to some extent by insects called Khapedas and Katras. The wheat, gram, caster oil seeds &c. were sown in small area and the cotton was planted in a very large area in the year under report but the rains had held off in the latter part of the monsoon and what Rabi crops turned out were totally damaged by the most severe frost.

84. The prices of staple food grains are shown in Appendix XVIII. The rates of Mag, Gram, Banti, Math and Guwar were higher while those of Wheat, Bajri and Chhasto were less than in the previous year.

Prices of Staple food.

85. The season on the whole though defective was not unfavourable and scarcity was not felt.

Season as a whole.

86. As reported last year there are no natural forests in the State, but gardens and plantations are maintained. The total number of gardens and plantations remain the same as last year, i. e. 14 and 11 respectively.

Gardens & Plantations.

87. As remarked in para 92 of the last year's report the opening ceremonies of the garden were performed by Colonel Merewether on the occasion of the Installation and it has been kept open for the recreation of the people of Radhanpur.

Recreation of the people of Radhanpur in the Lal Bagh.

88. Of the total number 1 garden and 5 plantations are under the supervision of the Revenue Department and the rest under the Forest Supervisor as stated in para 93 of the last year's report. The gardens contain flowers and fruits, trees and vegetables. There are 4 plantations of babul trees, 3 of nimb trees, 1 of Gundi trees and 3 containing different kinds of trees The aggregate cost of the gardens and plantations amounted to Rs. 9427-0-1 in 1910-11 against Rs. 8333-1-11 in the previous year. The increase is due to the pay of the servants of the Maji Saheb's garden which reverted to the State and that of some additional Establishment maintained for the improvement of the Lalbag garden. The income from the gardens and plantations amounted to Rs 719-6-5 against Rs 814-8-11 in 1909-10. In the year under report 1294 trees were planted against 1886 in the previous year both by the Forest and Revenue Departments. As the country is open and flat it is desirable to encourage planting of trees as far as possible on waste land on the borders of Runn where Khijadas, Casurina, Babul, Jhalas. &c, would probably grow that they may serve the double purpose of securing the country from the salt dust of the Runn and possibly of increasing the rainfall.

Garden & plantations.

89. Export and Import-The principal items of export were the same as before. The total value of exports and imports are stated to be Rs. 3075649-4-0 and Rs. 333190-4-0 respectively against Rs. 2913126-8-0 and Rs. 165332-4-0 in the previous year. As has previously been remarked it is not possible to place much reliance on these figures.'

Trade.

90. As in the preceding year three ginning factories were at work. The Sami, Lolada and Munjpur factories worked for 11, 53 and 27 days respectively and cleared 23560, 31605 and 27394 maunds of cotton against 9347, 22409 and 23102 maunds working for 16, 37 and 24 days in the previous year.

Ginning Factories.

91. Works roughly estimated to cost Rs. 31632 were provided for in the Budget for 1910-11, of these the Head Overseer only expended Rs 26339-8-11 during the year under report.

Appendix XIX shows the expenditure on P. W. D. No new original work of importance was carried out. Necessary repairs were made to several State buildings which bady required them.

92. There is a Sub-Post and a combined Telegraph Office at Radhanpur and Branch Post Offices at Sami, Munjpur, Chandur Rathori and Lolada.

Post and Telegraph Offices.

93. Emigration has ceased as reported last year. 73 persons of the labouring classes who had emigrated to Sind and other places during the last famine returned and resettled in this state during the year under report.

Emigration.

94. Appendix XX shows the number of cattle and other live stock in the State during the year under report. A Census of these was taken as usual on 15th March throughout the State with the aid of the leading village residents. On comparison of the figures of the previous year there appears an increase in all classes of cattle and other animals. This increase is due to their multiplication and also to the purchase of new ones by the cultivators or others. This part of the country is well known for its cattle, and the appointment of a qualified Veterinary Officer would therefore be very beneficial.

Cattle & other agricultural stock.

95. Appendix XXI shows the excise shops and the revenue derived therefrom. The number of shops of country liquor was 23, of Bhang and Ganja 2 and of Opium 21. The increase in the revenue of country liquor is partly due to the higher bids for the contract at the auction and partly because of the recovery of arrears on that account of the previous year. The decrease in the revenue of Ganja and Bhang is due to the fact that the instalments for the Ijara amount to be paid by the contractor having been not due, the recovery thereof could not be made in the year under report and that in the last year some arrears of the preceding year were also recovered.

Exise shops & revenue.

96. The income of opium revenue was Rs 11224-2-4 against Rs 9822-2-8 in the previous year. The increase is due to the sale of a larger quantity of opium on the occasion of the Installation and marriages among cultivating classes of people.

Opium.

CHAPTER V.

97. Revenue and Finance—Appendix XXII B, shows the receipt and charges of the State as compared with the previous 4 years. The total receipts and expenditure in 1910-11 amounted to Rs 577547-14-9 and Rs 557837-10-10 against Rs 639956 6-9 and Rs 541680-13-11 respectively during the previous year.

Revenue and Finance.

98. The causes of increase and decrease under each Head are given below:—

Cause of increase and decrease.

RECEIPTS.

1. Land Revenue—It shows an increase of Rs 9748-4-8 in Vaje, sale of grass, Revenue fines, Kangari, proceeds from wood &c. and a corresponding decrease of Rs. 13098-3-4 in Vighoti, Vero, Nazarano, Masvadi, Salami and outstandings on account of past years' revenue. The increase is due to high rates of Vaje &c while the decrease in Vighoti &c is due to the Pasan crops being greatly damaged by frost.

2. Local Cess—The decrease of Rs 15277-0-7 was due to the non-levy of gadi vero which was recovered in the previous year under Sub Head Miscellaneous.

4. Opium Revenue—The increase of Rs 1401-15-8 under this Sub Head is due to the sale of a larger quantity of opium on account of His Highness's Installation and marriages among the cultivating and other classes.

5. Abkari Revenue—(including Bhang, Ganja &c) shows an increase of Rs 1710-11-4 in liquor & decrease of Rs 2349-9-7 in Bhang, Ganja and Bhan and in other farms.

6. Jama—It shows a decrease of Rs 418-5-3 which is due to the fact that the amount of the current year due from certain villages was recovered in the previous year.

7. Customs Receipts—The increase of Rs 21191-8-2 is due to the exportation of the last year's stock of grain the market rates whereof having been higher.

9. Judicial—The decrease of Rs 883-3-9 is due to the decrease in receipts from fees and fines and the cattle pound receipts.

13. Other receipts—The decrease of Rs 62826-7-8 is made as under:—

Rs. 3515-15-4...In interest. The interest on the Government Promissory notes was not received in time.

Rs. 19337-11-4...In miscellaneous recovery. No property belonging to H. H. the late Maji Saheb remained to be disposed of as was done in the previous year.

Rs. 46782—8-0...In Advances. The less advances were given during the year.

Total Rs. 69636-2-8

Less Deposit Rs. 6809-11-0...The increase is partly due to the fact that the Cheque for the cost of a carriage ordered from Bombay was issued but the proper address of the firm being not known it was returned and credited, and partly because of more money deposited on account of persons having died intestate & heirless.

Total Rs. 62826-7-8

14. Tagavi—The decrease of Rs. 1290-4-7 under this head does not seem to call for special explanation.

EXPENDITURE.

1. Darbar expenses—The expenses under this Head show a slight increase of Rs. 522-0-9 which calls for no explanation.

4. Administrative Establishment-The increase of Rs. 5564-4-6 is on account of the charges of pay and pension contributions of two Administrators who had the charge of the State in the beginning of the year.

7. Education-The increase of Rs. 3106-11-11 is due to the following:-

(1) The purchase of 2 life-size pictures of Their Imperial Majesties at a cost of Rs. 1262-8-0 and all volumes of Encyclopædia Britanica and other dead stock articles.

(2) The appointment of a qualified Head Master for the High School on higher pay.

(3) Deputation of Mr. Balashanker to the Male Training College Ahmedabad for retraining &c.

(4) Competitive scholarships.

8. Military-The increase of Rs. 1597-11-11 is due to the purchase of uniforms on the occasion of the Installation.

9. Police and Body guard-The increase of Rs. 1211-1-9 under this Head is due to the allowances paid during the absence of Mr. Bavamiyan the late City Fouzdar on long sick leave and the purchase of swords and uniforms for the Body Guard sowars at the time of Installation.

14. Minor Establishment-The increase of Rs. 11890-6-7 is due to the appointment of a Sarbhara Superintendent and his staff, the entertainment of a number of guests and the purchase of several articles on the occasion of the Installation.

18. Miscellaneous:-The decrease of Rs. 12435-1-4 is arrived at as under:-

The decrease in the Advances.....	Rs. 49775-15-5
Do Do in the Deposits.....	Rs. 1008--8-4
Total..	Rs, 50784--7-9
The increase on account of Installation charges.....	Rs. 35519--3-3.
The increase on account of engagement of Vakils in Boundary cases.....	Rs. 1058-10-4
The increase in grass cutting charges...	Rs. 1771-8-10
Total...	Rs. 38349--6-5
Difference of two totals...	Rs. 12435--1-4
	Rs. 50784--7-9

23. Tagavi-The increase of Rs. 2006-12-6 was on account of large sums advanced to the cultivators for purchase of bullocks, the year being bad.

General Remarks.

99. The year opened with the balance of Rs. 521037-12-10 including the invested balance of Rs. 400000/- at 3½ p. c. Government Promissory Notes and the closing balance amounted to Rs. 5,40,748-0-9 including invested balance of Government Promissory Notes of the above value and Nadiad Spinning Weaving Company's share of Rs. 1000/-

CHAPTER VI.

Hospitals and Dispensaries.

100. The number of Hospitals and Dispensaries remain the same as last year.

Vaccination.

101. The following table shows the work done, by the Vaccinators whose work is annually inspected by the Chief Medical Officer. The results are nearly the same as those of the last year, but the people fully understand the advantages derived therefrom.

Year.	Primary Vaccination.				Revaccination.			
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Successful.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Successful.
1909-10	1223	1157	2380	2321	4	0	4	3
1910-11	1173	1250	2423	2363	15	4	19	12

Medical Statistics.

102 Appendix XXIII shows the amount of Medical aid afforded in Hospitals and Dispensaries, 26 Major and 346 Minor operations were performed during the year as against 23 and 465 respectively in the previous year, and the indoor and outdoor patients and the average daily attendance were 127, 16594 and 251.05 against 138, 17001 and 281.93 respectively in the previous year. The numbers of indoor and outdoor patients show a decrease on the whole and the total expenditure amounted to Rs. 11745-11-11 against Rs 11936-13-3 in the previous year.

Cauae of increase and decrease in the number of patients.

103. As compared with the previous year there was a decrease in the number of indoor-patients in both the Hospitals and out-door patients of all dispensaries except the Sultana Jahan and D. J. Female Hospitals. The increase in the latter is reported to be mainly due to the outbreak of Malarial fever and skin diseases.

104. The number of patients treated at the State Hospitals and Dispensaries in majority of cases were Radhanpur subjects and a few neighbours residing in the Agency villages.

The number of patients treated.

105. Mr. J. Monteath the then Administrator visited the Female and S. J. Hospitals on 26th April and 8th June 1910 respectively and was satisfied with what he saw.

Administrator's visit to Hospitals.

106. The vital statistics are shown in Appendix XXIV. The number of births and deaths shows an increase of 719 and 401 respectively when compared with figures of the previous year.

Vital statistics-births and deaths

107. There was neither indigenous nor imported cases of plague during the year under report. The inspection of persons coming from plague infected places was continued as a precautionary measure.

No indigenous or imported cases of plague during the year.

CHAPTER VII.

108. Appendix XXV shows particulars of schools maintained by the State. The number of schools was the same as in the previous year, viz 23. The total number of pupils at the end of the year shows a decrease of 16 boys in the Radhanpur High School and increase of 63 boys in the Vernacular Schools. The average daily attendance shows an increase of 7 in the High School and 33 in the Vernacular Schools. Looking into the details, the Radhanpur Taluka School shows an increase of 28, Kukarana of 7, the Radhanpur Girls' School of 3, Sami Girls' School of 1, and 7 other village schools show an aggregate increase of 13, whereas the Sami Taluka School, the Urdu School and 6 other village schools show a decrease of 2,4 and 13 respectively. The average attendance in the Radhanpur Taluka School and Kukrana School shows marked increase.

Statistics of schools.

109. The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 13227-10-8 against Rs. 10120-14-9 in the previous year, the increase being mostly due to the appointment of a qualified Head Master in the Radhanpur High School, deputation of Mr. Balashanker Harjiwan to the Male Training College Ahmedabad for retraining, grant of monthly scholarships to the different students passing the Middle and Special and High and Special Schools Competitive Examinations held in September last, and purchase of all volumes of Encyclopædia Britanica for the High School.

110. The Competitive Examination was introduced to help the backward classes of population and encourage education generally.

The Competitive Examination.

111. One Assistant Master of the Radhanpur Taluka School was sent to the P. R. Male Training College Ahmedabad for further study.

112. Out of 4 students at the Baroda Kala Bhuvan one studying in Architecture had passed in his final Examination last year, and the other studying in Mechanical Engineering Class there passed in his Third Year's Course this year and the remaining two have not yet completed their final course.

113. The abolition of fees and the organization of Competitive Examination appears to have given some impetus to English and Vernacular education.

114. The status of the Middle School was raised to that of a High School and the 6th Standard Class having been already opened, the 7th Standard Class is expected to be formed by about the November next.

The status of the Middle School was raised to that of a High School.

115. The Results of the Annual Examination were stated to be on the whole satisfactory.

116. His Highness the Nawab Saheb in company with his Adviser Mr. Monteath I. C. S. visited the Sami Taluka and Girls' Schools on 18th February 1911, distributed prizes both to girls and boys and expressed satisfaction with the way in which the schools were managed.

117. It is still impossible to say much in praise of the State of Education in this State which is so isolated that its subjects are expected to remain very backward unless ample opportunities and facilities for improving their literary condition are given locally. The idea of making Education free in the State and introducing Competitive Scholarships were of course well intended and some advantages from it are evident. However the sign of increased interest on the part of the people is not observed and the number of Mahomedan students attending the schools has remained stationary. The efficient working of the Educational Department depends much upon the capacity of the employes thereof with very few exceptions, the teachers are unqualified and the results of their teaching in majority of schools are not such as would encourage and induce others to send their children for tuition. It is therefore contemplated to replace these teachers by qualified hands gradually after the financial condintion of the State has permitted.

CHAPTER VIII.

118. Records:-The work of sorting and classifying old records is in progress as in the previous year.

Indexiug of old records.

119. Horse breeding—8 mares were covered by the State Stallion during the year under report.

Horse-breeding.

120. Libraries: —There are two Libraries one at Radhanpur and the other at Sami. Both the libraries are maintained by public subscriptions and a handsome grant from the State and managed by the Managing Committee appointed with the approval of the State.

Libraries at Radhanpur & Sami.

121. The then Administrator Mr. Monteath visited the Bismillakhan Library at Radhanpur on 27-7-1910 and was pleased to endorse that it was well and systematically kept.

122. The Committee acting under the direction of the Head of the State which is noted for its unflinching loyalty to the British Government, it was thought that the registration of the Library under rules communicated by the Political Agent, as per his No. 2433 dated 12-4-1910 was neither necessary nor desirable (vide Huzur Office No. 627 dated 17th July 1910).

123. Pig—During the year under report 434 pigs were killed against 232 in the previous year and the usual rewards at the rate of Re. 1 per head were continued to be paid as before. But these animals are still found in numbers and the damage they cause is great.

Destruction of pig.

Sd/ J. Monteath.

Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.

Radhanpur State.

Radhanpur.

September 1911.

APPENDIX I.

Names of high officials in the Radhanpur State and Residency officials showing changes in personcel during the year 1910-1911.

Name of officer.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From.	To.	
Mr. Chandulal Harilal Thakore.	Revenue Assistant.	1-4-1910	31-3-1911	Directly employed.
Mr. D. J. Baldev. B. A. L. L. B.	Sar Nyayadhish.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Manchharam Asharam Bhatt.	Chief Medical Officer & ex-officio Jail Superintendent	,,	18-11-1910	
	Private Secretary & Palace Doctor.	19-11-1910	31-3-1911	,,
Mr. S. C. Shahiar.	Police Superintendent.	1-4-1910	,,	,,
Mr. Jaysukhram Laxmiram Parghi.	Treasury Officer.	,,	,,	Services lent by Kathiawar Education Funds
Mr. Hargovind M. Doshi.	Head Master High School	20-2-1911	,,	Directly employed
Mr. Gajanan Laxman Godbole. L. M. & S.	Assistant Medical Officer	1-4-1910	23-11-1911	,,
	Chief Medical Officer & ex-officio Jail Superintendent.	24-11-1910	31-3-1911	,,
Mr. Husseinmiyan Mahmodmyan Syed.	Surbhara Superintendant & Jamdarkhana Officer	10-12-1910	,,	,,
Mr. Mahomed Ahesankhan.	Head Overseer P. W. D.	1-4-1910	,,	,,
Mr. Harilal Kikabhai Mehta.	Municipal Secretary	,,	6-2-1911	
	Head Clerk Huzur Office.	7-2-1911	31-3-1911	,,

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Sahe
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX II.

List of Laws in force in the Radhanpur State.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
1 The Indian Penal Code Act XLV of 1860	yes.		
2 The Criminal Procedure Code Act V of 1898.	,,		
3 The Civil Procedure Code Act XIV of 1882 as amended by Acts VI, VII & X of 1888 and Act VIII of 1890, Act VI of 1892 until 31st December 1908 and Act V of 1908 from 1st January 1909	,,		
4 The Contract Act IX of 1872.	,,		
5 The Law on Evidence Act I of 1872.	,,	Amendments applied by Notification No. 12 dated 16 September 1908	
6 The Opium Act I of 1878.	,,		
7 The Salt Act II of 1890.	,,		
8 The Succession Certificate Act VII of 1889.	,,		
9 The Bombay District Police Act IV of 1890 as amended by Act III of 1898.	,,		
10 The Bombay Village Police Act VIII of 1867 as amended by Act I of 1876.	,,		
11 The Hindu Law.	,,	Nil.	
12 The Mahomedan Law.	,,	,,	
13 The Court Fee Act III of 1896.	,,	,,	Adapted with modifications from similar Acts in force in British India.
14 The Limitation Act II of 1896.	,,	,,	Do- Do- Do-
15 The Explosive Act.	,,	,,	Do- introduced in 1902
16 The Registration Act.	,,	,,	Do- Do- in 1892
17 The Arms Act.	,,	,,	Do- Do- in 1904
18 The Game Rules of 1908.	,,	,,	Do- Do- in 1908 by Notification No. 6 dated 1-6-1908.
19 The Explosive Substances Rules of 1908.	,,	,,	Do- Do- in 1908 by Notification No. 11 dated 16-9-1908.
20 The Press & Registration of Books Act XXV of 1867.	,,	yes.	Do- Do- in 1910 by Notification No. 855 dated 27-8-1910.
21 The Indian Press Act I of 1910.	,,	,,	Do- Do- Do-

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Radhanpur State, 1910–1911.

Arm of Service.	No. of fighting officers and men.						Details of force at end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties. Died.	Invalided.	Discharged deserted, etc.	At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments Battalions or Batteries	Number of guns.	Number of men. European Commissioned officers.	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cavalry	25	5	1	1	9	19	Bodyguard sowars	0	0	1	1	17	8682-9-10	
Sappers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0-0-0	
Artillery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17†	0	0	0	0	0-0-0	† Out of these only 2 are serviceable & used for firing salutes.
Infantry	76	7	2	0	6	75	Paltan	0	0	1	16	58	11843-8-6	
Band	20	3	0	0	5	18	Band	0	0	1	1	16		
Imperial Service Troops...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total ...	121	15	3	1	20	112	0	17	0	3	18	91	Rs 20526-2-4	

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline, and education of the Police, in the Radhanpur State for the year 1910-1911.

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Police Superintendent...	1	150+20=170	2011-15-6	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
Police Inspector ...	1	40+10=50	545-8-9	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
Chief Constables ...	2	30+5=35	734-3-1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
Chief Constables ...	2	25+5=30	692-7-6	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
Chief Constable ...	1	20+5=25	300-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Head Constables ...	3	15+5=20	454-3-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	
Havaldars	2	14	336-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Havaldars	2	13	324-14-0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	
Nayaks	2	12	287-3-7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Nayaks	3	11	396-0-0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
Nayaks	6	10	697-8-6	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
Constables	26	9	2745-13-0	0	2	0	0	0	5	0	
Constables	41	8	3817-7-9	0	13	0	0	1	9	0	
Constables	61	7	4877-6-1	0	21	0	0	0	16	0	
Drill Instructor ...	1	6	72-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Daffedar	1	30	360-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Daffedar	1	23	276-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Daffedar	1	22	264-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Sowars	22	21	5570-9-9	0	3	0	0	0	9	0	
Sowars	26	20	6167-4-10	0	4	0	5	0	6	0	
Camel Sowars	14	14	2291-8-7	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	
Bhoin-Bargirs	2	7 & 6	101-12-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total ...	221	2867	33323-14-11	0	45	0	7	3	62	0	

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1910–1911.

Name of State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged		Percentage of convictions (columns 4 & 5).		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1909–10	1910–11	1909–10	1910–11	1909–10	1910–11	1909–10	1910–11	1909–10	1910–11	1909–10	1910–11	1909–10	1910–11	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Radhanpur.	292	244	223	143	181	119	107	62	65	49	58.46	43.35	65.02	52.10	

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and recovered in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1910-1911.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries to property stolen.		Remarks.
	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	
Radhanpur. ...	Rs. A. P. 7826-9-8	Rs. A. P. 21101-4-8	Rs. A. P. 4753-0-9	Rs. A. P. 13449-4-11	60.73	63.74	

J. Monteath.
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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1910-1911.

Serial number.	Description of offences.	Number of offences.			No. of cases disposed of during past year.	No. of cases disposed of during present year.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Term of imprisonment.										Accused awaiting trial.	Cases awaiting trial.	Remarks.
		Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					*Imprisonment only.* Simple.	*Imprisonment only.* Rigorous.	*Imprisonment and fine.* Simple.	*Imprisonment and fine.* Rigorous.	Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years	Transportation.	Capital punishment.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
	Chapter VIII.																															
1	Offences against public tranquility Secs. 143, 160, ...	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter IX.																															
2	Offences by or relating to public servants.	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter X.																															
3	Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants ...	1	5	6	21	4	15	12	0	0	0	0	12	0	12	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XI.																															
4	False Evidence and offences against public justice. ...	0	1	1	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
	Chapter XII.																															
5	Offences relating to Coin and Government stamps ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	Chapter XIII.																																
6	Offences relating to weights and measures...	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XIV.																																
7	Offences affecting the public health, safety- convenience, decency and morals	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XV.																																
8	Offences relating to religion ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XVI.																																
9	Offences affecting the Human body,.																																
	1 Murder	0	3	3	0	1	5	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	1			
	2 Attempt to commit murder-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	3 Culpable homicide, ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	(3) Causing death by negligence.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	4 Attempt to commit suicide...	0	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	5 Causing miscarriage. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	6 Causing hurt (voluntarily)...	4	74	78	73	64	155	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	149	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1			
	7 Causing grievous hurt. ...	0	3	3	9	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1			

8	Wrongful restraint & confinement	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Criminal force & assault- ...	3	43	46	9	10	39	6	0	0	0	0	6	0	6	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(9)	Offences of abduction or Kidnapping	2	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Rape	0	4	4	1	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(10)	Unnatural offences ...	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XVII.																																	
	Offences against property																																	
1	Theft.	3	134	137	84	40	72	45	4	11	2	16	12	0	45	27	0	0	21	8	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	4			
2	Extortion	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1			
3	Robbery.	0	1	1	4	1	2	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
4	Dacoity.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
5	Murder in dacoity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
6	Receiving of stolen property	1	6	7	6	3	7	3	0	2	0	1	0	0	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
7	Criminal misappropriation of property	0	1	1	2	1	2	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
8	Cheating	0	2	2	6	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
9	Mischief	0	19	19	10	11	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
10	Criminal trespass	0	5	5	7	4	25	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
11	House trespass	0	31	31	5	3	3	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
12	Criminal breach of trust ...	2	9	11	5	8	8	4	0	0	0	1	3	0	4	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1			
	Chapter XVIII.																																	
11	Offence relating to documents &c.	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1			

	Chapter XX.																														
12	**Offences relating to marriage...**	2	2	4	3	2	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXI.																														
13	**Offences of defamation. ...**	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXII.																														
14	Criminal intimidation, insult & annoyance.	4	57	61	19	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXIII.																														
15	Attempt to commit offences...	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Chapter VIII of Cri. P. C. Secs. 109–110	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Chapter XII Cri. P. C. Secs. 145–147	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	District Police Act. V. of 1867	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Cattle trespass Act. I 1871 ...	0	2	2	9	2	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Opium Act I 1878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Abkari Act. V 1878 ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Gambling Act. IV 1887 ...	0	1	1	1	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Salt Act. II 1890... ...	0	1	1	0	1	4	4	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Arms Act...	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	Miscellaneous.	0	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total ..	25	414	439	307	174	388	97	6	15	8	25	43	0	97	296	0	0	32	10	5	2	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	16	11

J. Monteath.
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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1910-1911.

Name of court.	No. of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year 1910-1911.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of 1909-1910	Brought to trial in 1910-1911					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Persons died, escaped or transferred.		
	1909-1910	1910-1911		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	1909-1910	1910-1911							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Huzur court, ...	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	
Sar Nyayadhish	258	57	8	14	2	59	4	1	211	88	4	70	14	0	0	0	
Revenue Assistant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Radhanpur 1st Class Magistrate	86	210	9	76	4	41	0	0	168	130	36	51	33	0	0	10	
Sami-Munjpur 1st Class Magistrate. ...	177	117	4	34	19	99	0	0	213	156	21	90	39	0	0	6	
Palodhan 3rd Class Magistrate ...	20	30	0	5	0	25	0	5	14	35	3	21	11	0	0	0	
Radhanpur Do. Do. ...	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sami Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Munjpur Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total. ..	545	415	21	130	25	224	4	6	614	410	64	232	98	0	0	16	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1910-1911.

Number.	Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.															
			Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered.		Pending.		Remarks.
					Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed										
			Persons	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	
1	Huzur Court	10	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	5	
2	Sar Nyayadhish ...	17	0	0	9	9	5	5	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Revenue Assistant.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Total ...	27	6	4	9	9	5	5	4	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	5	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX X.

Civil Work——Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in the Radhanpur State during the year 1910-1911.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance		Filed during the year Received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year		Closing balance.		Suits Filed in 1910-1911							Suits disposed of in 1910-1911							Remarks.
		1909-1910	1910-1911	1909-1910	1910-1911	1909-1910	1910-1911	1909-1910	1910-1911	1909-1910	1910-1911	Value.	Suits re-landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs 100 & under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 & under Rs. 1000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1000& under Rs. 5000	No. of suits above Rs. 5000	Ex-parte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	9			10					11					12	13
												Rs. a. p.													Rs. a. p.	y. m. d.	
	Sar Nyayadhish																										
1	Regular suits	0	1	2	3	2	4	1	2	1	2	4185 0 0	1	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	1785-0-0	0 7 12	
	Small cause suits ...	0	0	0	56	0	56	0	54	0	2	781 7 3	0	56	0	56	0	0	0	0	2	22	3	27	756-7-3	0 1 9	
2	Radhanpur Munsiff.																										
	Regular suits... ...	47	45	138	132	185	177	140	88	45	89	11377 5 0	6	122	4	101	30	1	0	0	0	55	9	24	5006-8-9	0 1 26	
	Small cause suits ...	5	2	88	32	93	34	91	34	2	0	527 5 0	0	32	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	24	2	8	527-5-0	0 0 24	
3	Sami-Munjpur Munsiff.																										
	Regular suits.. ...	25	45	129	161	154	206	109	185	45	21	13053 0 11	1	157	3	131	29	1	0	0	10	52	27	96	16253-15-0	0 2 13	
	Small cause suits ..	1	13	124	77	125	90	112	90	13	0	926 11 10	0	77	0	77	0	0	0	0	8	18	28	36	1072-10-10	0 1 17	
	Total																										
	Regular suits ...	72	91	269	29	341	387	250	275	91	112	28615 5 11	8	281	7	233	59	2	2	0	10	107	36	122	23045 7-9	0 2 9	
	Small cause suits ...	6	15	212	165	218	180	203	178	15	2	2235 8 1	0	165	0	165	0	0	0	0	10	64	33	71	2356-7-1	0 1 10	
	Grand Total.. ...	78	106	481	461	559	567	453	453	106	114	30850 14 0	8	446	7	398	59	2	2	0	20	171	69	193	25401-14-10	0 1 27	

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APPENDIX XI.

Civil Work—Results of applications for execution of decrees.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of,			Remarks.
	1909-10	1910-11		1909-10	1910-11	Value for present year.	1909-10	1910-11	Value for present year.	1909-10	1910-11	Value for present year.	1909-10	1910-11	Value for present year.	Below 6 months	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
Sar Nyayadhish.	1	0	0	0	3	51-4-3	1	3	51-4-3	1	3	51-4-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Radhanpur Munsiff	56	60	4896-6-5	87	88	3801-10-8	143	148	8698-1-1	83	82	6767-6-1	60	66	1930-11-0	63	3	0	
Sami-Munjpur Munsiff ...	29	39	3118-4-3	76	92	6275-11-2	105	131	9393-15-5	66	118	8114-5-10	39	13	1279-9-7	5	3	5	
Total... ...	86	99	8014-10-8	163	183	10128-10-1	249	282	18143-4-9	150	203	14933-0-2	99	79	3210-4-7	68	6	5	

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Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XII.

Civil Work—Number and results of appeals in Civil Suits in the Radhanpur State during the year 1910-1911.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during		How disposed of.								Average duration.						Remarks.
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		1909-1910			1910-1911			
	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.	
Huzur Court ...	0	1	4	2	4	3	3	2	1	1	708-1-8	370-0-0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	9	2	
Sar Nyayadhish ...	0	0	13	20	13	20	13	17	0	3	1228-14-11	2298-3-8	4	3	2	3	6	5	0	5	1	1	0	2	26	0	4	12	
Total...	0	1	17	22	17	23	16	19	1	4	1937-0-7	2668-3-8	6	5	3	3	6	5	0	5	1	1	0	3	8	0	4	27	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Radhanpur State during the year 1910 1911.

Stations.	No. of prisons.	No. of prisoners.				Daily Average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total Cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.							
				1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11				
Radhanpur	1	21	120	190	141	20.68	16.41	13		22.95	Nil.
Sami	1	4	38	78	42	4.44	2.46	7		36.47	
Munjpur	1	0	20	0	20	0	0.54	0		19.2	
Balodhan	1	0	12	13	12	0.03	0.15	0		4.36	
Total. ...	4	25	190	281	215	25.15	19.56	20		24.30	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XIV.

Registration of documents in the Radhanpur State during the year 1910-1911

Names of State Courts.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money-bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Sar Nyayadhish ...	4	1	0	0	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	4	1	6820-0-0	2000-0-0	0	0	0	0	
Radhanpur Munsiff...	87	101	62	81	3	0	11	12	4	2	7	6	87	101	23751-9-9	14087-0-0	0	0	0	0	
Sami-Munjpur—Munsiff	12	10	7	3	0	0	3	1	0	0	2	6	12	10	1577-0-0	691-8-0	0	0	0	0	
Total ...	103	112	69	84	4	0	17	14	4	2	9	12	103	112	32148-9-9	16778-8-0	0	0	0	0	

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XV.

Statement shewing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration in the Radhanpur State during the year 1910-1911

Description.	1909-1910							1910-1911							Remarks.
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			No. of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			
					Rs.	as.	ps.					Rs.	as.	ps.	
Radhanpur State	103	32148	9	9	646	0	3	112	16778	8	0	430	5	0	
Deduct expenditure	0	0	0	0	27	9	0	0	0	0	0	29	15	0	
Net profit.	0	0	0	0	618	7	3	0	0	0	0	400	6	0	

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb,
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XVI.

Receipts and Expenditure of the Municipalities in the Radhanpur State during the year 1910–1911.

Name.	Opening balance on 1st April.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 31st March.	Remarks.
		1909–1910	1910–1911		1909–1910	1910–1911		
Radhanpur Municipality.	3928–2–10	9289–6–5	9800–10–11	13728–13–9	11164–14–7	11594–0–1	2134–13–8	
Sami Municipality.	0	286–7–4	415–12–3	415–12–3	2082–9–10	1707–4–9	0	
Munjpur Municipality.	0	131–4–2	136–14–9	136–14–9	362–5–10	393–11–0	0	
Total	3928–2–10	9707–1–11	10353–5–11	14281–8–9	13609–14–3	13694–15–10	2134–13–8	

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Navab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XVII.

Statement of rainfall in the Radhanpur State during the year 1910-1911

State.	April 1910	May 1910	June 1910	July 1910	August 1910	September 1910	October 1910	November 1910	December 1910	January 1911	February 1911	March 1911	Total.	Total of previous year.	Average of past 5 years.	Remarks.
1 Radhanpur	0	0	5.0	2.18	11.76	0.37	0	0	0	0	0	0.77	20.8	22.13	24.60	
2 Sami	0.25	0	9.29	4.26	7.26	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0.59	21.76	22.72	27.19	
3 Munjp r	0	0	3.87	4.6	9-99	0	0.5	0	0	0	0	0.83	18.80	24.1	29.43	
4 Kuvar	0	0	2.22	5.14	7.85	0,40	0	0	0	0	0	0.66	16.27	19.86	27.44	
5 Balodhan	0	0	0.83	4.3	9.11	0.85	0	0	0	0	0	0.61	15.43	22.11	22.56	

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XVIII.

Statement showing prices of staple food-grains in the Radhanpur State.

Articles.	Rate per maund during March 1910. Rs. as. ps.	Rate per maund during March 1911. Rs. as. ps.	Remarks.
Wheat	1 11 0	1—9—0	
Bajri.	1 9 0	1—8—0	
Mag.	1 5 0	1—10—0	
Gram.	1 5 0	1—9—0	
Adad.	1 9 0	1—9—0	
Banti	0 14 0	1—0—0	
Math	1 2 0	1—5—0	
Guvar.	1 2 0	1—4—0	
Juwari.	1 2 0	1—2—0	
Chhasto.	1 5 0	1—3—0	
Jav.	0 15 0	0—15—0	

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works, in the Radhanpur State during the year 1910-1911.

Description of work.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Totals.	
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. as. ps.	
Buildings	197-4-8	21861-9-9	22058-14-5	0	0	0	22058-14-5	
Roads....	0	1673-11-3	1673-11-3	0	0	0	1673-11-3	
Wells and tanks	0	2606-15-3	2606-15-3	0	0	0	2606-15-3	
Miscellaneous	0	0	4365-2-10 *	0	0	0	4365-2-10	* Establishment and other charges.
Total Expenditure for 1910-1911...	197-4-8	26142-4-3	30704-11-9 §	0	0	0	30704-11-9	
-Do- for 1909-1910 ...	380-0-0	23985-9-3	28705-10-9	0	0	0	28705-10-9	§ Includes Rs. 3641-13-7 establishment & other charges.

J. Monteath,
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural Stock in the Radhanpur State during the year 1910–1911

District.	Year.	Horses and cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes. Male.	Buffaloes. Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
Radhanpur State	1910–11	14828	20612	2024	7407	296	492	162	2867	78603	7097	0	356	2998	

J. Monteath,
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXI.

Statement showing the Excise shops and Excise revenue of the Radhanpur State, during the year 1910-1911.

Name of State.		Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Bhang.		Total,		Remakrs.
		Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Radhanpur	1909-10	26	1922-10-6	24	9822-2-8	2	1380-0-0	0	0	52	13124-13-2	
	1910-11	23	3633-5-10	21	11224-2-4	2	664-0-0	0	0	46	15521-8-2	

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX. XXII. B.

Particulars of Receipts and Expenditure of the Radhanpur State

for the year 1910-1911.

No.	Items.	1906-1907			1907-1908			1908-1909			1909-1910			1910-1911		
	Receipts.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.
	Opening balance AA ...	191902	9	7	179387	4	7	222219	3	1	422762	4	0	521037	12	10
1	Land Revenue...	302484	15	5	296846	6	5	324429	6	11	308447	2	0	305097	3	4
2	Local Cess	20462	12	11	22777	2	1	46705	2	6	27779	3	2	12502	2	7
3	Sale proceeds of land... ...	181	13	6	199	8	0	42	0	0	116	7	4	65	4	0
4	Opium Revenue	7951	6	11	6682	9	0	11927	7	6	9822	2	8	11224	2	4
5	Abkari Revenue (including Bhang, Ganja. &c.)	6823	5	4	10028	4	3	9569	1	1	11524	12	2	10885	13	11
6	Jama, &c. from surrounding Talukdars, ...	2451	2	1	2259	13	2	2109	9	7	1804	10	7	1386	5	4
7	Customs Receipts	117239	13	11	80239	13	9	87107	2	9	69536	8	3	90728	0	5
8	Forests	824	2	1	681	11	11	796	8	7	814	8	11	719	6	5
9	Judicial (including Stamps)...	10521	13	7	8821	13	11	10236	9	0	10627	1	9	9743	14	0
10	Education (Fees &c.)... ...	632	2	2	67	12	9	8	8	0	18	14	9	17	13	9
11	Guaranteed Rights	11048	0	0	11047	6	0	11048	0	0	11048	0	0	11048	0	0
12	Extraordinary Receipts ...	811	14	8	48	12	4	294	0	6	275	7	11	105	1	8
13	Other Receipts *	133251	11	9	102754	8	1	196053	15	2	181251	12	11	118425	5	3
14	Tagavi	30077	13	11	23143	0	11	19622	7	4	6889	10	4	5599	5	9
	Total ...	644813	0	3	565598	10	7	719949	14	11	639956	6	9	577547	14	9
	Grand Total ...	836715	9	10	744985	15	2	942169	2	0	1062718	10	9	1098585	11	7
	Expenditure.															
1	Darbar Expenses	80005	11	8	147926	15	11	124331	6	6	118634	2	4	119156	3	1
2	Tribute	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Extraordinary Charges... ...	1087	11	9	6447	7	6	58	12	1	0	0	0	312	12	11
4	Administrative (Establishment)	30885	14	11	24204	3	2	21847	2	7	26101	5	10	31665	10	4
5	Revenue Department... ...	29083	4	10	27701	12	8	33568	3	5	35051	15	8	35313	15	9
6	Judicial Department	11742	9	10	7312	5	8	7581	3	6	7821	13	8	7743	6	4
7	Educational Department ...	9334	2	8	9506	8	3	9301	12	11	10120	14	9	13227	10	8
8	Military (Sirbandi) Paltan ...	8057	6	3	9202	2	9	11170	12	2	10245	12	7	11843	8	6
9	Police and Body guard ...	52735	7	0	63988	7	5	55854	15	9	55720	6	2	56931	7	11
10	Jail	2470	10	5	2285	8	2	2233	5	10	2308	0	0	2053	0	3
11	Dispensary (includiug Vaccination)	13105	1	11	12911	7	11	11655	5	4	11936	13	3	11745	11	11
12	Forest Department	9039	15	9	8126	4	6	7741	14	3	8333	1	11	9427	0	1
13	Public Works(including Repairs)	25287	8	2	20291	2	0	18863	4	8	28705	10	9	30704	11	9
14	Minor Establisnment ‡ ...	23570	6	9	26541	3	0	13146	4	7	12510	0	1	24400	6	8
15	Dharmada (Devasthan) ...	14586	14	7	14176	11	3	15413	2	11	13732	7	4	13227	9	7
16	Guaranteed Rights	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Paid in liquidation of Debts...	214249	0	11	5878	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Miscellaneous †	128644	15	11	134838	1	0	185165	11	11	196196	7	1	183761	5	9
19	Nazarana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Purchase of Land	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Remission and Refunds ...	1322	11	9	236	11	7	132	7	7	317	3	8	371	10	0
22	Relief Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Tagavi	2118	10	2	1191	10	0	1341	0	0	3944	10	10	5951	7	4
	Total ...	657328	5	3	522766	12	1	519406	14	0	541680	13	11	557837	10	10
	Closing balance ...	179387	4	7	222219	3	1	422762	4	0	521037	12	10	540748	0	9
	Grand Total ...	836715	9	10	744985	15	2	942169	2	0	1062718	10	9	1098585	11	7

* Includes receipts from Interest, Miscellaneous Receipts, Deposits, & Advances except Tagavi.

‡ Includes Survey aud Boundary, Bardashi or Guest Dept, & Municipal charges.

† Includes Political charges, charg s for grass subsequently adjusted, Misc; & Unforeseen charges, Deposits and Adavnces other than Tagavi.

J. Monteath.

Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb

Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1910-1911.

Serial No.	Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.			Results of in-door patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.			Remarks.
		In-door.	Out-door.	Total.	Discharged.	Absented	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		In-door	Out-door	Total.	
1	Sultana Jahan Hospital	85	7384	7469	74	5	2	4		5.26	117.13	122.39	
2	Diamond Jubilee Female Hospital, ...	42	2861	2903	22	15	1	4		2.75	51.05	53.80	
3	Sami Disp nsary.	0	3090	3090	0	0	0	0	11745-11-11	0	37.08	37.08	
4	Munjpur Dispensary	0	967	967	0	0	0	0		0	10.43	10.43	
5	Kuvar Dispensary, ...	0	1371	1371	0	0	0	0		0	14.48	14.48	
6	Balodhan Dispensary	0	921	921	0	0	0	0		0	12.87	12.87	
	Total. ...	127	16594	16721	96	20	3	8		8.01	243 04	251.05	

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb,
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Radhanpur State, for the year 1910-1911.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of Population.				Remarks.
										Births.		*Deaths.*		
		1909-10	1910-11			1909-10	1910-11			1909-10	1910-11	1909-10	1910-11	
Radhanpur City..	10094	202	220	18	0	436	433	0	3	19.55	21.81	42.21	42.49	9881
Radhanpur Mahal	19060	193	463	270	0	172	297	125	0	10.13	24.23	8.3	15.58	19226
Sami Mahal	12900	215	393	178	0	201	307	106	0	16.85	30.46	15.59	23.79	12986
Munjpur Mahal	14572	161	367	206	0	114	249	135	0	11.8	25.18	7.84	17.08	14690
B. lodhan Mahal...	3537	104	151	47	0	27	65	38	0	30.5	42.69	7 79	18.37	3 23
Total ...	60163	875	1594	719	0	950	1351	404	3	14.52	26.49	15.77	22.45	60406

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXV.

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Radhanpur State, during the year 1910-1911.

No. of Schools.		Description of Schools.	No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
1909-1910	1910-1911		1909-1910	1910-1911	1909-1910	1910-1911	High School.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	Radhanpur High School	138	122	95.14	102.46	3705.-2-2	0		
2	3	Radhanpur, Sami and Munjpur Taluka Schools...	388	470	301	327	0	0	† 9522-8-6	† This includes inspection charges of the Deputy Educational Inspector Palanpur.
17	16	Village Schools	288	305	214	221	0	0		
1	1	Urdu School	107	65	75	71	0	0		
2	2	Girls' Shools.	139	145	84	88	0	0		
23	23	Total.	1060	1107	769.14	809.46	3705-2-2	0	9522-8-6	13227-10-8

J. Monteath.
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

Annual Administration Report of the Radhanpur State for the year 1911-12.

CHAPTER I.

1. *General and Political*—The State of Radhanpur is bounded on the North by Varani, Bhabhar and Terwada, on the East by Terwada, Kankrej and Patan District of His Highness the Gaekwar, on the South by Vanod, Dasada and Jhinjuwada, and on the West by the Runn and Warahi.

Boundaries

2. Its area is 1150 square miles, it contains 158 villages with a population of 65567 souls according to the Census of 1911 and a gross revenue on the average of 5 years of Rs. 4,34,747. The State pays no tribute to the British Government or to any State, but receives an annual Jama aggregating to Rs. 1711-15-7 from 8 villages of Chhadchat and Santalpur, 1 of Warahi, 4 of Jhinjuwada, 4 of Vanod and Dasada. The State has a share in the Revenues of Unadi under Warahi and in the octroi duties levied in Terwada for the collection of which a Nakedar is stationed there.

Area, villages, population and Revenue.

3. The relations with the frontier States and Talukas continue to be friendly.

Relations with adjoining States.

4. In accordance with the Government Resolution No. 1206 dated 6-2-1912 Mr. Monteath I. C. S. the late Adviser to His Highness the Nawab Saheb was granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for sixteen months which he availed himself of from 1st February 1912.

Mr. Monteath I. C. S. on leave.

By Government Resolution No. 2451 dated 15th March 1912 the services of Lt. L E. Lang I A. S. were lent to the Radhanpur State for employment vice Mr. J. Monteath I. C. S. for a period of one year from 1st February 1912.

Appointment of Lt. L. E. Lang as Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.

5. The marriage of His Highness the Nawab was celebrated in Radhanpur on the 20th June 1911 in the presence of a large gathering of Bhayats, Sirdars, friends and State officials.

Marriage of His Highness.

All State offices and schools were closed from the 12th to the 27th June and the period was observed as one of general rejoicing throughout the State.

The guests present included Thakore Takhatsinhji of Katosan, K. S. Devisinhji and K. S. Savaisinhji of Jamnagar K. S. Zabardastkhan of Palanpur and representatives of Baroda and other leading States of the Bombay Presidency.

Coronation of His Majesty the King Emperor in England.

6. June 21st and 22nd were observed as holidays throughout the State in honour of the Coronation of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor.

In the morning of the 22nd a parade of the State forces was held and a salute of 101 guns fired. An address in Gujarati giving an account of the life of His Imperial Majesty and a history of the British Raj was read out by all Head Masters in their respective schools and sweetmeats and food given to the school children and poor of the State.

Delhi Durbar.

7. On the 29th November His Highness the Nawab accompanied by his Adviser Mr. J. Monteath and leading Sirdars and Officials of the State proceeded by a special train to Delhi to be present at the celebration of the coronation of Their Imperial Majesties The King Emperor and Queen Empress.

His Highness took part in the State Entry and Imperial Durbar held on Tuesday the 12th December 1911 and was also present at the State Dinner and Reception.

The 2nd to the 5th December inclusive were observed as public holidays to celebrate the arrival of Their Imperial Majesties in Bombay and the 7th to the 12th December in honour of the celebrations in Delhi.

At midday on the 12th December 1911 a Durbar was held in the big Kacheri Hall by Suba Nadealikhanji, which was attended by the Sirdars and officials of the State.

The Royal Proclamation was read out in the Durbar and in the villages of the State and a royal salute of 101 guns fired in Radhanpur.

On the evening of the 12th December all State buildings, dwelling houses and business premises of private persons were decorated and illuminated. The poor were fed, sweetmeats and medals were distributed to the school children and a display of fireworks given to mark this most auspicious occasion.

Wednesday the 10th January 1912 being the day of departure of Their Imperial Majesties from Bombay was observed as a public holiday throughout the State.

Celebration of the Birthday of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor.

8. The birthday of His Imperial Majesty was celebrated on the 3rd June 1911 with the usual ceremonies.

9. His Highness the Nawab attended the Gujarat Meeting held at Bhandu on the 16th April 1911 and was fortunate enough to win outright the magnificient trophy competed for by numerous European Officers and Chiefs of India.

The Gujarat Cup.

10. During the year His Highness toured in the District and looked personally into matters concerning the welfare of the cultivators.

Tour of His Highness.

His Highness also attended the Gujarat Pigsticking Meet, the Rajkot Polo Tournment, and visited Bombay and States in Kathiawar.

11. The Political Agent encamped in Radhanpur on the 22nd September 1911 and discussed measures adopted to cope with the present famine. He again visited Radhanpur on the 2nd and 8th of February returning on the latter date to Palanpur via Harij.

The Political Agent's visit.

12. The Government have been pleased to sanction the introduction of a system of direct service of non-compulsary processes i. e. summonses and notices between the Civil and Revenue Courts of the Baroda State and those of Native States of the Gujarat Agencies for a period of two years. It has also been decided that this reciprocal service will be free of process fees and postal charges with regard to the Civil Courts of the Baroda State and those of the Palanpur Agency including the States and Talukas mentioned in the Political Agent's Letter No. 8492 dated 26-9-1911.

Sanction of the introduction of the system of direct service of non-compulsary processes.

13 The Government have been pleased to sanction the introduction of the system of direct correspondence on the subject specified in para 21 of my last year's report between the Mamlatdars in British Districts and Officials of similar status in this State as a tentative measure for one year (vide Political Agent, Palanpur's No. 10059 dated 7th November 1911.

The following arrangements were proposed by the Baroda Darbar regarding the procedure to be adopted in executing repairs to territorial boundary marks and the opinion of this State was invited on the subject as per Political Agent, Palanpur's No. 1186 dated 25-2-1909.

Arrangements regarding the procedure to be adopted in executing repairs to territorial boundary marks.

(a). The authority that discovers the unsatisfactory state of pillars should undertake the work of executing repairs.

(b). When the matter is brought to the notice of the opposite party, an estimate of the cost of repairs should be prepared in conjunction with a local official of that party.

(c). A moiety of the estimated cost should be immediately remitted to the authority undertaking the work of repairs.

(d). When the work is completed it should be certified jointly by the local Officials of the two parties.

This State has expressed its willingness to accept the rules.

14. Regarding the question of the cost of repairing boundary marks between Baroda and the States and British districts of the Northern Division the opinion of this State was called for as per Political Agent, Palanpur's No. 8076 dated 18-10-1910. The State having given its assent to pay the moiety falling to each State's share as per this Office No. 7 dated 6-1-1911 the Government have been pleased to concur in the proposal that these boundary marks should be repaired at joint expense (vide Political Agent, Palanptr's No. 2900 dated 2-4-1912.

15. As regards the system of direct correspondence between the Officers of the Baroda State and those of the British Districts and Native States in cases of encroachments on either side of undisputed boundaries the Government have been pleased to sanction the continuance thereof upto 1st September 1913. (vide Political Agent, Palanpur's No. 2289 dated 16-3-1912).

16. The following changes in the personnel of the Establishment were made.

Name of officers.	Appointment.
(1) Mr. Mahomad Ahsankhan. Head Overseer P. W. D.	Treasury Officer.
(2) Mr. John. Sub-Overseer P. W. D.	Head Overseer P. W. Dept.
(3) Mr. Manilal R. Patel. 1st Class Magistrate & Munsiff Sami.	Sar Nyayadhish Radhanpur.
(4) M. Bhudardas Vachharaj 1st Class Magistrate & Munsiff Radhanpur.	1st Class Magistrate and Munsiff Sami.

CHAPTER I.

B.

FAMINE.

17. During the year under report the average rainfall of the State amounted to 3-50 inches distributed as under.

Rainfall.

Radhanpur Mahal ..... 3-54 inches.
Sami Mahal ..... 3-11 inches.

Munjpur Mahal ..... 4-47 inches.
Balodhan Mahal ..... 2-90 inches.

Almost the entire fall of rain occurred in the month of June which caused a complete failure of the crops and absence of fodder for the cattle.

Adviser's tour.

18. In the mouth of August Mr. J. Monteath the then Adviser toured throughout the famine area and having divided the State into 7 circles of inspection appointed a Central Famine Officer and 7 Circle Inspectors.

Import and Export duties.

19. The Import duty on Rice was ordered to be held in abeyance and the export duty on grain was considerably enhanced in order to prevent the export of food grains from the State.

Cattle Relief.

20. To relieve the distress amongst the cattle free grazing was allowed on all State Bids, a Cattle Camp was opened at Dhadhana and 707400 lbs of grass were issued on Tagavi at the rate of 4 maunds per rupee.

Irrigation.

21. Every encouragement was given to the cultivators to raise fodder crops by irrigation by the issue of Rs. 40, 826-8-1 as Tagavi in cash and grain and by the free supply of wood for kos and Varat. The area of land under irrigation for Ashado and Pasan Vadis amounted to:

4257 Vighas for Ashado Vadis.
6314 Vighas for Pasan Vadis.

In addition the State undertook the irrigation of a considerable amount of Lucerne at Ranawada and Dhadhana.

Remission of land Revenue.

22. Remissions of Vighoti were granted on all irrigated lands and assessment at the uniform rate of Rs 1-8-0 per. Bigha. only taken on all irrigated lands, which produced appreciable crops.

Cattle mortality.

23. A large number of cattle died during the cold weather months from starvation owing to the inability of the State to import grass, which was due to the shortage of Railway waggons.

Test works.

24. At the outset of the famine 33 Test-works were opened in different villages of the State under the supervision and control of the Public works Department Of these works 23 were completed during the year under report at a cost of Rs. 11236-12-1 The works provided relief to an average daily number of 355

persons. For the most prat the test work Programme consisted of the erection and repair of field bundhs and canals, which will prove most beneficial to the State lands protected thereby.

Village doles.

25. For the maintenance of those, who through age or infirmity were unable to work on Test works a system of village Doles at the rate of Rs. 0-1-6 per individual per day was introduced.

26. Vethias and holders of Veth Pasaita lands were given grain at the rate of 2 lbs per day while chokiats were paid at the rate of Rs. 4-0-0 p. m. in lieu of their Pasaita holdings

27. A special horse compensation allowance of Rs. 1-8-0 per month was allowed to all State Sowars on account of the increased rate of grain and fodder.

Grain shop.

28. In the town of Radhanpur Mr. Premchand Mulji opened a cheap grain shop, in which the poor were enabled to obtain grain at 4 annas per maund under Bazaar rates.

CHAPTER II.

Villages under Khalsa revenue Vahivat and those held by Bhayats and other alienees. No lapse during the year.

29. Administration of Land-Including 5 depopulated villages of which separate Revenue Vahivat is maintained, there are 163 villages in the State. Out of these, 143 are under Khalsa Revenue Vahivat, 14 are held by Bhayats, 4 by Inamdars and 2 by Dharmada holders. No alienated village lapsed to the State during the year under report.

Wahivat based on practice.

30. The Administration of land is carried on according to Wahivat or practice. There are no written rules or code to regulate the Wahivat.

Procedure of making Japtis.

31. In the matter of making Japtis on alienated lands in consequence of the holders dying without male heirs, the Procedure as mentioned in para 26 of the last year's report was followed.

The divisions of the State.

32. The State is divided into 4 mahals, viz-Radhanpur, Sami, Munjpur and Balodhan each under a Wahivatdar, who works under the orders of the Revenue Assistant.

33. The system of cash assessment obtains in 103 of the villages under Khalsa revenue Wahivat, that of Bhagvati or levy in kind in 33 villages, and in 7 villages of the Balodhan Mahal, Kolis pay in cash and Kunbis in kind. Of the Bhayati and other alienated villages Bhagvati obtains in 19 and Vighoti in 1. Of the 33 villages of Khalsa Wahivat in which assessment is levied in kind, 4 are in the Sami, 5 in the Munjpur, 22 in the Radhanpur and 2 in Balodhan Mahals.

System of collection of land revenue in villages.

34. No other village under Vighoti Vahivat was brought under Bhagvati Vahivat and vice versa during the year under report.

35. Of the 11 villages unsurveyed in 1907, the survey was finished in 3 by the end of 1907-08, 2 in 1908-9, 2 in 1909-10, 2 in 1910-11 and in 2 more villages in the year under report.

Survey of villages.

36. During the year under report the area of land surveyed amounted to acres 1673-34 Gunthas and the total expenditure to Rs. 585-6-5 excluding the cost of the Head or Supervising Officer who is on the permanent establishment, against acres 4326-24 Gunthas at a cost of Rs. 607-5-3. The decrease in work is due to the fact that the boundary Surveyor and measurers were engaged in famine work.

37. During the year under report 95 Ubhadias returned from Sindh and 6 new cultivators settled in the State from outside taking up 125 acres of land; 593 acres of new land were brought under cultivation by the old cultivators making a total of 718 acres against 3032 acres of land relinquished by old cultivators, on account of its becoming unculturable.

38. The following table shows the total area of land, culturable land &c. &c. of villages under Khalsa Revenue Wahivat.

Area of land under cultivation and Padtar.

Particulars.	1910-11 Acres.	1911-12. Acres.	Increase or decrease.
1. Total lands. ...	441127	441551	+424
2. Less Kharabo. ...	63501	52812	-10689
3. Balance of culturable lands.			
(a) Talpad. ...	311762	323109	+11347
(b) Pasaita. ...	65864	65630	-234
Total. ...	377626	388739	+11113

4. Area under occupation.			
(a) Talpad.			
1. Under actual cultivation...	163522	20856	-142666
2. Padtar, ...	53719	195232	+141513
Total. ...	217241	216088	-1153
(b) Passaita			
1. Under actual cultivation...	46685	1305	-45380
2. Padtar ...	19179	64325	+45146
Total. ...	65864	65630	-234
Grand Total. ...	283105	281718	-1387
5 Culturable unoccupied Padtar lands...	94521	107021	+12500

39. The above statistics show that there was a decrease of 1387 acres in the total area of occupied culturable land and an increase of 141513 acres in the Padtar Talpad land. The cause of increase in the Padtar Talpad land is mainly due to the famine.

40. It will be seen from the statistics that out of a total of acres 216088 of occupied Talpad land 20856 acres were actually cultivated and 195234 acres or nearly $\frac{3}{4}$ remained Padtar and that out of the total of culturable Talpad land nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ remained uncultivated. As stated in para 35 of the last year's report Vighoti is recovered only on lands under actual cultivation and no recoveries are made for the occupied lands remaining Padtar since 1961 in consequence of the reduced condition of the cultivators. The year under report being a Famine year, the Vighoti was recovered only on lands brought actually under irrigation.

41. During the year under report owing to the failure of the rains the cultivators were unable to take advantage of the notification No. 513 dated 12th May 1910 which had been issued to encourage them to bring under plough the Padtar land which remaining uncultivated is liable to deteriorate, as mentioned in Para 36 of the last year's report.

42. In the year under report 8 new Santis were brought in against 160 of the last year and 177 acres of land were held by them. It is hoped that in the current year the monsoon may be good enough to induce many people from outside to settle within the limits of this State, and thus bring more Padtar land under cultivation.

43. No new villages could be populated during the year owing to famine.

44. In 20 Bhayati and other villages the total culturable land amounted to 46755 acres, of which 2279 acres were under cultivation and 44476 acres Padtar against 31009 and 15736 respectively in the previous year.

45. Excluding the sum of Rs. 7413-9-2 received on account of the arrears of the previous years, the land-revenue collected during the year amounted to Rs. 93376-7-8 against Rs. 283412-10-0 excluding Rs. 21684-9-4 on account of arrears. The decrease was due to the famine.

46. The Revenues of Bhayati and Inami and Dharmada villages amounted to Rs. 9422-7-8 and Rs. 2681-2-3 respectively in 1911-1912 against Rs. 41220-5-6 and Rs. 6739-2-3 in the previous year, the decrease being due to the famine.

47. The collection from the Customs revenues amounted to Rs. 52873-12-3 against Rs. 90728-0-5 in 1910-11. The decrease was due to the abolition of internal customs and also to the famine. 27 cases of non-payment of Dan were detected during the year under report against 19 in the previous year and being found guilty were fined.

Customs Revenue.

48. Processes had to be issued for the recovery of revenue dues in 47 cases during 1911-12 as against 109 during the previous year but a large number of recoveries could not be effected on account of famine.

Issue of Processes for recovery of revenue.

49. Rs. 69827-1-11 were paid this year in Tagavi against Rs. 3944-10-10 in the previous year. The large amount was advanced to enable the cultivators of the four Mahals to irrigate as much land as possible for the purpose of raising fodder crops to save their cattle from the ravages of the famine.

Tagavi

50. 4 Appeals and 24 other cases were outstanding at the end of 1910-11. 3 cases were filed during the year under report, making a total of 31 cases. Of these, 1 appeal was disposed of during the year under report leaving in all 3 appeals and 27 cases outstanding at the end of the year.

Cases of Boundary disputes of land with Foreign States.

51. 7 cases of internal boundary disputes are awaiting investigation and disposal by the Revenue Assistant. In 2 of these cases the dispute is between a Bhayat and Inamdars. No action appears to have been taken by the Revenue Assistant to enquire into and dispose of any of these cases during the year under report and in the preceding years.

Internal boundary disputes.

52. Of the cultivators who had no receipt or Khata books, 50 were supplied with the same during the year and steps taken to see that the existing Survey marks (Bans) were in proper order.

Cultivators khata books and Survey Marks.

53. The Revenue Assistant was unable to visit the District during the whole year owing to ill-health. The supervision of all irrigation works was handed over to the Central Famine Officer.

Revenue Assistant's work in the District.

54. All Wahivatdars were engaged in Famine work as Circle Inspectors. In the beginning of the year under report, the Radhanpur and Munjour Wahivatdars examined the records of 18 and 4 Tehsils respectively.

CHAPTER III.

55. Legislation-Appendix II shows the laws in force in the State. No new laws and Acts were introduced during the course of the year under report. The spirit of many Acts in force in British India is also followed when necessary to meet the ends of justice.

Legislation.

56. Military Force-Appendix III shows the constitution of the Radhanpur Body Guard and Paltan. The former consists of 1 Risaldar, 3 Duffedars and 25 sowars including a Trumpeter. They are drilled regularly by the Risaldar and serve as escorts to His Highness the Nawab Saheb, the members of His family and British Political Officers visiting the State. The cost of the maintenance of the Body guard amounted to Rs. 26297-0-9 as compared with Rs. 8682-9-10 of the preceding year. The increase is on account of the purchase of horses, saddlery and uniforms due to the abolition of the Silledar system.

Military & Body Guard.

57. The number of the Paltan including the Band was 100 at the end of the year against 93 of the previous year. The men are drilled regularly by the Subedar who is a pensioned Non-Commissioned Officer of the Indian Army. They are armed with Muzzle loading Enfield muskets and are chiefly employed on Guard-duty at the Jail, Treasuries, Palace &c. &c.

Paltan & Band.

58. The Head-quarters of both the Body Guard and Paltan are in Radhanpur and in the majority of cases local men are given preference for the sake of encouragement.

Head quarters of Body guard & Paltan.

59. Police–The Police is also recruited locally as far as possible and consists of 154 foot 65 mounted and 2 Bhoin Bargirs. Of the foot Police 41 are armed with muzzle-loading muskets and bayonets and 103 with batons. The mounted Police consist of 52 mounted including 17 regular and 34 irregular Sawars (armed with swords) and 1 Bhoi-Bargir and 14 camel sowars unarmed.

Police–mounted and Foot.

60. The Police Force is capable of coping with any local disturbance but its efficiency for the prevention and detection of crime is not of a very high order chiefly owing to the low standard of education prevailing in the subordinate ranks, only 62 being able to read and write.

61. The total number in the Police was the same as last year namely 221, and the total cost of Police amounted to Rs. 45033–1–9 including Rs. 9680–0–7 on account of the village Police against Rs. 48248–14–1 including Rs. 9635–2–4 for the village Police in 1910–11. The decrease is due to the fact that less expenditure was incurred on account of Police–uniforms and certain posts were not filled up for a period during the year under report. The ratio of the Police to population and area is 1 to every 110 inhabitants and 1.8 square miles respectively.

Strength of Police.

62. Village Police–The number of village Police was 424 including 51 employed in Bhayati and Inami villages. Of these 299 were paid and the rest held lands or were paid partly in cash and partly in land.

Village Police.

63. The working of the Police is shown in appendices V and VI. The number of offences reported to and the number of offenders arrested by the Police amounted to 261 and 163 respectively against 244 and 143 in the previous year. The percentage of convictions on the numbers arrested and sent up for trial amounted to 61.34 and 64.51 respectively against 43.35 and 52.10 in 1910–11. The percentage of recovery of stolen property fell from 63.74 to 47.83. There is considerable room for improvement in this Department and its reorganization is at present under consideration.

Working of Police.

64. Criminal Justice–There has been an increase of one in the number of Courts at the end of year under report, the Munjpur 2nd Class Magistrate's Court having been opened. Under the present arrangements the various courts exercise the following powers:–

Criminal Justice.

1. The Huzur Court:–All the powers of a High Court in appeal and Revision.
2. The Court of the Sar Nyayadhish:–The powers of a Sessions Judge and District Magistrate.

3&4. The Courts of the Munsiffs at Radhanpur and Sami:-All the powers of a First Class Magistrate.

5. The Court of the Munsiff at Munjpur:- The powers of the 2nd Class Magistrate.

6. The Court of the Thandar at Balodhan :-The powers of a Third Class Magistrate.

7. The Court of the Revenue Assistant :- The powers of a First Class Magistrate in Revenue matters only, and of hearing of appeals against the decisions of the Wahivatdars pertaining to revenue matters.

8,9&10. The Courts of the Wahivatdars of Radhanpur, Sami and Munjpur:- The powers of a Third Class Magistrate in revenue matters only.

65. Since 1884 the Judicial and executive functions have been separated in this State.

66. The Sar Nyayadhish holds the powers of the District Judge and the powers to take up small causes suits upto Rs. 25 within the Radhanpur & Balodhan Mahals. He is allowed to follow the spirit of Bombay *Regulation* VIII of 1827 in granting heirship certificates.

Working of the Criminal Courts.

67. Appendices VII and VIII show the work done by the various Courts. The number of offences reported and persons dealt with and disposed of amounted to 445, 436, 427 respectively against 414, 409, 393 in 1910-11. The number of persons remaining to be dealt with at the end of the year under report was 9 in 3 cases as compared with 16 persons in 11 cases at the end of the previous year.

Increase & Decrease.

68. An examination of Appendix VII will show that there has not been an increase in any serious offences this year, and that the majority of the offences are of hurt, criminal force. assault, breach of peace, and of theft. The percentage of accused acquitted and discharged in comparison with those convicted appears to be greater but out of a total of 267, 172 persons in compoundable cases were acquitted under Section 345 of Criminal Procedure Code.

Appeals in Criminal Cases.

69. Appendix IX shows the result of Criminal appeals. There were 28 applications including 5 on hand at the end of the last year, of which 27 were disposed of, 4 being rejected, in 12 the sentences were confirmed, in 5 modified and in 6 reversed against 4 rejected, 9 confirmed, 5 modified, 3 reversed, 1 remanded for further enquiry making up a total of 22 in 1910-11. One case was outstanding at the end of the year against 5 in the preceding year.

Civil Courts.

70. Besides the Huzur Court which exercises all the powers of a High Court in appeal and in revision, the number of civil courts in this State is 4 against 3 in the last year. The Courts of Radhanpur and Sami Munsiffs hear original suits upto Rs. 1000 and the latter exercises the powers of hearing suits upto Rs. 20 as a small causes court besides the suits over Rs. 500 of the Munjpur Mahal. The Munjpur Munsiff's Court is empowered to hear suits upto Rs. 500 and small causes suits upto Rs. 20. The Court of the Sar Nyayadhish hears all original suits above Rs. 1000 and appeals against the decisions of the Subordinate Courts.

Working of the Civil Courts.

71. Appendix X shows that during the year under report 142 suits were instituted and 126 were disposed of leaving 130 undisposed of at the end of the year against 461, 453 and 114 respectively in the previous year. The value of suits filed and disposed of amounted to Rs. 15738-14-6 and Rs. 8523-8-8 against Rs 30850-14-0 and Rs. 25401-14-10 respectively in 1910-11. The increase in the number of suits outstanding was due to the fact that the hearing of Civil cases was postponed sine-die from 11-10-1911 on account of famine.

Applications for execution of decrees.

72. Appendix XI shows that 66 applications for execution of decrees were filed and 73 disposed of leaving a balance of 72 against 183,203, and 79 respectively in 1910-11. The value of applications filed, dispossd of, and remaining undisposed of amounted to Rs. 10452-14-11, Rs. 4375-3-7 and Rs 6077-11-4 against Rs 18143-4-9 Rs. 14933-0-2 and Rs. 3210-4-7 respectively at the end of the previous year. The reason of arrears is mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Civil appeals.

73. Appendix XII shows the working of the Civil Appellate Courts. The numbers of appeals on hand at the beginning of the year and filed during the year were 4 and 15 against 1 and 22 in the previous year respectively. Of these 9 were disposed of and 10 appeals were pending at the end of the year. The average duration was 1 month and 24 days against 4 months and 27 days in 1910-11. The number of appeals in which decisions were confirmed was 1 out of 19 as against 5 out of 23 in the previous year. In addition to the above, 1 applicotion for revision appeal was disposed of by the Huzur Court against 1 in 1910-11 and 4 miscellaneous appeals and 3 revision appeals were pending at the end of the year.

The number of applications for succession certificates.

74. The numbers of applications for succession Certificates presented and disposed of during the year were 24 and 20 against 14 and 12 in the previous year.

Extradition cases.

75. Extradition-29 persons were surrendered to the State during the year under report. Of these 6 were convicted, 16 discharged and 7 remained awaiting trial against 5 convicted, 18 discharged and 1 awaiting trial out of 24 persons surrendered in 1910-11. 4 were surrendered by this State to the neighbouring States and Talukas of whom 1 was acquitted and 3 convicted.

Jails and Lock-ups.

76. Appendix XIII shows that the number of Jails and Lock-ups remains the same as before and that 373 prisoners were admitted into the Jails and Lock-ups and the daily attendance was 32.13 against 190 and 19.56 respectively in 1910-11. The average period of accused remaining in Jail amounted to 21.15 days against 24.30 days in the previous year.

Registration of documents.

77. Appendices XIV and XV show the working of registration offices during the year under report, 110 documents concerning property valued at Rs. 31951-14-0 and yielding fees Rs. 616-10-9 were registered as against 112 documents relating to property valued at Rs. 16778-8-0 and yielding fees amounting to Rs. 430-5-0 in 1910-11.

Municipalities.

78. The Municipal Administration:-Appendix XVI shows the Municipal receipts and expenditure at Radhanpur, Sami and Munjpur.

The Radhanpur Municipality is supported by an annual grant of Rs. 7000-0-0 from the State. The other Municipal receipts amounted to Rs. 3640-4-11 as compared with Rs. 3800-0-0 in 1910-11, the decrease being due to the Famine.

The total charges for 1911-12 amounted to Rs 11060-11-0 including advances and deposits against Rs. 11594 in the previous year.

79. The Sami and Munjpur Municipalities are principally dependent on the State. Sudhara Lagat at $\frac{1}{2}$ p. c. on imports is levied in these towns as contributions from the people. The income from this source during the year under report amounted to Rs. 191-7-8 at Sami and Rs. 94-14-10 at Munjpur against Rs. 415-12-3 and Rs. 136-14-9 respectively during the previous year. The decrease is due to the fact that owing to the famine the imports were much less and hence the Lagat proceeds smaller.

The disbursement on account of these two Municipalities amounted to Rs. 2257-4-5 and Rs. 396-9-10 in the year under report against Rs. 1707-4-9 and Rs. 393-11-0 in 1910-11 respectively.

CHAPTER IV.

Rain fall.

80. Appendix XVII shows the rain fall in the State during the year. The rain fall during the year was very much below the average, only 3 inches 54 cents being registered at Radhanpur, 3 inches and 11 cents at Sami, 4 inches and 47 cents at Munjpur and 2 inches and 90 cents at Balodhan. The failure of the rains in all the Mahals resulted in a complete failure of the crops and the adoption of famine measures including a liberal advance of Tagavi to enable the cultivators to raise fodder crops under well-irrigation. A total of 1057 Vighas of land was brought under Irrigation.

Prices of staple food.

81. The prices of staple food grains are shown in Appendix XVIII. The rates owing to a complete failure of the crops were higher than those of last year. Fodder was very scarce and only obtainable at prohibitive rates.

Gardens and plantations.

82. As reported last year there are no natural forests in the State but gardens and plantations are maintained. The total number of gardens and plantations remain the same as last year i. e. 14 and 11 respectively. Of the total number 1 garden and 5 plantations are under the supervision of the Revenue Department and the rest under the Forest Supervisor as stated in para 88 of the last year's report. Flowers, fruits, trees, and vegetables thrive well in these gardens. There are 4 plantations of Babul trees, 3 of nimb trees, 1 of Gundi trees and 3 containing different kinds of trees. The aggregate cost of the gardens and plantations amounted to Rs. 8826-1-8 against Rs. 9427-0-1 in the previous year. The income from gardens and plantations amounted to Rs. 165-7-9 against Rs 719-6-5. The decrease is partly due to the discontinuance of the practice of selling by auction the produce of gardens and partly on account of scarcity of water. In the year under report No trees were planted against 1294 in the previous year. The decrease was due to Famine.

The State contains no Forest and very few trees, hence very great difficulty is experienced in obtaining firewood required for local consumption.

It is intended to plant a State Forest from Panchasar in the south East to Agichana in the South West combined with a Salt protective bundh from Taranagar to Agichana.

The scheme is at present under consideration and when matured will, it is hoped not only provide a valuable State Forest of Babuls, but also prevent the salt from the Runn of Cutch from being blown on to the State Lands.

On the Runn-side of the Forest it is intended to construct a bundh of about 5 feet in height. The bundh will check the Salt-laden winds and force them to deposit their destructive salt on the bundh instead of on the rich lands of the State.

Every encouragement is being given to cultivators to plant trees on their khata-lands and it is hoped that within a very few years the State instead of being barren will assume a well wooded aspect.

Trade.

83. Export and Import-The principal items of export were the same as before. The total value of exports and imports are reported to be Rs 21708-0-0 and Rs. 37039-6-0 respectively against Rs 3075649-4-0 and Rs. 333190-4-0 in the previous year. As has been previously remarked it is not possible to place much reliance on these figures.

Ginning factories.

84. As in the preceding year three ginning factories were at work. The Sami, Lolada and Munjpur factories respectively worked for 6, 55, and 77 days clearing 6940, 36035 and 45004 maunds of cotton against 23560, 31605 and 27394 maunds working for 11,53 and 27 days in the previous year.

Works roughly estimated to cost Rs. 65000 were provided for in the Budget for 1911-12, of these the Head Overseer only expended Rs. 54115-0-4 during the year under report.

Appendix XIX shows the expenditure on P. W. D. No new origihal work of importance was undertaken during the year. Necessary repairs and alterations in the Palace and other State buildings were carried out.

Post & Telegraph Offices.

85. There is a Sub-Post and a Combined Telegraph Office at Radhanpur and Branch Post Offices at Sami, Munjpur, Chandur Rathvi and Lolada.

Emigration.

86. Emigration :- 5860 persons of the labouring and cultivating classes emigrated to Sind and other places on account of famine and 101 persons returned and resettled in the State during year under report.

Cattle and other agricultural stock.

87. Appendix XX shows the number of cattle and other live stock in the State during the year under report. A census of these was as usual taken on the 15th March throughout the State which resulted in figures enumerated below.

Year.	Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.	Sheep and goats.
1910-11	14828	20612	7407	78603
1911-12	10445	10393	5595	19474
Decrease.	4383	10219	1812	59129

The large decrease is due to the ravages of the famine which caused the death of many of the State's best cattle and also obliged Rabaris to remove their stock to grazing grounds in North and Central India.

Excise shops and Revenue.

88 Appendix XXI shows the excise shops and the excise Revenue of the State. The number of country liquor and Bhang and Ganja shops were 25 and 2 respectively against 23 and 2 in the preceding year. The Revenue from country liquor and Ganja shows a decrease which is due to the fact that the instalments for the Ijara amount to be paid by the contractor being not due were not recovered at the close of the Revenue year.

Opium.

89. The income of opium Revenue was Rs. 11762-10-0 against Rs. 11224-2-4 the increase being due to the offer of a higher bid for the opium contract.

Internal and External communications.

90. The State contains fair-weather roads only, which are suitable for the transit of the carts common to the country. A road to connect Radhanpur with Sami the terminus of the proposed Viramgam Radhanpur Railway is under consideration and will, it is hoped, be undertaken as soon as the proposed Railway construction has been finally sanctioned. The State is at present suffering great hardships owing to the lack of the Railway communication to export its rich produce.

For the past 16 years different Railway projects have been considered, but finally abandoned owing to the prevalence of famine and lack of funds.

The question of constructing a Broad or Metre gauge Railway from Viramgam to Sami, as part of the Surveyed Bombay Sind connection Railway is at present under the consideration of Government and if sanctioned and constructed at an early date will result not only in a heartfelt boon to the

Radhanpur subjects but also in the populating and opening up of the State, which owing to its complete isolation has not been enabled to march with the times.

CHAPTER V.

Revenue and Finance.

91. Revenue and Finance-Appendix XXII B shows the receipts and expenditure of the State as compared with the previous 4 years. The total receipts and Expenditure in 1911-12 amounted to Rs 1217270-7-0 and Rs. 1587052-0-7 against Rs. 577547-14-9 and Rs. 557837-10-10 of the previous year.

The causes of increase and decrease under each Head are given below:-

RECEIPTS.

1. Land Revenue-It shows a decrease of Rs. 189498-5-6 which is due to remissions and suspensions of land revenue owing to the famine.

2. Local Cess-The decrease of Rs. 7351-10-5 is due to non-recovery owing to famine.

4. Opium Revenue-The increase of Rs. 528-7-8 is due to higher bids for the contract and also to an increase in consumption on the occasions of the Installation and Marriage of His Highness.

5. Abkari Revenue- (Including Bhang, Ganja &c.) The decrease of Rs. 2695-4-11 is due to less consumption owing to famine.

6. Jama-The increase Rs. 380-13-9 is due to recovery of arrears of past year.

7. Customs Receipts-The decrease of Rs. 37338-2-11 is due partly to famine and partly to the abolition of internal customs on the auspicious occasion of the Installation of His Highness

9. Judicial-The decrease of Rs 3624-0-4 is due to the temporary suspension of the hearing of Civil suits and the execution of Civil decrees on account of famine.

10. Education-shows a decrease of Rs. 12-15-11.

12. Extraordinary Receipts-The increase of Rs 2,99,995,-8-10 is due to the Famine Loan advanced by the British Government.

13. Other Receipts-The increase of Rs. 583516-8-11 is due to paper adjustment of the invested balance and also to the recoveries of advances made to State Officials on account of the expenses of the Delhi Durbar, Famine and Marriage of His Highness.

14. Tagavi-The decrease of Rs. 3600-12-3 is due to less recoveries of arrears owing to Famine.

EXPENDITURE.

1. Durbar expenses-The increase of Rs. 209192-3-8 is due to the (a) The marriage of His Highness the Nawab (b) The appointment of a Private Secretary and his Establishment (c) Increased private expenditure of His Highness consequent on his marriage.

3. Extraordinary charges-The increase of Rs. 9756-5-7 is due to the loss incurred in the sale of Government Promissory notes.

4. Administrative Establishment -shows an increase of Rs. 1234-6-4 which is due to the payment of the leave allowance for February of the late Adviser Mr. J. Monteath I. C. S. and also to the appointment of a Revenue Shirestedar.

5. Revenue Department-The decrease under this Head of Rs. 7959-9-7 is due to the abolition of the post of Customs Inspector and certain Tehsils also to the non-payment of the pay of certain Patels.

8 Military-The increase of Rs. 2120-15-0 is due to the purchase of uniforms and Band Instruments, also to slight increase in the pay of the personnel.

9. Police & Body-Guard-The increase of Rs. 14398-10-7 is due to the abolishment of the Seilledar system in the Body Guard and the consequent purchase of horses, uniforms and saddlery.

13 Public Works-The inerease of Rs 23,410-4-7 under this Head is due to the purchase of a building belonging to Suba Safdarkhanji at the time of His Highness's marriage.

18. Miscellaneous-The increase of Rs. 7,62,720-4-3 is explained as under:-

Engagement of Vakils in Boundary cases	Rs. 1713-14-6
Advances for Coronation Durbar.....	Rs. 86546-2-6
Paper adjustment of Invested Balance, and advances on account of Delhi Durbar, Marriage and Famine.....	Rs. 678592-11-3
	Rs. 7,66,852-12-3
Less decrease:	
On account of grass cutting charges	Rs. 2568-1-1
On account of decrease in deposit	Rs. 1564-6-11
	Rs. 4132-8-0

22. Famine Relief Works- show an increase of Rs. 13790-7-9

23. Tagavi-shows an increase of Rs. 5112-8-10 which is due to Famine. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 5,40,748-0-9 including the invested balance of Rs. 4,00,000 at 3½ p. c. Government Promissory Notes and Nadiad Spinning Weaving Company's share of Rs. 1000 and closed with a balance of Rs 1,70,966-7-2 including Promissory Notes to the value of Rs. 1, 50, 000-0-0.

CHAPTER VI.

Hospitals and Dispensaries.

92. The number of Hospitals and Dispensaries remain the same as last year.

Vaccination.

93. The following table shows the work done by the Vaccinators whose work is annually inspected by the Chief Medical Officer. The results are nearly the same as those of the last year, but the people fully understand the advantages derived therefrom.

Year.	Primary Vaccination.				Revaccination.			
	Males.	Females	Total	Successful	Males.	Females.	Total.	Successful.
1910-11	1173	1250	2423	2363	15	4	19	12
1911-12	1167	1116	2283	2218	6	0	6	3

Medical Statistics.

94. Appendix XXIII shows the amount of Medical aid afforded in Hospitals and Dispensaries. 16 Major and 307 Minor operations were performed during the year as against 26 and 346 respectively in the previous year, and the indoor and outdoor patients and the average daily attendance were 96,15,180 and 219 79 against 127,16594 and 251.05 respectively in the previous year. The numbers of indoor and outdoor patients show a decrease on the whole and the total expenditure amounted to Rs. 9929-8-3 against Rs 11745-11-11 in the previous year.

Cause of increase and decrease in the number of patients.

95. As compared with the previous year there was a decrease in the number of indoor patients in both the Hospitals and outdoor patients of all Hospitals and Dispensaries except the Balodhan Dispensary. The increase in the latter dispensary is reported to be mainly due to the outbreak of diseases of skin digestive system and eye diseases.

96. The number of patients treated in the State Hospitals and Dispensaries in majority of cases is made up of Radhanpur subjects and a few people residing in surrounding Talukas under the Palanpur Agency.

The number of patients treated.

During the year under report only 4 and 3 small pox cases occurred in the town of Radhanpur and Balodhan respectively.

97. There was neither indigenous nor imported case of plague in this State during the year under report. The inspection of people coming from plague-inflected places was continued as a precautionary measure.

No indigenous or imported cases of plague during the year.

98. The vital statistics are shown in appendix XXIV. The number of births and deaths shows a decrease of 477 and 416 respectively when compared with the figures of the previous year.

Vital statistics-births & deaths.

99. Colonel Merewether Political Agent Palanpur visited the S. J. Hospital on 10th February 1912 and was favourably impressed with what he saw.

Political Agent's visit to Hospital.

The Balodhan Dispensary was visited by the then Adviser Mr. J. Monteath I. C. S. on 3-8-1911 and was found clean and satisfactory.

The Undersigned also visited the S. J. Hospital on 13th February 1912 and found it clean and in good order.

CHAPTER VII.

100. Appendix XXV shows particulars of English and Vernacular schools maintained by the State. The number of schools during the year under report was the same as in the preceding year viz 23. The total number of pupils at the end of the year shows a decrease of 2 boys and an increase of 84 boys in the Radhanpur High school and in the Vernacular schools respectively. In the average daily attendance there has been a decrease of 18 in the High School and an increase of 90 in the vernacular schools. Looking into the details the attendance of the Radhanpur Taluka school shows an increase of 36, Lolada 9, Rafu 8, Sankeshwar 8, Sami Girls' school 8 and 12 other village schools show an aggregate increase of 50, whereas the Radhanpur Urdu school shows a decrease of 19 and 3 other village schools of 10.

Statistics of schools.

The total expenditure amounted to Rs 11631 9-8 against Rs. 13227-10-8 in the previous year. The decrease is due partly to the abolition of the Middle and Special and High and Special Schools' competitive Examinations and the introduction from the 1st July 1911 of the system of monthly exhibition to be given to students according to their rank in their classes and partly to the fact that there was no extraordinary expenditure during the year.

The Head Master's proposal to introduce in the High school in place of the Competitive Examinations a system of monthly exhibitions varying from Re 1 to Rs. 2 p. m. to the total monthly value of Rs. 25 was approved and brought into force from the 1st July 1911. The exhibitions are given in different standards to really poor and deserving students according to their rank in their classes.

Scholarships.

101. Scholarships of Rs. 7 each were awarded to the two Assistant Masters studying in the P. R Male Training College Ahmedabad and one scholarship of Rs 8 is given to one student studying in the Kalabhuvan Arts School at Baroda.

The results of the Annual Examination.

102. The Results of the Annual Examination of the vernacular schools by the Educational Inspector of Palanpur show that the percentage of those who passed under all Heads was 78.63.

The status of the middle school having been raised to that of a High School, the Examination was conducted by the Head Master and his Staff and showed fair results.

Of the four students, who presented themselves for the Vernacular School Final Examination held at Ahmedabad only one passed, which does not reflect credit on the Head Masters of the Taluka schools.

Increase of Education.

103. The abolition of fees and introduction of Exhibitions have tended to promote Education in the State and resulted in a substantial increase of students.

The students studying in the High and Primary schools are as under:—

High school 120

Brahmins 14	Mahomedans 19
Jains 61	Other castes 26

Vernacular schools 1069.

Brahmins 143	Mahomedans 243
Jains 270	Other castes 413

104. During the year under report the post of Head Master of the High School was held by Mr. H. M. Doshi B. A. (S. T. C.) until his death on the 2nd January 1912 Mr. Doshi was an energetic and experienced Master and his death was a great loss to the State Educational Department.

The appointment of Head Master Radhanpur High school.

Education in the State is still in a backward stage. Every endeavour has been and is being made to encourage the subjects to send their children to school, but owing to the isolated position of the State the people do not appear to have yet grasped the advantages derived from Education. Steps are being taken to enlist qualified teachers and it is hoped that when the State has recovered from the effects of the present famine the question of compulsory free Education will form a matter of consideration. It is at present under consideration to open a Revenue school to train the sons of the village Patel in matters connected with Revenue and Agriculture.

CHAPTER VIII.

105. Records :- The work of sorting and classifying old records was in progress as in the previous year.

Indexing of old records.

106 Horse breeding-No mare was covered by the State Stallion during the year under report.

Horse-breeding.

107. Libraries:-There are two Libraries in the State one at Radhanpur and the other at Sami. Both the Libraries are maintained by public subscription and a handsome grant from the State and managed by the Managing Committee appointed with the approval of the State. The Bismillakhan Library at Radhanpur has been registered as one of the Recognized Libraries by the Bombay Government.

Libraries at Radhanpur and Sami.

108. Printing Press-There is only one Printing Press at Radhanpur which does the work for the State under Contract and in which the Bi-Monthly State Gazette is printed and published.

Printing Press.

109. Pig-During the year 341 pigs were killed against 434 in the previous year, the reward of Re. 1-0-0 per head continued to be given.

Destruction of Pig.

110. Conclusion-In concluding this report I must express the gratitude of myself and the people of Radhanpur for the keen interest and hearty co-operation taken by His Highness the Nawab Saheb in the Administration of his State in one of the most critical years of the State's annals. The distress to the cultivating and labouring classes caused by the severe famine has been very much mitigated by the prompt and generous manner in which His Highness has remitted the revenue of the past year and also advanced liberal Tagavi to enable the people to maintain themselves and a great percentage of their cattle.

R Laing Lieut.

Radhanpur.
14th August 1912.

Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb,
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX I.

Names of high officials in the Radhanpur State and Residency officials showing changes in personnel during the year 1911-1912.

Name of officer.	Appointment.	Period. From.	Period. To.	Remarks.
Mr. Chandulal Harilal Thakore.	Revenue Assistant.	1-4-1911	31-3-1912	Directly employed.
Mr. D. J. Baldev., B. A. L. L. B.	Sar Nyayadhish.	,,	12-7-1911	Directly employed. & resigned
Mr. Maachharam Asharam Bhatt.	Private Secretary & Palace Doctor.	,,	31-3-1912	Directly employed
Mr. S. G. Shahiar.	Police Superintendent.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Jaysukhram Laxmiram Parghi.	Treasury Officer	,,	21-7-1911	Services lent by Kathiawar Education Funds.
	Sar Nyayadhish	18-7-1911	22-9-1911	& resigned
	Central Famine Officer.	21-8-1911	21-2-1912	
Mr. Harilal Wadilal.	Central Famine Officer.	22-2-1912	31-3-1912	Services lent by the Palanpur Agency.
Mr. Hargovind M. Doshi.	Head Master High School.	1-4-1911	2-1-1912	Directly employed & died,
Mr. Mahomed Ahesankhan.	Head Overseer P. W. D.	1-4-1911	21-7-1911	Directly employed
	Treasury Officer.	22-7-1911	31-3-1912	
Mr. Gajanan Laxman Godbole L. M. &. S.	Chief Medical Officer & ex-officio Jail Superintendent.	1-4-1911	31-3-1912	,,
Mr. Manilal R. Patel.	Sami Munsiff	15-5-1911	22-9-1911	,,
	Sar Nyayadhish	23-9-1911	31-3-1912	,,
Mr. Husseinmiyan Mahmodmyan Syed.	Surbhara Superintendent. & Jamdar khana Officer.	1-4-1911	,,	,,
Mr. Harilal Kikabhai Mehta.	Head Clerk Huzur Office.	,,	,,	Services lent by Baroda Durbar
Mr. Chhotalal Harishanker Dave	Revenue Shirestedar Huzur Office.	,,	,,	Directly employed
Mr. Mangalbhai H. Thakore	Municipal Secretary.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Asadulla Nijamudin Sheikh	Superintendent Record Office	30-9-1911	,,	

L. E. Lang Lieut,
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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX II.

List of Laws in force in the Radhanpur State.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
1 The Indian Penal Code Act XLV of 1860	yes.	Amendments applied by Notification No. 12 dated 16 September 1908	
2 The Criminal Procedure Code Act V of 1898.	"		
3 The Civil Procedure Code Act XIV of 1882 as amended by Acts VI, VII & X of 1888 and Act VIII of 1890, Act VI of 1892 until 31st December 1908 and Act V of 1908 from 1st January 1909.	"		
4 The Contract Act IX of 1872.	"		
5 The Law on Evidence Act I of 1872.	"		
6 The Opium Act I of 1878.	"		
7 The Salt Act II of 1890.	"		
8 The Succession Certificate Act VII of 1889.	"		
9 The Bombay District Police Act IV of 1890 as amended by Act III of 1898.	"		
10 The Bombay Village Police Act VIII of 1867 as amended by Act I of 1876.	"		
11 The Hindu Law.	"	Nil.	
12 The Mahomedan Law.	"	"	
13 The Court Fee Act III of 1896.	"	"	Adapted with modifications from similar Acts in force in British India.
14 The Limitation Act II of 1896.	"	"	Do- Do- Do-
15 The Explosive Act.	"	"	Do- introduced in 1902
16 The Registration Act.	"	"	Do- Do- in 1902
17 The Arms Act.	"	"	Do- Do- in 1904
18 The Game Rules of 1908.	"	"	Do- Do- in 1908 by Notification No. 6 dated 1-6-1908.
19 The Explosive Substances Rules of 1908.	"	"	Do- Do- in 1908 by Notification No. 11 dated 16-9-1908.
20 The Press & Registration of Books Act XXV of 1867.	"	"	Do- Do- in 1910 by Notification No. 855 dated 27-8-1910.
21 The Indian Press Act I of 1910.	"	"	Do- Do- Do-

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Radhanpur State, 1911-1912.

Arm of Service.	No. of fighting officers and men.						Details of force at end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties. Died.	Invalided.	Discharged deserted, etc.	At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men. European Commissioned officers.	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cavalry	19	21	0	0	11	29	Bodyguard sowars	0	0	1	3	25	26297-0-9	
Sappers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0-0-0	
Artillery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17 †	0	0	0	0	0-0-0	† Out of these only 2 are serviceable & used for firing salutes.
Infantry	75	14	1	0	12	76	Paltan	0	0	1	17	58	13964-7-6	
Band	18	9	1	0	2	24	Band	0	0	1	2	21		
Imperial Service Troops ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total ...	112	44	2	0	25	129	0	17	0	3	22	104	Rs. 40261-8-3	

L. E. Lang Lieut,
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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline, and education of the Police, in the Radhanpur State for the year 1911-1912.

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Police Superintendent...	1	150+20=170	2040—0—0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Police Inspector ...	1	45+10=55	367—1—6	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
Chief Constable ...	1	40+10=50	161—4—8	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable ...	1	30+10=40	249—0—7	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
Chief Constable ...	1	25+10=35	587—1—6	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
Chief Constable ...	1	25+5=30	390—0—0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable ...	1	20+5=25	325—0—0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
Chief Constable ...	1	20+5=25	325—0—0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
Head Constables ...	4	15+5=20	873—3—2	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	
Havaldars	2	14	336—0—0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Havaldars	2	13	309—1—0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
Nayaks	2	12	252—0—0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	
Nayaks	3	11	374—0—0	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	
Nayaks	6	10	706—0—0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	
Constables	26	9	2707—14—9	1	1	0	6	0	4	0	
Constables	41	8	3877—2—3	0	3	0	10	0	9	0	
Constables	61	7	4477—13—5	1	5	0	1	0	12	0	
Drill Instructor ...	1	6	71—6—9	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Daffedar..	1	30	360—0—0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Daffedar..	1	23	276—0—0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Daffedar..	1	22	264—0—0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Sowars	22	21	5314—0—4	0	0	0	3	0	6	0	
Sowars	26	20	6046—8—1	0	0	0	2	0	5	0	
Camel Sowars	14	14	2089—11—9	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Bhoin-Bargir	1	7	84—0—0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total ...	221	2911	32538—5—9	2	9	0	35	0	60	0	

L. E. Lang Lieut,
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1911-1912.

Name of State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (columns 4 & 5).		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Radhanpur.	244	201	143	163	119	155	62	100	49	40	43.35	61.34	52.10	64.51	

L. E. Lang Lieut.,
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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and recovered in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1911-1912.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries to property stolen.		Remarks.
	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	
Radhanpur	Rs. A. P. 21101-4-8	Rs. A. P. 6703 8-7	Rs. A. P. 13449-4-11	Rs. A. P. 3200-9-10	63.74	47.83	

L. E. Lang Lieut,
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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1911-1912.

Serial number.	Description of offences.	Number of offences.			No. of cases disposed of during past year.	No. of cases disposed of during present year.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane	No. of persons died during or before trial	Term of imprisonment.									Accused awaiting trial.	Cases awaiting trial.	Remarks.
		Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment only.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only	Whipping	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 3 years	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation	Capital punishment			
									Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
	Chapter VIII.																															
1	Offences against public tranquility Secs. 143, 160, ...	0	1	1	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter IX.																															
2	Offences by or relating to public servants.	0	2	2	1	2	3	3	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter X.																															
3	Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants ...	1	8	9	4	7	19	17	0	0	0	2	15	0	17	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter XI.																															
4	False Evidence and offences against public justice ...	1	6	7	0	5	5	3	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter XII.																															
5	Offences relating to Coin and Government stamps	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	Chapter XIII																																		
6	Offences relating to weights and measures...	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XIV.																																		
7	Offences affecting the public health, safety- convenience, decency and morals	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XV.																																		
8	Offences relating to religion ...	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XVI.																																		
9	Offences affecting the Human body,																																		
	1 Murder	1	2	3	1	1	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2 Attempt to commit murder-	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3 Culpable homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(3) Causing death by negligence.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	4 Attempt to commit suicide ..	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5 Causing miscarriage ...	0	3	3	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	6 Causing hurt (voluntarily)..	1	49	50	64	46	123	5	1	0	0	0	4	0	5	120	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7 Causing grievous hurt. ...	1	16	17	2	8	26	6	0	1	0	5	0	0	6	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	7	1			

	8 Wrongful restraint & confinement	0	6	6	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	9 Criminal force & assault ...	0	35	35	10	4	18	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(9) Offences of abduction or Kidnapping	0	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10 Rape	0	2	2	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(10) Unnatural offences ...	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XVII.																																	
10	Offences against property																																	
	1 Theft	4	141	145	40	62	113	82	20	25	3	13	21	0	82	35	0	0	44	5	7	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1			
	2 Extortion	1	1	2	0	2	3	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1			
	3 Robbery	0	9	9	1	4	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	4 Dacoity	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	5 Murder in dacoity.... ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	6 Receiving of stolen property	0	5	5	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	7 Criminal misappropriation of property	0	6	6	1	6	7	6	2	1	0	1	2	0	6	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	8 Cheating	0	7	7	1	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	9 Mischief	0	15	15	11	10	18	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	10 Criminal trespass	0	5	5	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	11 House trespass	0	40	40	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	12 Criminal breach of trust ...	1	4	5	8	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Chapter XVIII.																																	
11	Offence relating to documents &c.	2	2	4	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			

	Chapter XX.																														
12	Offences relating to marriage...	0	6	6	2	5	9	5	1	2	0	2	0	0	5	4	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXI.																														
13	Offences of defamation. ...	0	6	6	2	5	15	7	0	0	0	5	2	0	7	8	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXII.																														
14	Criminal intimidation, insult & annoyance	0	50	50	1	10	18	7	0	0	0	0	7	0	7	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXIII.																														
15	Attempt to commit offences ...	0	5	5	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Chapter VIII of Cri. P. C. Secs 109–110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Chapter XII. Cri. P. C. Secs 145–147	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	District Police Act, V. of 1867..	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Cattle trespass Act I 1871 ...	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Opium Act. 1 1878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Abkari Act. V. 1878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Gambling Act. IV 1887 ...	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Salt Act. II 1890	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Arms Act.	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	Miscellaneous.	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total. ...	13	445	458	174	204	420	160	25	31	5	36	63	0	160	267	0	0	52	8	9	13	7	6	0	0	2	0	0	9	3

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1911-1912.

Name of court.	No. of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year 1911-1912	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of 1910-1911.	Brought to trial in 1911-1912.					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Persons died, escaped or transferred.		
	1910-1911	1911-1912		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	1910-1911	1911-1912							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Huzur Court	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sar Nyayadhish	57	6	6	5	1	0	0	0	88	12	0	7	5	0	0	0	
Revenue Assistant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Radhanpur 1st Class Magistrate.	210	164	9	57	5	68	5	0	130	144	43	48	52	0	0	1	
Sami 1st Class Magistrate ...	117	180	1	97	9	99	4	0	156	210	29	100	74	0	0	7	
Munjpur 2nd Class Magistrate.		78	0	29	0	30	1	0		60	5	27	27	0	0	1	
Balodhan 3rd Class Magistrate.	30	17	0	3	2	4	0	1	35	10	2	6	2	0	0	0	
Radhanpur Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sami Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Munjpur Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total. ...	415	445	16	191	17	201	10	1	410	436	79	188	160	0	0	9	

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APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1911-1912.

Number.	Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																	Remarks.
			Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered.		Pending.			
					Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.											
			Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.		
1	Huzur Court... ...	14	2	2	9	6	3	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1		
2	Sar Nyayadhish ...	14	3	2	12	6	3	2	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
3	Revenue Assistant.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Total ...	28	5	4	21	12	6	5	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1		

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APPENDIX X.

Civil Work——Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in the Radhanpur State during the year 1911-1912.

Number	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year Received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits Filed in 1911-1912										Suits disposed of in 1911-1912.								Remarks.
		1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	Value.			Suits re-landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs 100 & under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 & under Rs. 1000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1000& under Rs. 5000	No. of suits above Rs. 5000.	Ex-parte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.			Average duration.	
1	2.	3		4		5		6		7		8 Rs.	a.	p.	9			10					11							12 y.	m.	d.	13
1	Sar Nyayadhish																															
	Regular suits... ...	1	2	3	3	4	5	2	1	2	4	4771	5	9	0	3	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	2400-0-0			1	2	15	
	Small cause suits ...	0	2	56	17	56	19	54	18	2	1	255	13	6	0	17	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	9	260-6-6			0	0	25	
2	Radhanpur Munsiff.																															
	Regular suits... ...	45	89	132	56	177	145	88	53	89	92	5062	9	1	1	50	5	50	4	2	0	0	2	18	10	23	2833-4-1			0	6	4	
	Small cause suits ...	2	0	32	0	34	0	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0-0-0			0	0	0	
3	Sami Munsiff } Regular suits...	45	6	161	24	206	30	185	17	21	13	3380	4	3	0	23	1	18	4	2	0	0	2	8	4	3	1006-0-0			0	1	17	
4	Munjpur „ }		15		15		30		14		16	1934	11	6	1	14	0	9	6	0	0	0	1	3	4	6	1725-9-11			0	7	5	
3	Sami Munsiff } Small cause	13	0	77	18	90	18	90	17	0	1	250	12	3	0	18	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	10	2	5	243-13-6			0	1	21	
4	Munjpur „ } suits... ...		0		9		9		6		3	83	6	2	0	9	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	54-6-8			0	0	29	
	Total																															
	Regular suits ...	91	112	296	98	387	210	275	85	112	125	15148	14	7	2	90	6	77	15	4	2	0	5	29	18	33	7964-14-0			0	5	15	
	Small cause suits ...	15	2	165	44	180	46	178	41	2	5	589	15	11	0	44	0	44	0	0	0	0	0	16	8	17	558-10-8			0	1	6	
	Grand Total.... ...	106	114	461	142	567	256	453	126	114	130	15738	14	6	2	134	6	121	15	4	2	0	5	45	26	50	8523-8-8			0	4	3	

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APPENDIX XI.

Civil Work—Results of applications for execution of decrees.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of.			Remarks.
	1910-11	1911-12		1910-11	1911-12	Value for present year.	1910-11	1911-12	Value for present year.	1910-11	1911-12	Value for present year.	1910-11	1911-12	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1 Sar Nyayadhish	0	0	0	3	5	2204-15-6	3	5	2204-15-6	3	4	59-15-6	0	1	2145-0-0	0	1	0	
2 Radhanpur Munsiff ...	60	66	1930-11-0	88	27	2726-5-11	148	93	4657-0-11	82	35	2293-12-3	66	58	2363-4-8	5	36	17	
3 Sami Munsiff.	39	8	762-8-4	92	24	1877-9-2	131	32	2640-1-6	118	25	1041-8-4	8	7	998-9-2	1	2	4	
4 Munjpur Munsiff		5	517-1-3		10	433-11-9		15	950-13-0		9	379-15-6	5	6	570-13-6	0	2	4	
Total... ...	99	79	3210-4-7	183	66	7242-10-4	282	145	10452-14-11	203	73	4375-3-7	79	72	6077-11-4	6	41	25	

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APPENDIX XII.

Civil Work—Number and results of appeals in Civil Suits in the Radhanpur State during the year 1911-1912.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of.								Average duration.						Remarks
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		1910-1911			1911-1912			
	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.	
Huzur Court ...	1	1	2	9	3	10	2	1	1	9	370-0-0	3461-12-9	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	9	2	0	3	22	
Sar Nyayadhish ...	0	3	20	6	20	9	17	8	3	1	2298-3-8	505-4-8	3	1	3	0	5	5	5	2	1	0	0	4	12	0	1	17	
Total...	1	4	22	15	23	19	19	9	4	10	2668-3-8	3967-1-5	5	1	3	0	5	5	5	2	1	1	0	4	27	0	1	24	

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APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Radhanpur State during the year1911-1912.

Stations.	No. of prisons.	No. of prisoners.				Daily Average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total Cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total. 1910-11	Total. 1911-12	1910-11	1911-12				
Radhanpur	1	13	159	141	172	16.41	19.94	19		17.49	Nil.
Sami	1	7	186	42	193	2.46	11.3	18		22.75	
Munjpur	1	0	21	20	21	0.54	1.4	0	2194-5-8	30.19	
Balodhan	1	0	7	12	7	0.15	0.12	0		4.8	
Total ...	4	20	373	215	393	19.56	32.13	32		21.15	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XIV.

Registration of documents in the Radhanpur State during the year 1911-1912

Names of State Courts.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money-bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
1 Sar Nyayadhish ...	1	6	0	5	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	6	2000-0-0	10621-0-0	0	0	0	0	
2 Radhanpur Munsiff	101	93	81	70	0	0	12	10	2	3	6	10	101	93	14087-0-0	19626-14-0	0	0	0	0	
3 Sami Munsiff ...	10	9	3	6	0	0	1	3	0	0	6	0	10	9	691-8-0	1538-0-0	0	0	0	0	
4 Munjpur Munsiff...	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	166-0-0	0	0	0	0	
Total ...	112	110	84	83	0	0	14	14	2	3	12	10	112	110	16778-8-0	31951-14-0	0	0	0	0	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration in the Radhanpur State during the year 1911-1912.

Description.	1910-1911							1911-1912							Remarks.
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			No. of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			
					Rs.	as.	ps.					Rs.	as.	ps.	
Radhanpur State.	112	16778	8	0	430	5	0	110	31951	14	0	616	10	9	
Deduct expenditure.	0	0	0	0	29	15	0	0	0	0	0	26	5	5	
Net profit.	0	0	0	0	400	6	0	0	0	0	0	590	5	4	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XVI.

Receipts and Expenditure of the Municipalities in the Radhanpur State during the year 1911-1912.

Name.	Opening balance on 1st April.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 31st March.	Remarks.
		1910-1911	1911-1912		1910-1911	1911-1912		
Radhanpur Municipality	2134-13-8	9800-10-11	10556-15-7	12691-13-3	11594-0-1	11060-11-0	1631-2-3	
Sami Municipality	0	415-12-3	191-7-8	191-7-8	1707-4-9	2257-4-5	0	
Munjpur Municipality	0	136-14-9	97-14-10	97-14-10	393-11-0	396-9-10	0	
Total	2134-13-8	10353-5-11	10846-6-1	12981-3-9	13694-15-10	13714-9-3	1631-2-3	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XVII.

Statement of rainfall in the Radhanpur State during the year 1911-1912.

State.	April 1911	May 1911	June 1911	July 1911	August 1911	September 1911	October 1911	November 1911	December 1911	January 1912	February 1912	March 1912	Total.	Total of previous year.	Average of past 5 years.	Remarks.
1 Radhanpur	0	0	3.33	0	0.8	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.54	20.8	18.70	
2 Sami...	0	0	2.23	0.7	0.5	0.71	0	0	0	0.5	0	0	3.11	21.76	18.05	
3 Munjpur	0	0	3.0	0.6	0.7	1.17	0	17	0	0	0	0	4.47	18.80	18.97	
4 Kuvar	0	0	3.44	0.16	0.37	0.62	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.59	16.27	16.61	
5 Balodhan	0	0	2.59	0	0.17	0.9	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	2.90	15.43	18.07	

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APPENDIX XVIII.

Statement showing prices of staple food-grains in the Radhanpur State

Articles.	Rate per maund during March 1911. Rs. as. ps.	Rate per maund during March 1912. Rs. as. ps.	Remarks.
Wheat	1 9 0	2—4—0	
Bajri	1 8 0	2—2—0	
Mag	1 10 0	2—6—0	
Gram	1 9 0	1—11—0	
Adad	1 9 0	3—0—0	
Banti	1 0 0	1—15—6	
Math	1 5 0	2—0—0	
Guvar	1 4 0	2—4—0	
Juwari	1 2 0	1—12—3	
Chhasto	1 3 0	2—9—0	
Jay	0 15 0	2—5—3	

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APPENDIX XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works, in the Radhanpur State during the year 1911-1912.

Description of work.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Total.	
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P	
Buildings	40000-0-0	9048-14-2	49048-14-2	0	0	0	49048-14-2	
Roads	0	11-14-6	11-14-6	0	0	0	11-14-6	
Wells and tanks	0	1033-1-8	1033-1-8	0	0	0	1033-1-8	
Miscellaneous	0	0	4021-2-0 *	0	0	0	4021-2-0	* Establishment and other charges.
Total Expenditure for 1911-1912...	40000-0-0	10093-14-4	54115-0-4	0	0	0	54115-0-4	
-Do- for 1910-1911 ...	197-4-8	26142-4-3	30704-11-9 §	0	0	0	30704-11-9	§ Includes Rs. 4365-2-10 establishment & other. charges.

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APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural Stock in the Radhanpur State during the year 1911-1912.

District.	Year.	Horses and cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
Radhanpur State	1911-12	10445	10393	95	5595	224	358	95	1555	19474	4940	0	149	2452	

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APPENDIX XXI.

Statement showing the Excise shops and Excise revenue of the Radhanpur State, during the year 1911-1912.

Name of State.		Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Bhang.		Total.		Remarks.
		Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Radhanpur.	1910-11	23	3633-5-10	21	11224-2-4	2	664-0-0	0	0	46	15521-8-2	
	1911-12	25	1081-3-0	18	11752-10-0	2	242-0-0	0	0	45	13075-13-0	

L. E. Lang Lieut,
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX. XXII. B.

Particulars of Receipts and Expenditure of the Radhanpur State

for the year 1911-1912.

No.	Items.	1907-1908			1908-1909			1909-1910			1910-1911			1911-1912		
	Receipts.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.
	Opening balance AA ...	179387	4	7	222219	3	1	422762	4	0	521037	12	10	540748	0	9
1	Land Revenue	296846	6	5	324429	6	11	308447	2	0	305097	3	4	115598	13	10
2	Local Cess	22777	2	1	46705	2	6	27779	3	2	12502	2	7	5150	8	2
3	Sale proceeds of land	199	8	0	42	0	0	116	7	4	65	4	0	41	8	0
4	Opium Revenue	6682	9	0	11927	7	6	9822	2	8	11224	2	4	11752	10	0
5	Abkari Revenue (including Bhang, Ganja. &c.)	10028	4	3	9569	1	1	11524	12	2	10885	13	11	8190	9	0
6	Jama, &c from surrounding Talukdars, ...	2259	13	2	2109	9	7	1804	10	7	1386	5	4	1767	3	1
7	Customs Receipts	80239	13	9	87107	2	9	69536	8	3	90728	0	5	53389	13	6
8	Forests	681	11	11	796	8	7	814	8	11	719	6	5	165	7	9
9	Judicial (including Stamps) ...	8821	13	11	10236	9	0	10627	1	9	9743	14	0	6119	13	8
10	Education (Fees &c.)	67	12	9	8	8	0	18	14	9	17	13	9	4	13	10
11	Guaranteed Rights	11047	6	0	11048	0	0	11048	0	0	11048	0	0	11048	0	0
12	Extraordinary Receipts ...	48	12	4	294	0	6	275	7	11	105	1	8	300100	10	6
13	Other Receipts *	102754	8	1	196053	15	2	181251	12	11	118425	5	3	701941	14	2
14	Tagavi	23143	0	11	19622	7	4	6889	10	4	5599	5	9	1998	9	6
	Total ...	565598	10	7	719949	14	11	639956	6	9	577547	14	9	1217270	7	0
	Grand Total ...	744985	15	2	942169	2	0	1062718	10	9	1098585	11	7	1758018	7	9
	Expendiure.															
1	Darbar Expenses	147926	15	11	124331	6	6	118634	2	4	119156	3	1	328348	6	9
2	Tribute	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Extraordinary Charges ...	6447	7	6	58	12	1	0	0	0	312	12	11	10069	2	6
4	Administrative (Establishment)..	24264	3	2	21847	2	7	26101	5	10	31665	10	4	32900	0	8
5	Revenue Department	27701	12	8	33568	3	5	35051	15	8	35313	15	9	27353	6	2
6	Judicial Department	7312	5	8	7581	3	6	7821	13	8	7743	6	4	7580	11	10
7	Educational Department ...	9506	8	3	9301	12	11	10120	14	9	13227	10	8	11601	9	8
8	Military (Sirbandi) Paltan ...	9202	2	9	11170	12	2	10245	12	7	11843	8	6	13964	7	6
9	Police and Body guard ...	63988	7	5	55854	15	9	55720	6	2	56931	7	11	71330	2	6
10	Jail	2285	8	2	2233	5	10	2308	0	0	2053	0	3	2194	5	8
11	Dispensary (including Vaccination.	12911	7	11	11655	5	4	11936	13	3	11745	11	11	9929	8	3
12	Forest Department	8126	4	6	7741	14	3	8333	1	11	9427	0	1	8826	1	8
13	Public Works (including Repairs)..	20291	2	0	18863	4	8	28705	10	9	30704	11	9	54115	0	4
14	Minor Establishment ‡ ...	26541	3	0	13146	4	7	12510	0	1	24400	6	8	22513	13	7
15	Dharmada (Devasthan)	14176	11	3	15413	2	11	13732	7	4	13227	9	7	14723	12	4
16	Guaranteed Rights	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Paid in liquida tion of Debts...	5878	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Miscellaneous †	134838	1	0	185165	11	11	196196	7	1	183761	5	9	946481	10	0
19	Nazarana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Purchase of Land	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Remission and Refunds ...	236	11	7	132	7	7	317	3	8	371	10	0	265	5	3
22	Relief Work	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13790	7	9
23	Tagavi	1191	10	0	1341	0	0	3944	10	10	5951	7	4	11064	0	2
	Total ...	522766	12	1	519406	14	0	541680	13	11	557837	10	10	1587052	0	7
	Closing balance ...	222219	3	1	422762	4	0	521037	12	10	540748	0	9	170966	7	2
	Grand Total ...	744985	15	2	942169	2	0	1062718	10	9	1098585	11	7	1758018	7	9

* Includes receipts from Interest, Miscellaneous Receipts, Deposits, & Advances except Tagavi.

‡ Includes Survey and Boundary, Bardashi or Guest Dept, & Municipal charges.

† Includes Political charges, charges for grass subsequently adjusted, Misc; & Unforeseen charges, Deposits and Advances other than Tagavi.

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Radhanpur State during the year 1911-1912.

Serial No.	Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.			Results of in-door patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.			Remarks.
		In-door.	Out-door.	Total.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		In-door.	Out-door.	Total.	
1	Sultana Jahan Hospital	62	7040	7102	49	3	4	6		3.60	99.15	102.75	
2	Diamond Jubilee Female Hospital	34	2300	2334	18	14	1	1		1.63	36.75	38.38	
3	Sami Dispensary	0	2854	2854	0	0	0	0	3-8-6263	0	34.18	34.18	
4	Munjpur Dispensary	0	735	735	0	0	0	0		0	9.98	9.98	
5	Kuvar Dispensary	0	1085	1085	0	0	0	0		0	16.04	16.04	
6	Balodhan Dispensary	0	1166	1166	0	0	0	0		0	18.46	18.46	
	Total ..	96	15180	15276	67	17	5	7		5.23	214.56	219.79	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Radhanpur State for the year 1911-1912.

Name.	Population as per last Census.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of Population.				Remarks.
										Births.		*Deaths.*		
		1910-11	1911-12			1910-11	1911-12			1910-11	1911-12	1910-11	1911-12	
Radhanpur City	11567	220	195	0	25	433	492	59	0	21.81	16.85	42.49	42.53	11270
Radhanpur Mahal	20199	463	263	0	195	297	123	0	174	24.23	13.26	15.58	6.08	20344
Sami Mahal	15031	393	226	0	167	307	128	0	179	30.46	15 02	23.79	8.15	15129
Munjpur Mahal	15263	367	292	0	75	249	149	0	100	25.18	12.51	17.08	9.76	15406
Balodhan Mahal	3507	151	136	0	15	65	43	0	22	42.69	38.77	18.37	12.26	3600
Total ...	65567	1594	1117	0	477	1351	935	59	475	26.49	17·03	22.45	14.26	65749

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXV.

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Radhanpur State, during the year 1911-1912.

No. of Schools.		Description of Schools.	No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
1910-1911	1911-1912		1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	High School.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	Radhanpur High School	122	120	102.46	83.96	3717-3-4	0		
3	3	Radhanpur, Sami and Munjpur Taluka Schools...	470	524	327	373	0	0	† 7884-6-4	† This includes inspection charges of the Deputy Educational Inspector Palanpur.
16	16	Village Schools	305	331	221	270	0	0		
1	1	Urdu School	65	60	71	52	0	0		
2	2	Girls' Schools	145	154	88	102	0	0		
23	23	Total.	1107	1189	809.46	880.96	3717-3-4	0	7884-6-4	11601-9-8

L. E. Lang Lieut.,
Adviser to H. H. the Nawab Saheb,
Radhanpur State.

Annual Administration Report of the Radhanpur State. for the year 1912-1913.

CHAPTER I.—*General and Political*

Boundaries.

1. The State of Radhanpur, as described in previous reports, is bounded on the North by Varahi, Bhabhar and Terwada, on the East by Terwada Kankrej and Patan District of His Highness the Gaekwar, on the South by Vanod, Dasada and Jhinjuwada, and on the west by the Runn and Warahi.

Area, villages, population and Revenue.

2. The Radhanpur State has an area of 1150 square miles. It contains 158 villages comprising a population of 65567 souls. Its gross revenue, on an average of the last 5 years, is Rs. 390198.

Tribute and Jama.

3. The State pays no tribute to the British Government or to any other State, but receives an annual Jama aggregating to Rs. 1711-15-7 from 8 villages of Chhadchhat and Santalpur, 1 of Warahi, 4 of Jhinjuwada, 4 of Wanod and Dasada. The State has a share in the Revenues of Unadi under Warahi, and in the Octroi duties levied in Terwada, for the collection of which latter, a Nakedar is stationed there.

Relations with adjoining States.

4. The relations of the State with the frontier States and Talukas continue to be friendly.

Changes in the Personnel.

5. The late adviser Lt. L. E. Lang, whose services were temporarily lent to this State, left this State on 9th February 1913.

Mr. Hargovind Harnarayan Vyas, who was appointed as Dewan of the State, joined duty on 1st December 1912, and he took charge of the State affairs from Lt. Lang on 9th February 1913.

The services of Mr. Chunilal H. Desai late Sub Registrar at Surat having been lent to this State, he was first appointed Extra Revenue Assistant and then, during the absence of Mr. Chandulal H. Thakore on leave, was appointed to act as Revenue Assistant.

Mr. Harilal Vadilal Central Famine Officer was appointed as Sar Nyayadhish vice Mr. Manilal who resigned.

Mr. Harilal Kikabhai Head Clerk Huzur Office having been appointed Superintendent Huzur Office in the Wadhvan State, he was granted 12 months' leave without pay, and Mr. Mangalbhai H. Thakore Municipal Secretary was appointed to act as Head Clerk Huzur Office vice Mr. Harilal.

6. The Birth-day of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor George V was celebrated on 3 rd June 1912 with the usual ceremonies.

Celebration of the Birth-Day of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor.

7. All State offices and schools were closed on Wednesday and Thursday the 5th and 6th June 1912, and those days were observed as days of public rejoicings, in honour of the occasion of the birth of a daughter to His Highness the Nawab Saheb on the 4th Idem.

Birth of a daughter to His Highness the Nawab Saheb.

8. The Birth day of His Highness the Nawab Saheb Shree Jalaludinkhanji being on 15th July 1912, was celebrated with great eclat and was observed as a public Holiday, all the schools and Offices of the State being closed.

Birth-Day of His Highness.

All offices and schools were also closed on 5th December 1912, the day being observed as a holiday in happy commemoration of the betrothal of Bimama Shree Subhanbakhate Saheb of Junagadh.

9. The Political Agent visited this State on the 8th December 1912 and left on 11th.

Visit of the Political Agent.

10. His Highness visited the Waghel tank on 24th December 1912 and toured occasionally into the Districts. He also visited Bombay on 2nd October 1912 and again on 31st and proceeded to Rajkot on 27th August 1912.

Tour of H. H. the Nawab Saheb.

11. 12th December 1912 was observed as public Holiday throughout the State on account of the anniversary of the Delhi Coronation Day, as also in honour of the recovery of H. E. Lord Hardinge the Viceroy of India and his first sitting in Council at Delhi.

Anniversary &c.

12. The premature death of the Begum Saheb of His late Highness Mahomad Sherkhahji on 11th Jaunary 1913 cast a gloom on the Raj-Family, and all offices and schools were closed for 3 days as a mark of honour to the deceased. Schools and offices were also closed on 10th August 1912 in consequence of the untimely death of Suba Safdarkhanji brother-in-law of His Highness at Bombay on the evening of 8th August 1912.

Death.

Offices and schools were also closed on 19th April, 14th September and 15th December 1912 respectively, in honor of the deaths of the father of the late Adviser Lt Lang, of the King of Japan and of Kumar Shree Natwarsingji, of Bansda.

13. As the States under the Palanpur Agency agreed to observe reciprocity in connection with the service of notices to inform the defendants, or other parties concerned, of the decisions passed, without charging process fees for the same, the arrangement was introduced, with the approval of the Political Agent, into the States and Thana Circles and petty jurisdictional Talukas of the Agency with effect from 1st September 1912 (vide Political Agent, Palanpur's Notification No. 7483 dated 29th August 1912.)

Reciprocity in connection with the service of notices to inform the defendants.

14. Owing to the circuitous route followed in issuing and serving summonses from the Courts of the Bombay Presidency to witnesses residing in the adjoining Native States, the disposal of a large number of criminal cases were delayed. With a view to avoid such cumbrous procedure, Government have been pleased to sanction the reciprocal transmission of applications, or summonses for the attendance of witnesses in criminal cases between the District Magistrates of the Presidency courts and the following officers of this State:—

Reciprocal transmission of summonses &c. in criminal cases.

The District Magistrate and Sessions Judge at Radhanpur.

The First Class Magistrate Radhanpur and Balodhan Mahals.

The First Class Magistrate Sami and Munjpur Mahals.

The Second Class Magistrate Munjpur.

The Third Class Magistrate Balodhan (vide Political Agent, Palanpur's No. 9472 dated 28-11-1912).

CHAPTER II.—*Administration of land.*

15. There are 163 villages in the State, including 5 depopulated villages, of these 143 are under Khalsa Revenue Vahivat, 14 are held by Bhayats, 4 by Inamdars and 2 by Dharmada holders. No alienated village lapsed to the State during the year under report.

Villages under Khalsa Revenue Vahivat and those held by Bhayats and other alienees. No lapse during the year.

16. The Administration of land is carried on according to Wahivat or practice, modified by Rules, orders & circulars issued from time to time as occassions arose.

Wahivat based on practice.

17. The State was divided into 4 Mahals, Viz, Radhanpur, Sami, Munjpur and Balodhan, which, between themselves, contained 44 Tehsils; of these the Radhanpur Mahal comprised 18, Sami Mahal 13 and Munjpur Mahal 13. From the 1st September 1912, however, the Balodhan Mahal was tacked on to the Radhanpur Mahal, and

Division of Mahals and Tehsils.

the Munjpur Mahal to the Sami Mahal, and the number of Tehsils was reduced from 44 to 32; of these the Radhanpur, Balodhan Mahal comprised 15 and the Sami-Munjpur 17.

System of collection of land revenue.

18. The system of cash assessment obtains in 103 of the villages under Khalsa revenue wahivat; 33 villages have Bhagvati or the levy-in-kind system; while in 7 villages of the Balodhan Mahal the Kolis pay in cash and the Kanbis in kind. Of the Bhayati and other alienated villages, Bhagvati obtains in 19 and Vighoti in 1. Of the 33 villages of Khalsa Vahivat in which assessment is levied in kind, 4 are in the Sami, 5 in the Munjpur, 22 in the Radhanpur, and 2 in the Balodhan Mahal.

Survey & classification.

19. No village under Vighoti Vahivat was brought under Bhagvati Vahivat, and vice versa, during the year under report. Now that the Survey work in all the Khalsa villages is completed, instructions have been issued to introduce cash assessment in those villages where still prevails the Bhagvati system and the next year will, it is hoped, see the introduction of cash assessment in these villages. Of course the present cash assessment will be fixed in conformity with the principle on which lands in the other villages have already been assessed. Survey having been finished, classification will be the next step undertaken, and when that is done, we would be in a position to know whether or not the State has suffered from the present system of recovery, and then consider what modifications are necessary after the classification results are known. Of the 11 villages unsurveyed in 1907 the survey was finished in 3 by the end of 1907-08, 2 in 1908-09, 2 in 1909-10, 2 in 1910-11 and 2 in 1911-12. No village under Khalsa revenue Wahivat remains unserveyed now.

20. The total expenditure of the temporary survey establishment comes to Rs. 869-0-6 for 8 months. The permanent establishment, inclusive of the Head Surveyor's salary cost Rs. 978-8-10. The Simada Kamdar's establishment was abolished and the survey establishment did both the work.

21. 2511 acres and 13 gunthas of new land were brought under cultivation during the year under report against 718 acres last year, and 3342-27 acres of land relinquished against 3032 acres during the preceding year, on account of its being unculturable. The last year being a famine year, no more land was brought under cultivation.

22. The following table shows the total area of land, culturable land &c &c of villages under Khalsa Revenue Wahivat.

Particulars.	1911–12 Acres.	1912–13 Acres.	Increase or decrease.
1. Total lands. ...	441551	441544	–7
2. Less Kharabo. ...	52812	52738–10	–73-30
3. Balance of culturable lands.			
(a) Talpad. ...	323109	323283–16	+174-16
(b) Pasaita. ...	65630	65522–16	–107-21
Total. ...	388739	388805–32	+66-32
4. Area under occupation.			
(a) Talpad. ...			
1. Under actual cultivation ...	20856	148873–10	+128017-10
2. Padtar, ...	195232	66765–22	–128466-18
Total. ...	216088	215638–32	449-8
(b) Pasaita. ...			
1. Under actual cultivation ...	1305	32930–33	+31625-33
2. Padtar ...	64325	32591–23	–31733-17
Total ...	65630	65522–16	–107-14
Grand Total. ...	281718	281161–8	–556-32
5 Culturable unoccupied Padtar lands..	107021	107644–24	+623-24

The above statistics show that there was a decrease of 556–32 in the total area of occupied culturable land and an increase of 623–24 acres in the Padtar Talpad land. The cause of increase in the Padtar Talpad land is due to the land being relinquished by the cultivators.

It will be seen from the above figures that out of a total of acres 215638–32 gunthas of occupied Talpad land, acres 148873–10 gunthas were actually brought under cultivation and acres 66765–22 gunthas or nearly $\frac{1}{4}$ remained uncultivated, also that out of the total of culturable Talpad land nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ remained uncultivated.

Having regard to the reduced condition of the cultivators of this State, and with a view to help them on in bettering the same, the State very considerately used to recover Vighoti only on lands which the cultivators could

actually cultivate, and no recoveries were made for lands in their occupation which they could not cultivate with the resources at their disposal.

But it seemed this practice also led to some undesirable results. The cultivators used to keep lands in their occupation which it was quite beyond their resources to cultivate and they did not even care to exert themselves to utilize their available resources to the utmost. This tended to encourage a habit of carelessness and indifference; more than that the lands in their occupation, by being left uncultivated for a number of years, suffered from deterioration which caused permanent loss to the State revenues.

24. His Highness the Nawab Saheb, ever since he came to the Gadi, evinces great interest in the matter of agriculture and is very keen about improving the condition of the agricultural class in his State. He takes great interest in the Revenue Administration of his State and deems it a pleasure to frequently go out in the districts, meet the cultivators and discuss with them questions of agricultural importance. During these frequent visits he did not fail to notice that the cultivators occupied more lands than they were able to cultivate and that it was against the best interests of both the cultivators as well as the State. His Highness came to the conclusion that the cultivators should have in their possession only lands which they were able to cultivate and give up surplus lands, so that they may be brought under cultivation by other means and saved from deterioration. It was with this end in view that a circular was issued to the effect that Vighoti would be charged on all lands in occupation of cultivators, who were given timely notice. This had the desired effect and surplus lands came to be given up. This fact may at first show an increased number of relinquishments and a greater amount of padtar land; but in the long run the result is bound to be the other way, as the lands given up gradually and gradually came under cultivation.

Thus durng the year under report, recovery of Vighoti was made on all occupied lands whether cultivated or not cultivated.

25. During the year under report, acres 275 of land were taken up in cultivation, under the concession notification No. 513 dated 12th May 1910, which had been issued to encourage cultivators to bring under plough the Padtar land which, remaining uncultivated, was liable to deteriorate.

26. No new villages could be populated during the year under report.

27. In 20 Bhayati and other villages the total culturable land amounted to 46755 acres, of which 30016 acres were under cultivaion, and 16739 acres Padtar, against 2279 acres and 44476 respectively in the previous year.

28. Excluding the sum of Rs. 11641-8-5 recovered on account of arrears of the previous years, the land revenue collected during the year amounted to Rs. 112577-12-5 against Rs. 92376-7-8 of the previous year excluding Rs. 7418-9-2 on account of arrears. The increase, though a small one, is due to the fact that the last year was a famine year, the effects of which it would yet take a long time to wipe off.

29. The Revenue of Bhayati and Inami and Dharmada villages amounted to Rs. 51874-12-9 and Rs. 7118-8-2 respectively in 1912-13 against Rs. 9422-7-8 and Rs. 2681-2-3 in the previous year.

30. The collection from the Customs revenues amounted to Rs. 18115-7-6 against Rs. 52873-12-3 in 1911-12.

Customs.

The decrease is due to the fact that the recoveries of customs duties during the preceding year were great owing to the export of grain remaining in balance in the year before it; while during the year under report there was no export as the last year was a famine year and the land yielded almost nothing.

31. Process had to be issued for the recovery of revenue dues in 87 cases during 1912-13 as against 47 during the previous year. The recovery made thereby amounted to Rs. 800.

32. Since the effects of the last famine told rather heavily on the cultivators, Tagavi was given away in a liberal spirit also during the year under report. Rs. 40062-4-0 were given away for the purchase of bullocks, and Rs. 34800-7-3 for food and seeds, making a total of Rs. 74762-12-3. The amount distributed last year for the same purposes was Rs. 69827-1-11.

33. 3 appeals and 27 cases of boundary disputes were outstanding at the end of 1911-12. 2 cases were filed during the year under report, making a total of 32 cases; of these 3 appeals and 4 cases were disposed of during the year under report, leaving in all 25 cases outstanding at the end of the year.

Boundary disputes.

34. 7 cases of internal boundary disputes are pending investigation and disposal by the Revenue Assistant. In 2 of these cases the dispute is between a Bhayat and Inamdar.

Internal boundary disputes.

35. Of the cultivators who had no receipt or Khata books, 82 were supplied with the same during the year, and the existing survey marks (bans) being not in proper order, arrangements have been made to repair them according to orders.

Cultivators' khata books and survey marks.

Revenue Assistant's work in district and the work of the Wahivatdars.

36. The Revenue Assistant was in the district for 61 days, during which period he examined Daftars of 15 Tehsils and account books of one Mahal office, togetherwith 482 Khata books of cultivators.

The Wahivatdars of Radhanpur and Sami Mahals moved into the Districts 136 and 135 days during the year and examined records of 9 and 17 Tehsils respectively.

Village accounts and Jamabandhi.

37. During the year under report changes were introduced in the system of village accounts in persuance of Huzur Order No. 1054 dated 25th September 1912, and consequently new village Forms were prepared by the Revenue Assistant in accordance with Symond's Manual and were introduced with the sanction and approval of His Highness. As these new village Forms are now prepared and cash assessment in all Khalsa villages will now replace the levy-in-kind recovery, a regular Jamabandhi system will be introduced throughout the State during the coming year.

Cultivators' occupancy rights.

38. As already said above His Highness takes great interest in the improvement of the lot of his agriculturist subjects. As a further proof of the liberal and far-sighted policy of His Highness is his idea of granting occupancy rights to the cultivators in his State. Till now the cultivators had no motive power to exert themselves to improve the lands in their possession, they did not naturally think of introducing any improvements by way of digging wells, making embankments, growing trees, or taking any great trouble about their lands. They knew that they could be deprived of the lands in their possession at any moment when it was to the interest of the Durbar to do so; and hence it was quite natural that they were altogether indifferent to improvements of any sort on their lands. It was with a view to altogether change this state of affairs that His Highness thought of signalizing his advent to the Gadi by introducing a vast change in the prevailing conditions. His Highness very rightly and very wisely thought that the cultivators should be made to feel that they do possess some permanent interest in their lands, that they are in a way masters of their lands and have certain rights in connection with them. After continued thoughts over the subject and fully satisfying himself about the soundness of the new policy, His Highness about the close of the current year, arrived at the determination to give to his agriculturist classes due rights of occupancy from the ensuing year. Rules have already been prepared after due consideration of the principles embodied in Bombay Act 11 of 1879 and the amendment of 1901, and they will come

in force with the commencement of the opening year. In framing these rules due notice has been taken of the fact that the right of free unrestricted transfer to the more backward cultivators meant the inevitable and speedy loss of their lands. It is fervently hoped that the liberal policy which His Highness has been pursuing, since his assumption of the reins of State, will bear ample fruits in due time as it is bound to do.

Salt lands.

39. Dealing with the question of land in the Radhanpur State, reference has needs to be made to the natnre and quality of the land. There is no doubt an enormous amount of good land in the State; and with an unceasing effort to bring in good and sufficient number of cultivators and to see that they, as well as those who are already on the spot, did not suffer from any lack of means of working their lands, the revenues of the State are bound to have the tendency of going up in course of time. But at the same time there are certain natural hindrances, which even our best efforts would take long to successfully fight against. There is no inconsiderable amount of salt lands lying to the South and South east of the State, which seemed to have a tendency to increase in extent. Mr. J. Monteath I. C. S, latel Adviser to His Highness the Nawab Saheb, whose name is still cherished and remembered by all classes of His Highness, subjects,as one of the best friends and well wishers of the Radhanpur State and its Ruler, noticed this natural drawback in good time and did not fail to take immediate and timely measures to fight it. He promptly arranged with Dr. Mann, Principal of the Poona Agricultural College who very kindly consented to visit Radhanpur to advise about the most suitable method of dealing with the State salt lands. They both visited a number of spots in differect parts of the State and made joint notes of the result of their inspection. Dr. Mann recommended among other things a system of bunds and drains to prevent surface water from coming on the land, and then to cause such water as falls in rain to pass through the land instead of running over the surface. He also considered the part taken by the salt dust blown from the Run of Cutch in causing salt development in lands. He was of opinion that it might do good to plant a series of lines of trees on a slightly raised ground on the border of the Runn which might diminish the effects of the wind.

These investigations were followed up by an order to the Revenue Assistant and to submit proposals, in conjunction with the Head Overseer, to erect Bunds and take steps to encourage growth of trees, wherever that could be done with advantage.

6 Bunds in the State were constructed during the year under report at a cost of Rs. 6795-7-2. 3 Bundh works at a cost of Rs. 1103-12-0 are at present in progress; while 7 Bundhs still remain to be constructed.

From the above paras it will be seen that the State has been taking all necessary measures to improve cultivation and ameliorate the condition of the cultivators by giving them facilities and making them feel and take interest in their lands.

CHAPTER III-*Protection.*

Legislation.

40. Appendix 11 shows what laws are in force in the State. No. new laws or Acts were introduced during the course of the year under report. The spirit of many Acts in force in British India is followed when necessary to meet the ends of justice.

Military and Body Guard.

41. Military Force-Appendix III. shows the constitution of the Radhanpur Body Guard and Paltan. The former consists of 1 Risaldar, 2 Daffedars and 21 sowars including a Trumpeter, and they are regularly drilled by the Risaldar. They serve as escorts to His Highness the Nawab Saheb, the members of his family and British Political Officers visiting the State. The cost of maintenance of these Body Guards amounted to Rs. 12044-13-1 as compared with Rs. 26297-0-7 of the preceding year. The increase in the preceding year is due to the fact that horses, saddlery and uniforms had to be purchased during that year.

Paltan and Band.

42. The number of the Paltan, including the Band, was 87 at the end of the year against 100 of the previous year. The men are drilled regularly by the Subedar, who is a pensioned Non-Commissioned Officer of the Indian Army. They are armed with Muzzle-loading Enfield Muskets and are chiefly employed on guard duty at the Treasuries, Jail, Palace &c. &c.

Headquarters of the Body-Guard and Paltan.

43. The Head-quarters of both the Body Guard and Paltan are in Radhanpur, and local persons are generally given preference for the sake of encouragement whenever vacancies have to be filled up.

Police mounted & Foot.

44. Police-The Police is also recruited locally as far as possible, and includes 145 foot Police of all ranks (including one drill Instructor) below the rank of Head Constables. Of these 42 are armed with muzzle loading muskets and bayonets and 103 are unarmed and provided with batons only, the mounted Police numbers 53, including 17 regular and 35 irregular, and 1 Bhoi Bargir; and there are 14 camel Sowars unarmed, all together making a total of 212 men (vide Appendix IV).

The total number able to read and write in the Police corps, is 80 against 62 at the end of 1911-12. The desirability of the Police Superintendent filling up the vacancies in future with men able to read and write cannot be too strongly impressed.

Strength of Police.

45. The total number of Police was 222 against 221 of the previous year, and the total cost of the Police amounted to Rs. 47261-13-11 including Rs. 9904-10-7 on account of the village Police against Rs. 45033-1-9 including Rs. 9680-0-7 for the village Police in 1911-12. The increase is due to the new dresses supplied to the Police. The ratio of the Police to population and area continues the same, viz, 1 to every 110 inhabitants and 1.8 square miles respectively.

Village Police.

46. Village Police–The number of village Police was 425, including 54 employed in the Bhayati and Inami villages. Of these 297 were paid in cash and the rest held land or were paid partly in cash and partly in land.

Working of Police.

47. The working of the Police is shown in Appendices V and VI. The number of offences reported to and offenders arrested by the Police amounted to 240 and 183 respectively against 201 and 163 in the previous year. The percentage of convictions, on the numbers arrested and sent up for trial, amounted to 60.65 and 64.53 respectively against 61.34 and 64.51 in 1911-12. The percentage of recovery of stolen property shows a satisfactory improvement from 47.83 to 77.31.

Criminal Justie.

48. Criminal Justice–There has been a decrease of one in the number of courts, at the end of the year under report, as the Munjpur 2nd Class Magistrate's court was amalgamated with that of Sami. Under the present arrangements the following courts exercise the powers as stated below:–

1. The Huzur Court:–All the powers of a High Court in Appeal and Revision.
2. The Court of the Sar Nyayadhish:–The powers of a Sessions Judge and District Magistrate.
3&4. The Courts of the Munsiffs at Radhanpur and Sami:— All the powers of a First Class Magistrate.
5. The Court of the Thandar at Balodhan:–The powers of a Third Class Magistrate.
6. The Court of the Revenue Assistant:– The powers of a First Class Magistrate in Revenue matters only, and of hearing of appeals against the decisions of the Wahivatdars pertaining to revenue matters only.
7,8&9. The courts of the Wahivatdars of Radhanpur and Sami Munjpur:– The powers of a Third Class Magistrate in revenue matters only.

Since 1884 the Judicial and executive functions have been separated in this State.

The Sar Nyayadish holds the powers of the District Judge and the powers to take up small causes suits upto Rs. 25 within the Radhanpur and Balodhan Mahals. He is allowed to follow the spirit of Bombay Regulation VIII of 1827 in granting heirship certificates.

Working of the Criminal Courts.

49. Appendices VII and VIII show the work of the various Courts. The number of offences reported and persons dealt with and disposed of amounted to 328, 414, 397 respectively against 445, 436, 427 in 1911-12. The number of persons remaining to be dealt with at the end of the year under report was 17 in 7 cases against 9 persons in 3 cases at the end of the previous year.

Increase and decrease.

50. An examination of Appendix VII will show that there has not been an increase in the number of serious offences this year, the majority of the offences being hurt, criminal force, assault, breach of peace and of theft. The percentage of accused acquitted and discharged in comparison with those convicted, appears to be greater but out of a total of 223, 99 persons in compoundable cases were acquitted under Sections 345 of Criminal Procedure Code.

Appeals in Criminal cases.

51. Appendix IX shows the result of criminal appeals. There were 23 applications including 1 on hand at the end of the last year; all of which were disposed of, 1 being rejected, in 14 the sentences were confirmed, in 5 modified and in 3 reversed against 4 rejected, 12 confirmed, 5 modified and 6 reversed in the preceding year. No case was outstanding at the end of the year while there was one in the preceding year.

Working of the Civil Courts.

52. Appendix X shows that during the year under report 281 new suits were instituted and 279 were disposed of, and 132 cases were left undisposed of at the end of the year against 142, 126 and 130 respectively in the previous year. The value of suits filed and disposed of amounted to Rs. 16900-6-2 and Rs 20768 -7-1 against Rs. 15738-14-6 and Rs, 8523-8-8 respectively in 1911-12. The increase in the number of suits outstanding was due to the fact that the hearing of Civil cases was postponed till 31st August 1912 on account of famine.

Applications for execution of decrees.

53. Appendix XI shows that 65 applications for execution of decrees were filed, and 29 disposed of leaving a balance of 108 against 66, 73 and 72 respectively in 1911-12. The value of applications filed disposed of and remaining undisposed of amounted to Rs, 20224-1-5 Rs. 7201-11-4 and Rs. 13022-6-1 against Rs. 10452-14-11, Rs. 4375-3-7 and Rs. 6077-11-4

respectively at the end of the previous year. The reason of arrears is explained in the preceding paragraph.

Civil appeals.

54. Appendix XII shows the working of the Civil Appellate Courts. The numbers of appeals on hand at the beginning of the year and filed during the year were 10 and 8, against 4 and 15 in the previous year respectively. Of these 17 were dispesed of and 1 appeal was pending at the end of the year. The average duration was 1 year and 21 days against I month and 24 days in 1911-12. The number of appeals in which decisions were confirmed were 11 out of 18 as against 1 out of 19 in the previous year. In addition to the above, 6 applications for revision and miscellaneous appeals were disposed of by the Huzur Court against 1 in 1911-12 and 2 miscellaneous appeals were pending at the end of the year.

The number of applications for succession certificates.

55 The number of applications for Succession certificates presented during the year under report was 26 plus 6 of the preceding year. Out of which 30 were disposed of against 20 out of 24 in the previous year.

Extradition cases.

56 Extradition-28 persons were surrendered to this State during the year under report. Of these 8 were convicted, 19 discharged and 1 remained awaiting trial against 6 convicted, 16 discharged, and 7 awaiting trial out of 29 surrendered in 1911-12. 23 were surrendered by this State to the neighbouring States and Talukas, of whom 11 were convicted, 1 acquitted, 6 discharged and intimation has not been received with regard to 5.

Jails and Lock-ups.

57 Appendix XIII shows that the number of Jails and Lock-Ups remains the same as before and that 317 prisoners were admitted into the Jails and Lock-Ups and the daily attendance was 29.19 against 373 and 32.13 respectively in 1911-12. The average period of accused remaining in Jail amounted to 19.63 days against 21.15 days in the previous year.

Registration of documents.

58 Appendices XIV and XV show the working of the registration offices during the year under report, 97 documents, concering property valued at Rs. 20821-12-0 and yielding fees Rs. 424-9-0 were registered as against 110 documents relating to property valued at Rs. 31951-14-0 and yielding fees amounting to Rs. 616-10-9 in 1911-12.

Municipalities.

59 The Municipal Administration.—Appendix XVI shows the Municipal receipts and expenditures at Radhanpur, Sami and Munjpur.

60 The Radhanpur Municipality was supported by an annual grant of Rs. 5000-0-0 during this year as against Rs. 7000 in last year. The decrease being due to the City hide-contract being ordered to be handed over to the State Municipality from the Mahajans which used to be given by them separately from the State, thus abolishing the right of the Mahajans of giving the hide-contract. The other Municipal receipts amounted to Rs. 5852-14-10 as compared with Rs. 3640-4-11 in 1911-12.

Radhanpur Municipality.

The total charges for 1912-13 amounted to Rs. 10641-9-0 including advances and deposits against Rs. 11060-11-0 in the previous year.

The Sami and Munjpur Municipalities are principally dependant on the State. ½ p. c, on imported materials is levied in these towns as Sudhara Lagats from the people. The income from this source during the year under report amounted to Rs. 347-10-6 at Sami and Rs. 117-8-7 at Munjpur against Rs. 191-7-8 and Rs. 94-14-10 respectively during the previous year The increase is due to the fact that import in the previous year was not so satisfactory, owing to famine, as in the year under report.

The disbursements on account of these two Municipalities amounted to Rs. 1218-1-11 and Rs. 269-2-5 in the year under report against Rs. 2257-4-5 and Rs. 396-9-10 in 1911-12 respectively.

Although the Munjpur Municipality has been abolished, arrangments have been made there for the supervision of sanitation.

CHAPTER IV.—*Production and Distribution.*

61 Appendix XVII—gives the rain fall during the year. The year's rain-fall was normal, 19 inches 85 cents being registered at Radhanpur, 26 inches 95 cents at Sami, 33 inches 62 cents at Munjpur, 17 inches 45 cents at Kuvar and 18 inches 17 cents at Balodhan. The rain-fall was heavy in August. In September and October there was very little rain. There was no inundation due to the overflow of the rivers as in 1909-10.

Rain-fall.

62 During the year under report Asada crops viz Bajri, Chhasto, Guwar, Banti &c. were sown but the fall of rain in the commencement being rather excessive, the cultivators could not sow these to the full extent and the sowing had to be left incomplete in some places. The late rains being not as they should have been, the growth of cotton and kalas was not as expected. Besides Khapadia and Kansari insects also did their work with the Asada crops. As for the Pasan crops, wheat, gram and barley were sown, the yield of which was generally good. There was no frost during the year.

Crops.

63 The Appendix XVIII shows the price of staple food grains. The rates of almost all grains were lower than those of the last year, the last year being a famine one.

Prices of staple food.

64 There are no natural forests in the State but gardens and plantations are maintained. The total number of gardens and plantations remain the same as last year i. e. 14 and 11 respectively. Flowers, fruits, trees and vegetables thrive well in these gardens. There are 4 plantations of Babul trees, 3 of nimb trees, 1 of Gundi trees and 3 containing different kinds of trees. The aggregate cost of the gardens and plantations amounted to Rs. 10379-1-11 against Rs. 8826-1-8 in the previous year. The income from gardens and plantations amounted to Rs. 128-15-2 against Rs. 165-7-9. The decrease is due to the discontinuance of the practice of selling the produce of gardens by auction. However when such a big amount is spent after these fruit gardens and other plantations, it is but proper and good economy to see that at least the working expenses are covered and duly repaid. The new occupancy right rules about to be promulgated will, it is ardently expected, encourage sufficient growth of trees in and about Khata lands in due time.

Gardens and plantation.

65 Export and Import:—The principal items of export were the same as before. The total value of export and import is Rs. 153756-11-2 and Rs. 531874-5-2 respectively against Rs. 21708-0-0 and Rs. 337039-6-0 in the previous year.

Trade.

66 As previously there were 3 ginning factories viz at Sami, Lolada and Munjpur. They were however not in a working position during the year under report as there was no cotton in balance, the previous year being a famine year. The cotton bales issuing from the factories are Kacha bales only, as there is no press in any of them to issue out Pacca bales. Attempt is being made however to induce some one to plant a pacca press in one of these places, since that is a great necessity, and the enterprize is sure to be paying.

Ginning factories.

67 Works roughly estimated to cost Rs. 25518 were provided for in the Budget for in 1912-13, of these Rs. 15419-3-6 were expended during the year under report.

Public works.

Appendix XIX shows the expenditure on P. W. D. It principally consisted of necessary repairs and alterations in the Palace and other State buildings. No new original work of any importance was undertaken.

68 There is a combined Sub-Post and Telegraph office at Radhanpur and Branch Post offices at Same, Munjpur, Chandur Rathavi and Lolada.

Post & Telegraph Office.

69 Emigration:-There was immigration of 3648 persons who had left the State for Sind and other places during last famine, while there was no emigration from the State during the year under report.

Emigration.

70 Appendix XX shows the number of cattle and other live stock in the State during the year under report. A census of these was taken as usual on 15th March throughout the State with the aid of the leading village residents. On comparison of the figures of the previous year there appears an increase in almost all classes of animals. This increase is due to their multiplication and also to the purchase of new ones by the State and the cultivators. During the year under report liberal grants were provided as Tagavi, and the cultivators were thus enabled to purchase a good stock of bullocks which increased the number of Santis to 5998½ from 4940½ of the past year.

Cattle and other agricultural stock.

71 Appendix XXI shows the number of excise shops and the revenue derived therefrom. The number of shops of country liquor was 25, of Bhang and Ganja 2, and of opium 18. The revenue of opium and ganja shows a decrease, the reason in the former case is due to the fact that the contractors were, in the previous year allowed to buy and import opium from Malva at much lower rates, while from the year under report they have now to purchase it at higher rates from Govt. Depots which leave them very little margin of profit; the reason in the latter case is dne to the instalments of the Ijara amount being not paid up during the year under report.

Excise shops and revenue.

72 Grass–The cutting and storing of grass is being arranged and supervised by the Revenue Department from this year. There was an abundant growth of grass in the State this year and arrangements were made to have it all cut. Importing grass from outside was not needed.

Grass.

Rules were framed and orders issued for making arrangements for storage of grass by cultivators as a provision against famine. Accordingly the cultivators have been able to cut a good stock of grass and have their individual store of grass in stacks of their own made and kept apart from the current year. The cultivators have, I am glad to say, cheerfully taken up the idea of such storage of grass by them and the system is sure to work quite successfully and show good results in due time.

73 Communications:–Whatever means of communications this State has with the outside world are useful for the fair weather only. Even internally the roads are good for the fair weather only. In the rainy season the State generally finds

Communications.

itself isolated completely from the outside world and very often from its own villages too. Pacca roads are almost impossible to construct since stones are nowhere to be obtainable in any parts of the State, nor even from the outside, there being no railway communication with Radhanpur. The State has good rich produce to export, but in that direction also the lack of Railway communication puts it to great hardships. In short, Radhanpur is completely handicapped in every way, owing to there being no railway connecting it with the outside world. It finds it quite impossible to march with the times, its agriculture suffers, arts and industries and enterprizes of any sort are all out of question, as none from outside could be induced to contribute in any way towards the furtherance of these objects. Absence of a Railway has already told most heavily on the welfare and prosperity of this State and its subjects. It is now felt to be an absolute necessity from every point of view.

A scheme to connect Radhanpur with Viramgam by Railway is already before Government. It has been long under the consideration of Government; but now it is most earnestly hoped that the question will be settled early. The Railway, if sanctioned and constructed at an early date, will undoubtedly result not only in a heartfelt boon to the Radhanpur subjects, but it will also conduce considerably to the populating and opening up of the vast country and developing its resources in every direction.

CHAPTER V - *Revenue and Finance.*

Revenue and Finance.

74. Appendix XXII shows the receipts and expenditure of the State as compared with the previous 4 years. The total receipts and expenditure in 1912-13 amounted to Rs. 1164152-1-7 and Rs. 1308739-0-11 against Rs. 1217270-7-0 and Rs. 1587052-0-7 of the previous year.

75. The causes of increase and decrease under each head are given below:-

RECEIPTS.

4. Opium Revenue:- The decrease of Rs. 3477-6-0 is due to the fact that the highest bid of the contract was this year Rs. 520 as against Rs. 4551, last year, because in the previous years the Contractors were allowed to buy opium imported from Malva at much lower rates; instead of that, they have now to purchase it at high uniformal rates from Government Depots which give them very little profit and the State has consequently suffered.

6. Jama:- The decrease of Rs. 282-6-6 is due to the fact that the dues were not recovered timely.

7. Customs Receipts:-The decrease of Rs. 35274-6-0 is extraordinary; The reason being that the customs duties in the last year greatly increased by the export of grains remaining in balance in the year before the last, while during the year under report there was no great export, as the last year was a famine year and hence the land produced almost nothing.

11. Guaranteed Rights:-The salt compensation of Rs. 11048-0-0 having not been received from Government in time, the column of receipt under this Head remained blank.

12. Extraordinary Receipts:- The increase of Rs. 100049-5-6 is due to the receipt of the loan of Rs. 400000 from the Government during the year under report as against Rs. 300000 in the previous year.

13. Other Receipts:- The decrease of Rs. 272219-2-3 is due to the fact that the amounts advanced were much less than those of the previous year.

EXPENDITURE.

3 Extraordinary charges:- The increase of Rs. 137368-5-10 under this Head is due to the remission of Tagavi given to cultivators in St 1956, 1957 and 1958 on the auspicious occasion of His Highness' Installation.

4-5 & 6 Reasons of the differences under this Head are as under:-

The decrease of Rs. 699-12-1 in the Administration Head is due to less payment on account of the Adviser to His Highness.

The increase of Rs. 1311-7-10 in the Revenue Department is due to the additional appointment of the Extra Revenue Assistant for a few months and also to the appointment of the Sami Wahivatdar on double pay to that of the previous year.

The decrease of Rs. 1708-6-7 in the Judicial Department is mainly due to the reduction in the pay of the officers.

18. Miscellaneous:- That is Heads IV, VII No. 9, XV, XXI and XXII, except Tagavi, of the Budget. The decrease of Rs. 433271-15-9 is explaind as under:-

(a) Head IV of the statement B.-This is decreased by Rs. 2533-0-4 because there was no such case to be disposed of during the year under report, as it was in the previous year.

(b) Head VII No. 9 Grass Cutting:- The increase of Rs. 4858-11-0 under this Head is due to the cutting of grass proportionately more than in the previous year which was much less on account of Famine during that year.

(c) Head XV (statement B):- The decrease of Rs. 73861-7-4 is mainly due to the fact that there were no such bills &c. to be paid as was the case in the previous year on account of Delhi Coronation &c. &c.

(d) Head XXI:- This shows a decrease of Rs. 1075-0-10 in the Head on account of less payment of personal Deposits.

(e) Head XXII:- The decrease of Rs. 360661-2-3 is also due to the fact explained in the Para 4 No. 13 of the Receipts Head, and 18 (c) of the expenditure 22 and 23. Relief works and Tagavi:-The increase of Rs. 6647-6-5 and Rs. 109058-1-9 under these Heads respectively are due to the adjustments of the sums advanced last year.

CHAPTER VI.—*Medical service.*

Hospitals and Dispensaries.

76 The number of Hospitals and Dispensaries remain the same as last year.

Vaccination.

77 The following table shows the work done by Vaccinators whose work is annually inspected by the Chief Medical officer. The results are nearly the same as those of the last year.

Year.	Primary Vaccination				Revaccination.			
	Males.	Females	Total.	Successful.	Males.	Females	Total.	Successful.
1911-12	1167	1116	2283	2218	6	0	6	3
1912-13	954	883	1837	1781	2	0	2	1

Medical Statistics.

78 Appendix XXIII shows the number of Medical Hospitals and Dispensaries, 7 Major and 340 Minor operations were performed during the year as against 16 and 307 respectively in the previous year, and the indoor and outdoor patients

and the average daily attendance were 110, 17928 and 262.18 against 96,15180 and 219 79 respectively in the previous year. The numbers of indoor and out door patients show a slight increase on the whole and the total expenditure amounted to Rs. 8182–10–10 against Rs. 9929–8–3 in the previous year.

As compared with the previous year there was an increase in the number of indoor patients in both the Hospitals and outdoor patients of all Hospitals Dispensaries except Kuver and Balodhan. There was a considerable increase, namely 1897, in the Sami Dispensary, and 881 in the Munjpur Dispensary. The increase is due to eye and skin diseases in the case of the former and to malarial fever in the case of the latter.

The number of patients treated.

79 The number of patients treated inthe State Hospitals and Dispensaries, in majority of cases, is made up of Radhanpur subjects and a few people residing in surrounding Talukas under Palanpur Agency.

80 During the year under report there was no epidemic.

No indigenous or imported cases of plague during the year.

81. There was neither indigenous nor imported cases of plague in this State during the year under report. The inspection of people coming from plague-infected places was continued as a precautionary measure.

Vital statistics.

82 The vital statistics are shown in appendix XXIV. The number of births shows a decrease of 505 and that of deaths shows an increase of 356 when compared with the figures of the previous year.

Visits.

83 Colonel H. D. Merewether Political Agent, Palanpur visited the S J. Hospital and Female Hospital and was favourably impressed and also pleased to pass the remarks that they were in excellent order and had all the medicines and that the average daily attendance was very satisfactory.

The late Adviser Lt. Lang also paid a visit to the Sami and Munjpur Dispensaries and found everything there clean and in order.

The Radhanpur Sultana Jahan Hospital and Female Hospital were also visited by the undersigned and were found to be in a clean and satisfactory condition.

CHAPTER VII.—*Education.*

Statistics of schools.

84 Appendix XXV shows particulars of English and Vernacular schools maintained by the State. The number of schools during the year under report was the same as in the previous year viz:-23. The total number of pupils at the end of the

year shows an increase of 12 boys in the High School and a decrease of 17 boys in Taluka schools and of 10 in the Girls' schools. In the average daily attendance there has been an increase of 7 and 25 in the High school and Taluka schools respectively and a decrease of 6 and 8 in the village schools and Urdu school respectively. The attendance at the Radhanpur Taluka school shows an increase of 32, Gujarwada of 8, Sami Girls' school of 3, and 6 other village schools of 11, whereas the Radhanpur Urdu school shows a decrease of 8, Sami Taluka school of 5, Kuvar school of 7, Radhanpur Girls' school of 3, and 9 other village schools of 20.

The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 10153-10-2 against Rs. 11601-9-8 in the previous year. The decrease is due partly to the fact that last year scholarships for 3 months were granted to the students who passed in the highest ranks in the Middle and High special schools' Examinations, while during the year under report no scholarships were granted to them owing to the same being abolished, and partly to the fact that the late Head Master Mr. Doshi having died, his post remained vacant for some months till, in the month of August, Mr. C K. Maheta B. A. was appointed as Head Master.

The syetem of paying monthly exhibitions to students was introduced from 1st July 1911. The monthly amount of Exhibitions given to the students according to their ranks on the first day of every month is Rs. 26/- and the system helps much in the direction of creating zeal and competition among the students.

Increase of Education.

85 The abolition of fees and introduction of Exhibition have tended to promote Education in the State and resulted in a substantial increase in the number of students

86 Th students studying in the High and Primary schools are as under:-

High School 132.

14 Brahmins.	20 Mahomedans.
71 Jains.	27 Other castes.

Vernacular Schools 1043.

158 Brahmins.	205 Mahomedans.
240 Jains.	440 Other Castes.

87 The results of the Annual Examination were stated to be on the whole satisfactory and the percentage of the students who passed the Examination is as follows:—

Radhanpur High School 56 p. c.
,Taluka School 72 p. c.
Girls' School 88 p. c.

,,	Urdu School	30 p. c.
Sami	Taluka School	61 ,,
,,	Girls' School	100 ,,
Munjpur	Taluka School	65 ,,

88. It is true that the isolated position of the State and its inhabitants has tended much to keep the people backward and they could not realize the advantages of Education to the fullest extent. But much depends also upon means and materials available to induce them to stir up. Since His Highness the present Nawab Saheb retired from his studies at the College and succeeded to the Gadi, if there was any department that drew forth his interest more than the others, it was the educational one. Realising to the fullest extent in what direction the future welfare of his people really lay and how their best interests were to be permanently advanced, His Highness at once turned his attention to the question of Education of his subjects. No time was lost in creating for them the facility of a High School which in course of time is expected to be well manned and well provided for.

The subjects of the Radhanpur State are generally very poor, and all Education, primary as well as secondary, was made free throughout the State during the rule of H. H. the late Nawab Saheb Mahomed Sherkhanji. Exhibitions and Scholarships have been created. Being himself a keen sportsman, His Highness the present Nawab Saheb did not forget that physical exercise was a necessary helpmate to mental Education. He encouraged the attendance at Cricket and other outdoor sports by himself frequently watching them at play, organizing cricket matches in which His Highness himself took part, and distributing prizes and making them feel an interest in their games in various other ways.

The High school staff was not as it should be and His Highness has issued orders to have mostly Graduates for teaching the Higher classes, and arrangements are being made for the same. Granting of scholarships to College-going students for different branches of Education is also under the consideration of His Highness. Primary Education, too is not to be neglected. Trained teachears males and females are to be gradually introduced in the Vernacular schools, and more and more schools opened as necessity seemed to arise.

CHAPTER VIII.

Records.

89. Records:-The work of sorting and classifying old records is in progress.

Horse-breeding.

90. Horse-breeding:-12 mares were covered by the State Stallion during the year under report.

Libraries.

91. Libraries:-There are two Libraries in the State, one at Radhanpur and the other at Sami. Both the Libraries are maintained by public subscription and a handsome grant from the State, and managed by a Managing Committee appointed with the approval of the State. The Bismillakhan Library at Radhanpur has been registered as one of the Registered Libraries by the Bombay Government. His Highness the Nawab Saheb also presented the Palanpur Library with a good stock of books of the value of Rs. 500, beside an annual contribution.

Printing Press.

92. Printing Press:-There is only one Printing Press at Radhanpur which does the work for the State under contract and in which the Bi-mouthly State Gazette is printed and published.

Destruction of Pig.

93. Pig-During the year 104 pigs were killed against 341 in the previous year, the reward of Re. 1-0-0 per head continued to be given.

CONCLUSION.

94. While concluding this report I would be failing in duty if I did not duly record all the kindness and sympathy, and appreciation of and encouragement in, all good work His Highness has invariably shown to myself and all my brother officers, throughout during the year's Administration. His Highness has laid all of us and the people of this State, of all creeds and communities, under great gratitude by the deep and lively interest His Highness has ever been taking in the affairs of this State, and by his keen solicitude for the welfare of his people, ever since His Highness assumed the reins of the State.

95. The interest which His Highness has been taking is varied-not limited to any particular subject or to a particular branch of Administration. He has been thinking of his cultivators, thinking of the artizens and small traders in his State, not forgetting that education, which has been backward here, must be advanced at all cost and given all encouragement in the most liberal spirit. His Highness has been doing his level best in all these directions, as the resources of his State permitted.

96. Unfortunately we find ourselves handicapped in all directions through certain circumstances. Immediately on His Highness's accession, we had to meet and provide for some very big occasions. First and foremost came the Installation and the marriage of His Highness; and then the great Delhi Darbar of 1911. All these we had to celebrate and provide for in a manner befitting the rank and position of this State, befitting the unique and unprecedented occasions themselves-occasions which but rarely presented themselves in one's lifetime. These were however the happiest events which one would

most cheerfully meet and enjoy to the best of his abilities, and indeed so they were. But the event that upset us was the famine that unfortunately soon followed. The State did not spare any pains nor grudge any expenditure. It set itself to work promptly and generously to manfully meet this most critical period, and alleviate the distress of the cultivating and labouring classes. It remitted revenues and liberally advanced Tagavi to enable the people to preserve themselves and their belongings.

97 In spite of all this His Highness has determined to continue the liberal policy to advance the welfare and prosperity of his people. For the cultivating class His Highness, among other things, latterly sanctioned rules for granting occupancy rights, and thus created a great bond permanently connecting agriculturists to their holdings. Besides, internal customs have been abolished, remission of revenue granted, and arrears written off, and a system of village grass storage introduced as a precaution against famine. To improve the lot of these agricultural classes as well as the artizen and small trading classes, a movement is set on foot and rules are being prepared for a small Bank or a Co-operative Credit Society at the instance of His Highness who has promised to subscribe in a very liberal way to give it a good start. In the direction of Education, beside making an annual subscription to the Palanpur Library and a donation to the proposed Aligarh University, His Highness has sanctioned a staff of Graduates for the higher classes in the local High school, granted exhibitions and scholarships to poor and deserving students, and is intending to create scholarships for college studies and gradually introduce trained teachers in the primary schools, and has been encouraging manly games and promoting zeal and interest in the same by granting prizes &c.

Inquiries are being made to adopt means to provide for good drinking water to the people in the town of Radhanpur, while attention is not neglected to the advancement of small arts and industries.

But a real impetus to all these good intentions and high ideas can be given if the Government are now pleased to sanction the Railway scheme that is lying before them since long, and a Railway line is constructed at a very early date, connecting Radhanpur with Viramgam.

Sd/ Harjivan Haranarayan

Radhanpur.
20th September 1913.

Dewan.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX I.

Names of high officials in the Radhanpur State and Residency officials showing changes in personnel during the year 1912–1913.

Name of officer.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From.	To.	
Mr. Chandulal Harilal Thakore.	Revenue Assistant.	1-4-1912	20-6-1912	Directly employed & on leave.
Mr. Chunilal H. Desai.	Do.	21-6-1912	31-3-1913	Services lent by Govt.
Mr. Chunilal H. Desai.	Extra Revenue Assistant.	1-4-1912	19-6-1912	,,
Mr. Manilal Ranchhoddas.	Sar Nyayadhish.	1-4-1912	30-6-1912	Resigned.
Mr. Harilal Wadilal.	Central Famine Officer.	1-4-1912	31-7-1912	Services lent by Palanpur Agency.
	Sar Nyayadhish.	1-7-1912	31-3-1913	
Mr. Manchharam Asharam Bhatt.	Private Secretary.	1-4-1912	31-3-1913	Directly employed.
Mr. S. C. Shahiar.	Police Superintendent.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Mahomed Ahesankhan.	Treasury Officer.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Gajanan L. Godbole L. M. & S.	Chief Medical Officer & ex Officio.			
	Jail Superintendent.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Husseinmiyan Mahmodmiyan Syed.	Sarbhara Superintendent & Jamdarkhana Officer.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Harilal Kikabhai Mehta.	Head Clerk Huzur Office.	1-4-1912	24-2-1913	,, & on leave.
Mr. Mangalbhai H. Thakore.	Do.	12-2-1913	31-3-1913	Directly employed.
Mr. Chaturdas Kalidas B. A	Head Master High School.	1-8-1912	31-3-1913	,,
Mr. Mangalbhai H. Thakore.	Municipal Secretary.	1-4-1912	13-2-1913	,,
Mr. Malek Jumakhan.	Do.	14-2-1913	31-3-1913	,,
Mr. Asadulla Nijamudin Sheikh.	Superintendent Record Office	1-4-1912	,,	,,

Hargovind Harnarayen,
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APPENDIX II.

List of Laws in force in the Radhanpur State.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
1 The Indian Penal Code Act XLV of 1860	yes.	Amendments applied by Notification No. 12 dated 16 September 1908	
2 The Criminal Procedure Code Act V of 1898.	"		
3 The Civil Procedure Code Act XIV of 1882 as amended by Acts VI, VII & X of 1888 and Act VIII of 1890, Act VI of 1892 until 31st December 1908 and Act V of 1908 from 1st January 1909.	"		
4 The Contract Act IX of 1872.	"		
5 The Law on Evidence Act I of 1872.	"		
6 The Opium Act I of 1878.	"		
7 The Salt Act II of 1890.	"		
8 The Succession Certificate Act VII of 1889.	"		
9 The Bombay District Police Act IV of 1890 as amended by Act III of 1898.	"		
10 The Bombay Village Police Act VIII of 1867 as amended by Act I of 1876.	"		
11 The Hindu Law.	"	Nil.	
12 The Mahommedan Law.	"	"	
13 The Court Fee Act III of 1896.	"	"	Adapted with modifications from similar Acts in force in British India.
14 The Limitation Act II of 1896.	"	"	Do-
15 The Explosive Act.	"	"	Do-
16 The Registration Act.	"	"	Do-
17 The Arms Act.	"	"	Do-
18 The Game Rules of 1908.	"	"	Do-
19 The Explosive Substances Rules of 1908.	"	"	Do-
20 The Press & Registration of Books Act XXV of 1867.	"	"	Do-
21 The Indian Press Act I of 1910.	"	"	Do-

Hargovind Harnarayen,
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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Radhanpur State, 1912-1913.

Arm of Service.	No. of fighting officers and men.						Details of force at end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments Battalions or Batteries	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			Died.	Invalided.	Discharged deserted, etc.				European Commissioned officers.	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cavalry	29	0	0	0	5	24	Bodyguard sowars.	0	0	1	2	21	12044-13-1	
Sappers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0-0-0	
Artillery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17 †	0	0	0	0	0-0-0	† Out of these only 2 are serviceable & used for firing salutes,
Infantry	76	2	1	0	7	70	Paltan.	0	0	1	18	51	10636-1-9	
Band	24	2	0	0	9	17	Band.	0	0	1	3	13		
Imperial Service Troops...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total ..	129	4	1	0	21	* 111	0	17	0	3	23	85	Rs. 22680-14-10	* Decrease is due to the vacancies being not filled up.

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APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline, and education of the Police, in the Radhanpur State for the year 1912-1913.

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Police Superintendent...	1	150+20=170	2040--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Police Inspector ...	1	50+2½=52½	790-13--2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable ...	1	40+10=50	459-10-10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable ...	1	30+10=40	476--9--7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable ...	1	25+10=35	415--2--7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable ...	1	20+5=25	313--8-10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Head Constables ...	4	15	631--3--7	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	
Havaldars	2	14	336--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Havaldars	2	13	312--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Nayaks	2	12	288--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
Nayaks	4	11	434-15--6	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	
Nayaks	6	10	708--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	
Constables	26	9	2792--6--5	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	
Constables	41	8	3931--5--0	1	2	0	3	0	11	0	
Constables	61	7	4042--1--8	5	5	0	6	0	20	0	
Drill Instructor ...	1	6	72--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Daffedar	1	23+7=30	360--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Daffedar	1	23	12--9-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Daffedar	1	22	220--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Sowars	23	21	5620--9--5	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	
Sowars	26	20	5760--6--9	0	0	0	1	0	8	0	
Camel Sowars	14	14	2144--5--8	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Bhoin-Bargir	1	7	84--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total ...	222	2888½	32295-12-10	6	7	0	10	0	80	0	

Hargovind Harnarayen,
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APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1912-1913.

Name of State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (columns 4 & 5)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Radhanpur.	201	240	163	183	155	172	100	111	40	50	61.34	60.65	64.51	64.53	

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APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and recovered in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1912-1913

State.	Amount stolen		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries to property stolen.		Remarks.
	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	
Radhanpur ...	Rs. A. P. 6703-8-7	Rs. A. P. 11047-2-6	Rs. A. P. 3200-9-10	Rs. A. P. 8541-1-6	47.83	77.31	

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APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1912-1913.

Serial number.	Description of offences.	Number of offences.			No. of cases disposed of during past year.	No. of cases disposed of during present year.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Term of imprisonment.									Capital punishment	Accused awaiting trial.	Cases awaiting trial.	Remarks.
		Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					*Imprisonment only.*		*Imprisonment and fine.*		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 3 years	From 3 to 5 years	Above 5 years.	Transportation.				
									Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
	Chapter VIII.																															
1	Offences against public tranquility Secs 143, 160.	0	2	2	1	0	8	6	0	0	3	0	3	0	6	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter IX.																															
2	Offences by or relating to public servants.	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter X.																															
3	Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants ...	0	12	12	7	8	24	11	0	0	1	0	10	0	11	13	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter XI.																															
4	False Evidence and offences against public justice. ...	0	2	2	5	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter XII.																															
5	Offences relating to Coin and Government stamps	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	Chapter XIII.																																
6	Offences relating to weights and measures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XIV.																																
7	Offences affecting the public health, safety, convenience decency and morals	0	2	2	1	2	4	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XV.																																
8	Offences relating to religion ..	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XVI.																																
9	Offences affecting the Human body.																																
	1 Murder	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2 Attempt to commit murder	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3 Culpable homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	4 Attempt to commit suicide...	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5 Causing miscarriage ...	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	6 Causing hurt (voluntarily)...	0	28	28	46	22	61	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	60	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1
	7 Causing grievous hurt ...	1	6	7	8	6	16	15	0	0	0	9	6	0	15	4	0	0	0	0	5	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	8 Wrongful restraint & confinement	0	2	2	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	9 Criminal force & assault ...	0	15	15	4	6	12	4	0	1	0	2	1	0	4	8	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10 Kidnapping	0	2	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	11 Rape	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XVII.																														
10	Offences against property																														
	1 Theft...	1	116	117	62	81	133	82	5	39	6	20	12	0	82	43	0	3	32	20	2	5	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	2
	2 Extortion	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3 Robbery	0	3	3	4	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	4 Dacoity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5 Murder in dacoity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	6 Receiving of stolen property	0	7	7	0	2	10	4	0	1	0	2	1	0	4	6	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7 Criminal misappropriation of property	0	12	12	6	11	18	10	0	3	0	0	7	0	10	8	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	8 Cheating	0	14	14	3	11	20	5	0	2	1	1	1	0	5	11	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	
	9 Mischief	0	9	9	10	5	15	5	0	0	0	0	5	0	5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10 Criminal trespass	0	3	3	3	2	2	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	11 House trespass	0	13	13	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12 Criminal breach of trust ..	0	4	4	2	3	5	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	Chapter XVIII.																														
11	Offence relating to documents &c. ...	0	1	1	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Chapter XX.																																
12	Offences relating to marriage...	0	14	14	5	6	11	6	1	4	0	1	0	0	6	5	0	0	1	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXI.																																
13	Offences of defamation ...	0	9	9	5	7	14	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
	Chapter XXII.																																
14	Criminal intimidation, insult & annoyance	0	32	32	10	13	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Chapter XXIII.																																
15	Attempt to commit offences...	0	4	4	1	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
16	Chapter XII. Cri. P. C. Secs 145–147	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
17	Chapter VIII of Cri. P. C. Secs 109–110	0	4	4	0	3	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
18	District Police Act. V. of 1867..	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
19	Cattle trespass Act. I. 1871...	0	1	1	0	1	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
20	Opium Act. I. 1878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
21	Abkari Act. V. 1878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
22	Gambling Act. IV. 1878 ...	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
23	Salt Act. II. 1890	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
24	Arms Act.	0	2	2	1	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
25	Miscellaneous	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Total. ...	3	328	331	204	205	405	171	7	58	13	37	56	0	171	223	0	3	45	40	8	13	7	1	0	1	0	0	0	17	7		

Hargovind Harnarayen,
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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX VIII.

Statements showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1912-1913.

Name of court.	No. of offences reported durig the year		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year 1912-1913	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of 1911-1912	Brought to trial in 1912-1913.					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted	Committed or referred	Persons died, escaped or transferred.		
	1911-1912	1912-1913		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons	Voluntary	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	1911-1912	1912-1913							
1.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Sar Nyayadhish	6	13	0	7	1	4	0	0	12	12	4	2	5	0	0	1	
Revenue Assistant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Radhanpur 1st Class Magistrate.	104	108	1	107	5	88	0	0	144	201	40	77	74	0	0	10	
Sami Do. Do. ...	180	113	7	72	1	23	2	0	210	105	23	22	51	0	3	6	
Munjpur Do. Do. ...	78	91	1	56	3	28	3	0	60	91	32	20	39	0	0	0	
Balodhan 3rd Class Magistate.	17	3	0	3	0	2	0	0	10	5	1	2	2	0	0	0	
Radhanpur Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sami Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Munjpur Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total. ...	445	328	9	245	10	145	5	0	436	414	100	123	171	0	3	17	

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APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1912-1913.

Number.	Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																Remarks.
			Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered.		Pending.		
					Confirmed		Modified.		Reversed.										
			Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
1	Huzur Court... ...	7	0	0	9	5	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	Sar Nyayadhish ...	16	1	1	12	9	5	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Revenue Assistant.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Total ...	23	1	1	21	14	6	5	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX X.

Civil Work——Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in the Radhanpur State during the year 1912-1913.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year Received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits Filed in 1912-1913.						Suits disposed of in 1912-1913.							Remarks.
		1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	Value.		Suits re-landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 & under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 & under Rs. 1000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1000& under Rs. 5000	No. of suits above Rs. 5000.	Ex-parte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9			10					11					12	13
												Rs.	a. p.														y. m. d.	
1	Sar Nyayadhish																											
	Regular suits... ...	2	4	3	0	5	4	1	2	4	2	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1692-7-0	2	1 8	
	Small cause suits ...	2	1	17	52	19	53	18	50	1	3	729	3 9	0	52	0	52	0	0	0	0	4	27	13	6	718-4-9	0	2 2	
2	Radhanpur Munsiff																											
	Regular suits... ...	89	92	56	86	145	178	53	81	92	97	7974	3 3	0	83	3	63	22	1	0	0	0	51	12	18	8065-5-11	0	9 15	
3	Sami Munsiff																											
	Regular suits... ...	6	13	24	51	30	64	17	45	13	19	4505	12 3	3	46	2	40	9	2	0	0	5	18	5	17	5164-13-9	0	5 25	
	Small cause suits ...	0	1	18	42	18	43	17	42	1	1	463	15 5	0	42	0	42	0	0	0	0	3	9	6	24	457-14-2	0	1 0	
4	Munjpur Munsiff																											
	Regular suits	15	16	15	34	30	50	14	40	16	10	3023	6 0	0	31	3	10	24	0	0	0	2	13	15	10	4437-2-6	0	7 12	
	Small cause suits ...	0	3	9	16	9	19	6	19	3	0	203	13 6	0	16	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	5	11	3	232-7-0	0	3 8	
	Total																											
	Regular suits	112	125	98	171	210	296	85	168	125	128	15503	5 6	3	160	8	113	55	3	0	0	7	82	33	46	19359-13-2	0	8 6	
	Small cause suits ...	2	5	44	110	46	115	41	111	5	4	1397	0 8	0	110	0	110	0	0	0	0	7	41	30	33	1408-9-11	0	1 26	
	Grand Total	114	130	142	281	256	411	126	279	130	132	16900	6 2	3	270	8	223	55	3	0	0	14	123	63	79	20768-7-1	0	5 21	

Hargovind Harnarayen,
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APPENDIX XI.

Civil Work—Results of applications for execution of decrees.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Application brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of.			Remarks.
	1911-12	1912-13		1911-12	1912-13	Value for present year.	1911-12	1912-13	Value for present year.	1911-12	1912-13	Value for present year.	1911-12	1912-13	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1 Sar Nyayadhish	0	1	2145-0-0	5	5	2374-9-3	5	6	4519-9-3	4	5	4503-14-2	1	1	15-11-1	1	0	0	
2 Radhanpur Munsiff ...	66	58	2363-4-8	27	31	8807-5-8	93	89	11170-10-4	35	15	1743-9-11	58	74	9427-0-5	17	3	54	
3 Sami Munsiff	8	7	998-9-2	24	24	1637-3-0	32	31	2035-12-2	25	8	693-11-3	7	23	1942-0-11	17	0	6	
4 Munjpur Munsiff	5	6	570-13-6	10	5	1327-4-2	15	11	1898-1-8	9	1	260-8-0	6	10	1637-9-8	4	0	6	
Total... ...	79	72	6077-11-4	66	65	14146-6-1	145	137	20224-1-5	73	29	7201-11-4	72	108	13022-6-1	39	3	66	

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APPENDIX XII.

Civil Work—Number and results of appeals in Civil Suits in the Radhanpur State during the year 1912-1913.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of.								Average duration.						Remarks.
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		1911-1912			1912-1913			
	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.	
Huzur Court ...	1	9	9	4	10	13	1	13	9	0	3461-12-9	151-0-0	0	8	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	2	0	3	22	1	3	6	
Sar Nyayadhish ...	3	1	6	4	9	5	8	4	1	1	505-4-8	442-12-0	1	3	0	0	5	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	17	0	4	18	
Total...	4	10	15	8	19	18	9	17	10	1	3967-1-5	593-12-0	1	11	0	1	5	2	2	1	1	2	0	1	24	1	0	21	

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APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Radhanpur State during the year 1912-1913.

Stations	No. of prisons.	No. of prisoners.				Daily Average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total Cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.							
				1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13				
Radhanpur	1	19	198	172	217	19.94	29.77	34	2738-4-6	19.79	2 convicts died in the Radhanpur Jail.
Sami...	1	13	109	193	122	11.3	0.3	2		21.3	
Munjpur	1	0	0	21	0	1.4	0	0		0	
Balodhan	1	0	10	7	10	0.12	0.11	0		.12	
Total ...	4	32	317	393	349	32.13	29.91	36		19.63	

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APPENDIX XIV.

Registration of documents in the Radhanpur State during the year 1912-1913

Names of State Courts.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	1911-12	1912-13	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
1 Sar Nyayadhish ...	6	2	5	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	6	2	10621-0-0	2575-0-0	0	0	0	0	
2 Radhanpur Munsiff	93	82	70	77	0	0	10	4	3	0	10	1	93	82	19626-14-0	14491-4-0	0	0	0	0	
3 Sami Munsiff ...	9	6	6	5	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	9	6	1538-0-0	1265-0-0	0	0	0	0	
4 Munjpur Munsiff	2	7	2	4	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	7	166-0-0	2490-8-0	0	0	0	0	
Total. ...	110	97	83	86	0	1	14	9	3	0	10	1	110	97	31951-14-0	20821-12-0	0	0	0	0	

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APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration in the Radhanpur State during the year 1912-1913.

Description.	1911-1912							1912-1913							Remarks.
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			No. of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			
					Rs.	as.	ps.					Rs.	as.	ps.	
Radhanpur State.	110	31951	14	0	616	10	9	97	20821	12	0	424	9	0	
Deduct expenditure.	0	0	0	0	26	5	5	0	0	0	0	27	15	6	
Net profit.	0	0	0	0	590	5	4	0	0	0	0	396	9	6	

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APPENDIX XVI.

Receipts and Expenditure of the Municipalities in the Radhanpur State during the year 1912-1913.

Name.	Opening balance on 1st April.	Receipts during the year		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 31st March.	Remarks.
		1911-1912	1912-1913		1911-1912	1912-1913		
Radhanpur Municipality	1631-2-3	10556-15-7	10852-14-10	12484-1-1	11060-11-0	10641-9-0	1842-8-1	
Sami Municipality	0	191-7-8	347-10-6	347-10-6	2257-4-5	1218-1-11	0	
Munjpur Municipality	0	97-14-10	117-8-7	117-8-7	396-9-10	269-2-5	0	
Total... ...	1631-2-3	10846-6-1	11318-1-11	12949-4-2	13714-9-3	12128-13-4	1842-8-1	

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APPENDIX XVII.

Statement of rainfall in the Radhanpur State during the year 1912-1913.

State.	April 1912	May 1912	June 1912	July 1912	August 1912	September 1912	October 1912	November 1912	December 1912	January 1913	February 1913	March 1913	Total.	Total of previous year.	Average of past 5 years.	Remarks.
1 Radhanpur	0	0	0.72	11.88	5.15	0.46	1.63	0.1	0	0	0	0	19.85	3.54	17.88	
2 Sami...	0	0.5	4.41	13.48	5.15	3.30	0.24	0.32	0	0	0	0	26.95	3.11	20.45	
3 Munjpur	0	0	3.52	21.90	6.94	1.13	0.13	0	0	0	0	0	33.62	4.47	21.20	
4 Kuvar	0	0	1.2	10.80	2.55	3.5	0	0.3	0	0	0	0	17.45	4.59	15.81	
5 Balodhan	0	0	0.90	6.31	9.1	1.95	0	0	0	0	0	0	18.17	2.90	17.40	

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APPENDIX XVIII.

Statement showing prices of staple food-grains in the Radhanpur State.

Articles.	Rate per maund during March 1912. Rs. as. ps.	Rate per maund during March 1913. Rs. as. ps.	Remarks.
Wheat	2 4 0	1-11--0	
Bajri	2 2 0	1--9--6	
Mag	2 6 0	2--4--0	
Gram	1 11 0	1--5--0	
Adad	3 0 0	2--6--0	
Banti	1 15 6	1--1--0	
Math	2 0 0	1--9--0	
Guvar	2 4 0	1--9--0	
Juwari	1 12 3	1--6--0	
Chhasto	2 9 0	1--5--0	
Jav	2 5 3	1-10--0	

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APPENDIX XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works, in the Radhanpur State during the year 1912-1913.

Description of work	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Total.	
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Buildings	238-15-3	10829-11-10	11068-11-1	0	0	0	11068-11-1	
Roads	0	12-8-6	12-8-6	0	0	0	12-8-6	
Wells and tanks	637-7-4	663-14-5	1301-5-9	0	0	0	1301-5-9	
Miscellaneous	0	3036-10-2	3036-10-2 *	0	0	0	3036-10-2	* Establishment and other charges.
Total Expenditure for 1912-1913 ...	876-6-7	14542-12-11	15419-3-6	0	0	0	15419-3-6	
-Do- for 1911-1912 ...	40000-0-0	10093-14-4	54115-0-4 §	0	0	0	54115-0-4	§ Includes Rs. 4021-2-0 establishment & other. charges.

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APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural Stock in the Radhanpur State during the year 1912-1913.

District.	Year.	Horses and cattle									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
Radhanpur State	1912-13	12397	16290	179	6127	215	330	70	1867	44426	5998	0	349	2506	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXI.

Statement shewing the Excise shops and Excise revenue of the Radhanpur State, during the year 1912-1913.

Name of State.		Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Bhang.		Total.		Remarks.
		Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Radhanpur.	1911-12	25	1081-3-0	18	11752-10-0	2	242-0-0	0	0	45	13075-13-0	
	1912-13	25	1101-5-4	18	8275-4-0	2	4-0-0	0	0	45	9380-9-4	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXII. B.

Particulars of Receipts and Expenditure of the Radhanpur State.

for the year 1912–1913.

No.	Items.	1908–1909			1909–1910			1910–1911			1911–1912			1912–1913		
	Receipts.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as	as.
	Opening balanco AA ...	222219	8	1	422762	4	0	521037	12	10	540748	0	9	170966	7	2
1	Land Revenue...	324429	6	11	308447	2	0	305697	3	4	115598	13	10	133653	8	9
2	Local Cess	46705	2	6	27779	3	2	12502	2	7	5150	8	2	7551	8	10
3	Sale proceeds of land	42	0	0	116	7	4	65	4	0	41	8	0	344	10	0
4	Opium Revenue	11927	7	6	9822	2	8	11224	2	4	11752	10	0	8275	4	0
5	Abkari Revenue (including Bhang, Ganja. &c.)	9569	1	1	11524	12	2	10885	13	11	8190	9	0	9784	8	1
6	Jama, &c from surrounding Talukdars, ...	2109	9	7	1804	10	7	1386	5	4	1767	3	1	1484	12	7
7	Customs Receipts	87107	2	9	69536	8	3	90728	0	5	53389	13	6	18115	13	6
8	Forests	796	8	7	814	8	11	719	6	5	165	7	9	128	15	2
9	Judicial (including Stamps) ...	10236	9	0	10627	1	9	9743	14	0	6119	13	8	6227	1	10
10	Education (Fees &c.)	8	8	0	18	14	9	17	13	9	4	13	10	2	15	6
11	Guaranteed Rights	11048	0	0	11048	0	0	11048	0	0	11048	0	0	0	0	0
12	Extraordinary Receipts ...	294	0	6	275	7	11	105	1	8	300100	10	6	400150	0	0
13	Other Receipts *	196053	15	2	181251	12	11	118425	5	3	701941	14	2	429722	11	11
14	Tagavi	19622	7	4	6889	10	4	5599	5	9	1998	9	6	148710	9	5
	Total ...	719949	14	11	639956	6	9	577547	14	9	1217270	7	0	1164152	1	7
	Grand Total ...	942169	2	0	1062718	10	9	1098585	11	7	1758018	7	9	1335118	8	9
	Expendiure.															
1	Darbar Expenses	124331	6	6	118634	2	4	119156	3	1	328348	6	9	271917	13	1
2	Tribute	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Extraordinary Charges ...	58	12	1	0	0	0	312	12	11	10069	2	6	147437	8	4
4	Administrative (Establishment).	21847	2	7	26101	5	10	31665	10	4	32900	0	8	32200	4	7
5	Revenue Department	33568	3	5	35051	15	8	35313	15	9	27353	6	2	28664	14	0
6	Judicial Department	7581	3	6	7821	13	8	7743	6	4	7580	11	10	5872	5	3
7	Educational Department ...	9301	12	11	10120	14	9	13227	10	8	11601	9	8	10153	10	2
8	Military (Sirbandi) Paltan ...	11170	12	2	10245	12	7	11843	8	6	13964	7	6	10636	1	9
9	Police and Body guard ...	55854	15	9	55720	6	2	56931	7	11	71330	2	6	59306	11	0
10	Jail	2233	5	10	2308	0	0	2053	0	3	2194	5	8	2738	4	6
11	Dispensary (including Vaccination	11655	5	4	11936	13	3	11745	11	11	9929	8	3	8182	10	10
12	Forest Department	7741	14	3	8333	1	11	9427	0	1	8826	1	8	10897	1	11
13	Public Works (including Repairs)..	18863	4	8	28705	10	9	30704	11	9	54115	0	4	15419	3	6
14	Minor Establishment ‡ ...	13146	4	7	12510	0	1	24400	6	8	22513	13	7	34638	8	5
15	Dharmada (Devasthan) ...	15413	2	11	13732	7	4	13227	9	7	14723	12	4	16383	15	0
16	Guaranteed Rights	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Paid in liquida tion of Debts ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Miscellaneous §	185165	11	11	196196	7	1	183761	5	9	946481	10	0	513209	10	3
19	Nazarana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Purchase of Land	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Remission and Refunds ...	132	7	7	317	3	8	371	10	0	265	5	3	520	6	3
22	Relief Work	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13790	7	9	20437	14	2
23	Tagavi	1341	0	0	3944	10	10	5951	7	4	11064	0	2	120122	1	11
	Total ...	519466	14	0	541680	13	11	557837	10	10	1587052	0	7	1308739	0	11
	Closing balance ...	422762	4	0	521037	12	10	540748	0	9	170966	7	2	26379	7	10
	Grand Total ...	942169	2	0	1062718	10	9	1098585	11	7	1758018	7	9	1335118	8	9

* Includes receipts from Interest, Miscellaneous Receipts, Deposits, & Advances except Tagavi.

‡ Includes Survey and Boundary, Bardashi or Guest Dept, & Municipal charges.

§ Includes Political charges. charges for grass subsequently adjusted, Misc; & Unforeseen charges, Deposits and Advances other than Tagavi.

Hargovind Harnarayen,
Dewan
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Radhanpur State during the year 1912-1913.

Serial No.	Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.			Results of in-door patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.			Remarks.
		In-door.	Out-door.	Total	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment		In-door.	Out-door.	Total	
1	Sultana Jahan Hospital	65	7653	7718	58	5	1	1		2.77	111.40	114.17	
2	Dimond Jubilee Female Hospital	45	2361	2406	26	16	2	1		2.12	35.80	37.92	
3	Sami Dispensary	0	4747	4747	0	0	0	0		0	64.13	64.13	
4	Munjpur Dispensary	0	1616	1616	0	0	0	0		0	21.36	21.36	
5	Kuvar Dispensary	0	978	978	0	0	0	0		0	15 86	15.86	
6	Balodhan Dispensary	0	573	573	0	0	0	0		0	8.74	8.74	
	Total ...	110	17928	18038	84	21	3	2		4.89	257 29	262:18	

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Dewan.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Radhanpur State for the year 1912-1913.

Name.	Population	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of Population.				Remarks.
		1911-12	1912-13			1911-12	1912-13			*Births.* 1911-12	*Births.* 1912-13	*Deaths.* 1911-12	*Deaths.* 1912-13	
Radhanpur City	11270	195	119	0	76	492	700	208	0	16.85	10.55	42.53	62.11	10689
Radhanpur Mahal	20344	268	123	0	145	123	137	14	0	13.26	6.04	6.08	6.73	20330
Sami Mahal	15129	226	111	0	115	128	192	64	0	15.02	7.33	8.15	12.69	15048
Munjpur Mahal	15406	292	185	0	107	149	206	57	0	12.51	12.0	9.76	13.37	15385
Balodhan Mahal	3600	136	74	0	62	43	56	13	0	38.77	20.55	12 26	15.55	3618
Total ...	65749	1117	612	0	505	935	1291	356	0	17.03	9.30	14.26	19,63	65070

Hargovind Harnarayen.
Dewan.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXV.

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Radhanpur State, during the year 1912-1913.

No. of Schools. 1911-1912	No. of Schools. 1912-1913	Description of Schools.	No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March. 1911-1912	No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March. 1912-1913	Daily average attendance. 1911-1912	Daily average attendance. 1912-1913	Expenditure. High School.	Expenditure. Secondary.	Expenditure. Primary.	Remarks.
1	1	Radhanpur High School	120	132	83.96	90.16	2621-4-3	0		
3	3	Radhanpur, Sami and Munjpur Taluka Schools...	524	507	373	398	0	0	† 7532-5-11	† This includes inspection charges of the Deputy Educational Inspector Palanpur.
16	16	Village Schools	331	332	270	264	0	0		
1	1	Urdu Schools	60	60	52	44	0	0		
2	2	Girls' Schools	154	144	102	102	0	0		
23	23	Total.	1189	1175	880.96	898.16	2621-4-3	0	7532-5-11	10153-10-2

Hargovind Harnarayen,
Dewan.
Radhanpur State.

Annual Administration Report of the Radhanpur State for the year 1913-1914.

CHAPTER I.—*General and Political.*

Boundaries.

1. The State of Radhanpur, is bounded on the North by Warahi, Bhabhar and Terwada, on the east by Terwada, Kankrej, and the Patan District of His Highness the Gaekwar, on the south by Vanod, Dasada and Jhinjuwada of Kathiawar Agency, and on the west by the Runn and Warahi.

Area, Villages, Population and Revenue.

2. It comprizes an area of 1150 square miles, and contains 158 villages with a population of 65567 people. The gross revenue, on an average of the last 5 years, is Rs 394360.

Tribute and Jama.

3. The State pays no tribute to the British Government or to any other State. It annually receives Jama, aggregating to Rs. 1711-15-7, from 8 villages of Chhad-chhat and Santalpur, 1 of Warahi, 4 of Jhinjuwada, 5 of Vanod and Dasada and holds a share in the revenues of Unadi under Warahi, and in the octroi duties levied in Terwada, where a Nakedar is stationed for the collection of these duties by the Radhanpur State.

Relations with adjoining States.

4. Its relations with the neighbouring States and Talukas continue to be cordial and friendly.

Changes in the Personnel.

5. Mr. Chandulal Harilal Thakore, late Revenue Assistant, was during the year under report, appointed personal Assistant to His Highness the Nawab Saheb from 23rd June 1913 on a salary of Rs. 250 p. m., and Mr. Chunilal H. Desai, who was acting as Revenue Assistant during the absence on leave of Mr. Chandulal, was confirmed in his place.

The lien of Mr. Harilal K. Maheta, former Head Clerk in the Huzur office is retained in the State service for a further period of 5 years on a post of Rs. 100, and Mr. Mangalbhai as Head Clerk, and Malek Jumakhan as Municipal Secretary, were confirmed.

H. H.'s tour to Lanoli.

6. Her Highness the Begum Saheb's health being indifferent for some time in the beginning of the year, and the Doctors having recommended a change to Lanoli, His Highness, accompanied by Her Highness, went to Lanoli and stayed there for about a month. His Highness, on an invitation from the Bansda Darbar,

visited Bansda and stayed there for a week, during which time His Highness bagged one tiger. His Highness also went to Mahableshwar for a week to take part in the Polo Tournament, returning to Radhanpur, with Her Highness the Bagum Saheb, on 18th May 1913.

Birth Day of His Imperial Majesty.

7. The Birth Day of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor George V was celebrated on 3rd June 1913 with the usual ceremonies.

Chidren's Day

8. 20th June, which was fixed as the Children's Day, was observed and celebrated with great eclat in the High School building in the morning. A wire of congratulation for the providential escape and complete recovery of His Excellency the Viceroy was sent by the Dewan, on behalf of all children, which was duly acknowledged with warm thanks, followed by a letter No. 3403 dated 7th July conveying His Excellency the Viceroy's gratitude for the celebration and sincere thanks for the loyalty and devotion which had been displayed throughout the State. Also in the evening arrangements for the amusement and entertainment of young school-going boys and girls were made in the Merewether Park by the Dewan, which all enjoyed with great pleasure and delight and dispersed with ardent prayers for long life and prosperity to His Excellency.

Birth day of His Highness.

9. The Birth day of His Highness the Nawab Saheb was celebrated with due eclat on 4th July 1913, on which day, early in the morning the boys and girls of the different Schools had gathered, dressed in gay holiday attire, in the Raj Ghadi Compound. Poems and Garbas suited to the occasion were recited and sung by these boys and girls, sweetmeats distributed, and a rupee each given as present to all of them. This constituted the first event in the programme of this day of great rejoicings, in which participated all classes and communities, Masters and students, officers and Darbari people, merchants and all.

8 prisoners of the Radhanpur Jail were also released in the morning and 5 were granted remission on this auspicious day.

In the afternoon, a gathering was held in the Library Building, where addresses from the citizens of the town and the Sami-Munjpur Mahal people were presented to His Highness in beautiful silver caskets. Previous to this the people and subjects of His Highness had at a meeting resolved to commemorate this Birth day of His Highness by starting the idea of forming Co-Operative Credit Socities in the State and securing the approval and

benedictions of His Highness for the noble object. They placed this resolution of their meeting before His Highness at this gathering of presentation of the various addresses. His Highness, while giving his reply, congratulated them all on the splendid idea, and, in his usual magnanimous and patronizing manner, expressed his great satisfaction and complete approval. His Highness practically showed his full sympathy by there and then announcing a princely contribution of Rs. 4000 as donation, Rs. 6000 as deposit, and Rs. 10000 as a loan to give a fair start to any such socities that may come into existence. His Highness was also pleased to announce a remission of Rs. 50000 on account of past revenue arrears.

An evening party was held in the Melewether Garden where a programme of various sports and entertainments having been gone through by school boys and girls, all dispersed after refreshments provided on a grand scale.

At night a big Darbar was held in the palace which was nicely illuminated and tastefully decorated. Bhayats and Officials, merchants and citizens of the town all made their usual Nazars, and the customary functions having been performed, the great Darbar terminated amidst great rejoicings.

Kharitas from His Excellency the the Governor.

10. The usual Kharitas were received from the Right Honorable Freeman Freeman-Thomas Baron Willingdon of Ratton G. C. I, on his assumption of the charge of the Bombay Government, and on the appointment of Mr. J. W. Wood C. I. E. as the first Political Secretary to the Government of India, which were duly acknowledged.

Donation.

11. A donation of Rs. 200 was given by His Highness to the Secretary of the Bombay Natural History Society towards the scientific work and Natural Survey of Mammals of India.

12. Government have sanctioned the continuance of the practice of direct correspondence as mentioned in para 15 of the Annual Report 1911-12 between officers of the Baroda State and those of the British Districts and Native States, in cases of encroachments on either side of the undisputed boundary (Vide Political Agent, Palanpur's No. 6350 dated 10-12-13.)

13. As described in para 13 of the Annual Report 1911-12, Government have been pleased to sanction the following rules for the execution of repairs to boundary marks between the Baroda State and the British Districts and area under British Jurisdiction other than the Dangs (Vide Political Agent, Palanpur No. 4126 dated 7-8-13):-

1. The authority which finds a frontier boundary mark out of repair should undertake the repairs and should at once inform the opposite party, supplying at the same time an estimate of the cost of the repairs.

2. On the receipt of such information and estimate, the opposite party should at once remit to the originating party half of the estimated cost. Due notice of the date on which the repairs are to be begun, should be given to the opposite party, who may, if they think fit, depute an officer to attend while the work is in progress.

3. On completion of the repairs, their actual cost should be shared equally by the two parties and the necessary adjustments should be made in respect of the amount already paid by the opposite party.

4. The officers of the two parties should certify jointly the completion of the work and the adjustment of the actual cost in equal shares.

14. As stated in para 12 of the Annual Report 1911-12 the Government have been pleased to declare that the system of direct service of non-compulsory processes i. e. summonses and notices between the Civil and Revenue courts of the Baroda State and those of the Native States in the Gujarat Agencies is made permanent (vide Political Agent, Palaupur's No. 5327 dated 17-10-13).

15. The reciprocity of granting travelling and subsistence allowance to witnesses in Criminal cases was sanctioned by the Political Agent, Palanpur under his No. 5939, dated the 19th November 1913, between this State and the Bikaner State.

16. Government have been pleased to provisionally approve the proposal that the arrangement for direct transmission of summonses in Criminal cases between British Courts and the Courts of Native States mentioned in the High Court Circular No. 13, should be extended to all the Native States mentioned in the Circular inter se, subject to the conditions prescribed therein (P. A. Palanpur's No. 6217 dated 2-11-13).

This system has been reported to work satisfactorily.

17. With a view to facilitate the detection of crime, the Governmet of India have decided that Police Telegrams despatched in connection therewith in the various provinces of India should take precedence over Foreign, Private and express Inland State telegrams. The Political Agent, Palanpur, having requested this State to submit a list of those officers who are to be authorized to send these Special Police Telegrams, the names of the Superintendent of

Police and City Mahal Fouzdar, Radhanpur, have been communicated under this Office No. 60 dated 27-1-1914.

18. Government have been pleased to allow all Native States purchasing Imperial Service Stamps at face value to authorize any of the officials of such State to use service stamps on State Service correspondence and to post such correspondence in any post office in India without the previous permission of the Post Office (Vide Political Agent, Palanpur's No. 6218 dated 21-12-13).

19. During the year under report the following distinguished guests, among others, visited Radhanpur:—

Saheb Zada Matiullakhan of Tonk.

C. K. Macnamora Esq. Assistant Collector Salt Revenue N. F. Kharaghoda.

20. A deputation consisting of Jamadar Arabsha and Kacharabhai arrived here from Bhuj with invitation to the State on the marriage occasion of K. S. Manubha son of His Highness the Rao Saheb of Cutch, and a Ceremonial poshak of honour was sent to Bhuj for the occasion on behalf of the State.

CHAPTER II— *Administration of land.*

21. The State comprizes 163 villages, including 5 depopulated villages; 143 of these are under Khalsa Revenue Vahivat, 14 are held by Bhayats, 4 by Inamdars and 2 by Dharmada holders. No change in the number of alienated villages occurred during the year under report.

Villages under Khalsa Revenue Vahivat and those held by Bhayats and other alienees.

22. The Administration of land is carried on according to Wahivat or practice. Modifications are made however by rules, orders and circulars, issued from time to time, as occasions arose.

Vahivat based on practice.

The necessity for a State Revenue Code has been felt for some time, and the Revenue Assistant has been entrusted with the task of codifying all the Rules, Circulars, and Vahivat, that have been followed in the State into a short concise form. An attempt had been made in the time of late Col. Lyde in this direction, but the draft was not found suitable and the matter had to be dropped. What we want is not an elaborate and complicated collection of rules, but a simple short code, in a concise form, which must embody all the principles and necessary rules for revenue and land Administration, and must be mainly based on the practice in vogue in the State, and the rules and circulars already promulgated by the State. The compilation of such a code is by no means an easy task, but it is hoped it shall be done, and the code introduced, during the next year.

23. The State is divided into 2 Mahals, viz,. Radhanpur-Balodhan and Sami-Munjpur, the former consisting of 15 Tehsils and the latter 17. They are managed by the Revenue Assistant. The number of Tehsils remained the same as during the last year.

Division of Mahals.

24. The system of cash assessment obtains now in 139 villages, against 103 of last year, and that of Bhagvati of the levy in kind system, prevails only in 4 villages, viz, 2 in Radhanpur Mahal and 2 in Sami Mahal, against 33 in the previous year. 7 villages of the Balodhan Mahal, where Kolis used to pay in cash and Kunbis in kind, were also turned into Vighoti or cash-assessment paying villages. Thus 36 villages in all have already been brought under vighoti Vahivat during the year under report, making the total of 139 villages under the cash assessment system.

System of collection of land revenue.

The 2 villages of the Radhanpur Mahal are newly populated and it has not been deemed advisable to disturb the arrangement now. The 2 villages in the Sami Mahal involved a question, of the land of a class of people known as the Kasbatis, and it was a very difficult and complicate question of replacing the Bhagvati system by the Vighoti, in these villages. Bnt it gives me great pleasure to note that all the difficulties and complexness were got over by the personal influence of His Highness, who went himself in their midst, and explained to them the advantages and eventually succeeded in getting them to agree to a settlement of Vighoti over their lands, and, thanks to the personal interest taken by His Highness at a great personal trouble and inconvenience, ~~that~~ a great and complicate matter was thus brought to a speedy solution.. Arrangements shall now soon be made to introduce the Vighoti rates in these Kasbati villages.

25. As said above, cash assessment was introduced in all the villages under Khalsa Vahivat, except 4 which will also soon be cash assessment paying villages.

Survey & Classification.

As mentioned in the previous report, there is no Khalsa village which has not come under survey, except the 2 villages of Kolapur and Nava Jetalpura which have been newly populated. The new cultivators had not distributed the lands between themselves, and so the survey could not be done, but the work will be taken in hand with the commencement of the new year. Steps are taken to have the 3 Inami, 1 Bhayati and 2 Dharmada villages, yet unsurveyed brought under survey.

It is a great question whether classification in this territory by scientific process, or at the hands of classers, would or would not be advisable under the peculiar nature and circumstances of the lands which are subject to sudden changes.

An opinion is gaining ground that the lands being in most parts sandy, and being often subject to being turned into salty lands, it is no good undertaking classification and fixing rates according to the classification process, and it would be more advisable to consider the question in the light of further experience that may be gained hereafter.

The total expenditure of the temporary survey establishment comes to Rs. 632-2-5. The permanent establishment, inclusive of the Surveyor's salary, cost Rs. 1168-2-4.

26. During the year under report, 37 new cultivators have settled in the State, and cultivated 931 acres of Padtar land; and 4127 acres of Padtar land were brought under the ploygh by the old cultivators, making a total of 5068 acres of the padtar lands newly brought under cultivation, against 2511 acres and 13 Gunthas last year; 27470 acres 8 Gunthas of land were relinquished by the old cultivators, against 1147 acres of land in the previous year. These relinquishments are explained further on in this report.

27. The following table shows the total areas of land, culturable land &c &c of villages under Khalsa Revenue Vahivat.

Particulars.	1912-13 Acres.	1913-14 Acres.	Increase or decrease.
1. Total lands. ...	411544	467361-29	+25817-29
2. Less Kharabo; ...	52738-10	41825-33	-11412-17
3. Balance of culturable lands. ...			
(a) Talpad ...	323283-16	358932-10	+35603-34
(b) Pasaita. ...	65522-16	67103-26	+1581-10
Total ...	388805-32	426035-36	+37185-4
4. Area under occupation.			
(a) Talpad ...			
1. Under actual cultivation ...	148873-10	158897-9	+10023-39
2. Padtar, ...	66765-22	50127-14	-16638-8
Total. ...	215638-32	209024-23	-6614-9
(b) Pasaita. ...			
1. Under actual cultivation ...	32930-33	45419-10	+12847-27
2. Padtar. ...	32591-23	21684-16	-10907-7
Total ...	65522-16	67103-26	+1581-10
Grand Total ...	281161-8	276128-9	-5032-39
5 Culturable unoccupied Padtar lands.	107644-24	149907-27	+42263-3

The above statistics show that there was a decrease of 5032-39 acres in the total area of occupied culturable land, and an increase of 42263-3 acres in the Padtar land, and the causes effecting this result are explained below.

It will be seen from the above figures that, out of a total of acres 209024-23 gunthas of occupied Talpad land, acres 1588979 gunthas were

actually brought under cultivation, and acres 50127-14 gunthas or nearly ¼ remained uncultivated, also that, out of the total of culturable Talpad land, over ¼ remains uncultivated.

28. Uptill St. year 1967 the cultivators in this State used to occupy a lot of land wh h they were unable to cultivate and which were beyond their resources of cultivation. They cultivated as much land as they could and kept the remaining uncultvated, and the Vighoti of these was usually remitted and the cultivators consequently remained indifferent and did not care to give up excess land in their possession. In St 1968 there was famine and no Vighoti was recovered. Thus till St. 1969 the cultivators did not care and had no need to give up excess lands by rajinama. It was neither in the interests of the cultivators, nor of the State, nor of the lands themselves, to allow such a state of affairs to continue, and orders were issued, as said in the last report, to recover vighoti from all occupied lands whether they were cultivated or not. Thus it was that the cultivators had now to give up the excess lands in their possession by rajinama and lands to the amount of 27471 acres came thus to be given up. This result was not at all unexpecte These lands were never under cultivation. They were lying waste, useless and uncultivated in the occupation of cultivators. They did not give them up till now, because they had to pay no Vighoti and even Rajinamas were not easily accepted and sanctioned. When they saw that Vighoti was to be recovered now, they at once gave rajinama.

29. There were also cases in which lands in Ranawada Adgam, Rampura and other villages were damaged by being washed off, or having turned saltish, and had to be taken out of the occupants Khatas and the correspondence to that effect, that was going on, having been disposed of, so much more lands became unoccupied padtar lands.

30. Again about 6997 acres of land, which continued as belonging to the Khatas of some Khatedars who had either died heirless or had left the state, and correspondence about which was going on, came to be taken out of these Khatas and thus added to the amount of unoccupied padtar land.

31. Some villages of Kacha Vahivat came to be turned into Pacca Vahivat, and this process also had an effect on the area of land in these villages as shown in the statement.

32. These are the causes which led to the showing in the Patrak of an increase of 44263 acres in Padtar Talpad land, during the year under report. Most of the increase is merely apparent and nominal. It is not the case of so much hitherto-actually-cultivated land given up by rajinamas

33. The causes are temporary and the increase or decrease will now come to be gradually regulated in the ordinary way.

34. New lands have been brought under the plough during the year under report, but the increase in their area has apparently been swallowed up by the unusually swollen area of Padtar land caused by Rajinamas and the other causes described above.

35. No new villages were populated during the year under report. In 20 Bhayati and other villages the total culturable land amounted to 46227 acres, of which 30865 acres were under cultivation and 15362 acres padtar against 46755, 30016 and 16739 acres respectively in the previous year.

36. Excluding the sum of Rs. 28151-12-7, recovered on account of arrears of the previous years, the land revenue collected during the year amounted to Rs. 376653-2-2 against Rs, 112577-12-5 the previous year excluding Rs. 11641-8-2 on account of arrears. The increase is due to the Wahiwat of 29 villages being transferred into that of Regular survey measurement which was upti' now carried on estimated Vighas. By doing this there came to be found an increase in the area of land to the extent of about acres 4625, which brought on an increase in the realization of Vighoti, which also was due to a good outturn of crops which were not at all damaged by frost or other accidents during the year.

37. The Revenue of Bhayati Inami and Dharmada Villages amounted to Rs. 60693-10-7 and Rs. 9626-10-3 respectively in 1913-14 against Rs. 51874-12-9 and Rs. 7118-8-2 in the previous year.

Customs collections.

38. The collection of customs revenues amounted to Rs. 73449-7-6 against Rs. 18115-7-6 in 1911-12. The increase is due to the fact that there was a good out turn of crops during the year under report, and an increased export of grain in consequence, as well as of Ghee which was exported in great quantities.

Customs duty.

39. Customs duty is levied in the State on the export and import of certain articles. An attempt was made to see if some people could be induced to come forward to take an Ijara. But no one with a sufficient enterprising spirit, came forward. On the contrary some agriculturists came forward and submitted applications to the effect that the State should not give any Ijara, but that some rates be fixed on land which may be recovered along with the vighoti. The agriculturists of the Balodhan Mahal as a matter of fact came forward with the proposal that they were willing to pay local cess at the rate of an anna per rupee annually. This was approved and sanctioned by the Darbar, and orders have been issued to recover local cess accordingly in villages of this Balodhan Mahal.

40. For the Sami Radhanpur and Munjpur Mahals, the question was under consideration, as the rate could not be fixed on the assessment amount, some of the villages bein' then still subject to the Bhagvati system but as Vighoti will shortly be introduced in these remaining villages there will be no further difficulty in introducing the local cess in these mahals also.

Transit passes.

41. Transit duties have been abolished in the State, but passes continue to be issued by Tehsildars. During the unavoidable absence of Tehsilars being on duty somewhere else, to avoid trouble and delay, that people have to undergo sometimes, Patels have been authorised to issue these passes whenever necessary.

42. Sami and Kukarana are places where Khadi cloth is woven and exported to other surrounding districts, and for this purpose cotton yarn is imported into the State from outside. The traders having had to pay customs duty on the import of the yarn as well as on the export of the cloth, which proved to be a sort of hindrance to the trade, His Highness has been pleased to abolish, as a temporary measure, the customs duty on the export of Khadi cloth for the sake of encouragement to the trade.

Abolition of Cxstoms duty.

43. Process had to be issued for the recovery of revenue dues in 22 cases during the year, against 87 during the previous year. The recovery made thereby amounted to Rs 1288-8-1.

44. 25 cases of boundary disputes were outstanding at the end of 1912-13. 3 appeals were filed during the year under report. Of these 4 cases and 2 appeals were disposed of, against this State, during the year under report, leaving 1 appeal and 21 cases outstanding at the end of the year.

Boundary disputes.

45. 7 cases of internal boundary disputes are pending investigation and disposal by the Revenue Assistant. In 2 of these cases the dispute is between a Bhayat and an Inamdar.

Internal boundary disputes.

46. 422 Khatedars' Receipt Books were supplied to the cultivators of the Radhanpur Mahal on the lines of village forms introduced in the previous year. The cultivators of the Sami-Munjpur Mahal having directly purchased the books, the actual number of these was not registered. But the fact is that all cultivators now have their Receipt Books. This is as it should be.

Cultivators' Receipt books and survey marks.

47. The existing survey marks (bans) are generally made of earth and sand, and, hence, they do not last long, but are often washed away in the rainy season. It is therefore imperatively necessary that stone marks be made, and the question of doing the same is under contemplation.

48. The Revenue Assistant was in the district for 103 days, during which period he examined Daftars of Tesildars and account books of two Mahals to gether with 1551 Khata books of cultivators.

Revenue Assistant's work in distict and the work of Wahivatdars.

The Wahivatdars of Radhanpur and Sami Mahals moved into the districts for 172 and 163 days during the year. and examined Records of Tehsils and Khata books of cultivators.

49. As mentioned in para 37 of the last year's annual report, a regular Jamabandhi system has been introduced in the village books, and Jamabandhi will now be regularly made after examining the Daftars, and preparing Jamabandhi papers and the Tharav bandh and a statement of disputed cases. Owing to much

Village accounts and Jamabandhi.

pressure of work in the preparation of papers for introducing Vighoti in many villages, and changing Kacha into pacca vahivat in some, and such other matters, the Revenue Assistant has not this year been able to regularly do the Jamabandhi, which he hopes, shall be done regularly from year to year henceforth.

Occupancy Rights.

50. The Rules regarding the Ryot's Occupancy rights were prepared, as said in the last annual Report, at the close of the last year, and were printed and put in force during the year under report. As was expected they were received with great enthusiasm and fully appreciated by the agricultural classes throughout the State. It is too early yet to think of any tangible results of the great and enormous change in the land tenure, and its effects upon the lands and the cultivators' holdings and condition. There is no doubt, however, that it is welcomed by those in whose interests the change has been introduced. This assurance of having certain rights and interest in the lands in their posession, coupled with the Knowledge that any improvements they would make by bestowing more labour upon their lands digging more and more pacca wells, growing trees, erecting bunds, every little thing they wonld do, was sure to bring them its rewards, has already inspired these poor cultivating classes with a new life and new hopes and ambitions. Having cash assessments fixed for the lands in their possession they now know that the more they produce the more benefit would they derive and they alone.

51. In this connecton it may be noted that draft rules are under consideration, according to which help may be given to those cultivators who would dig pucca wells. The value of having as many pucca wells as could be possible cannot be over estimated.

52. It may be a wild assumption—and it may be an impossible one-yet if we assume that every field in a given locality has a well of its own, where would the famine be, one can ask and ask most pertinently too. It would be an experiment worth trying anywhere to concentrate, in times of famine, all the resources at the disposal of a State, and spend everything it can, and it means, to spend, on this single class of work of digging wells with the ultimate view of providing a well for each field in the State. Of course this is not a result which can be achieved in a single famine year but which can only be expected after a continued policy adopted and followed for a number of years.

Co-Operative Credit Society.

53. It being the special wish of His Highness the Nawab Saheb that Co-Operative Credit societies should come in existence in his territory, so that the spirit of co-operation and self-help and self reliance may take root among his people of all classes, some meetings came to be held, during the year under report, by Radhanpur people, to consider the starting of such socities. Eventually resolutions were passed and a petition was submitted to His Highness, praying for the necessary sanction and doing the needful in the matter. The people of

Radhanpur were anxious that the Birth day of His Highness the Nawab Saheb should be commemorated by putting the idea in a tangible shape, and the said resolution and the said petition was placed before His Highness at the Birthday Darbar in which addresses of Birthday congratulations were presented to His Highness, which event took place on 4th July last.

His Highness, in his reply to the addresses presented, announced his approval and satisfaction and, in his usual magnanimous way also announced his intention to make a present of Rs. 4000 as donation, to give Rs. 6000 as deposit and Rs. 10000 as a loan on a low rate of interest, as an aid to start the Socities with, and blessed the noble movement with His Highness' benedictions and good wishes. This has already been referred to in chap. I above.

His Highness lost no time in appointing aCommittee to prepare the draft of an Act for the State and other Rules in accordance therewith. An Act was eventually passed and Rules sanctioned at the close of the year, and the Act is to come in force from the ensuing year. It is needless to say that the movement has a very bright future before it, and it is bound to meet with success.

CHAPTER III-*Protection.*

Legislation.

54. Appendix II shows what laws are in force in the State. No. new laws or Acts were introduced during the year under report. The spirit of many Acts in force in British India is often followed to meet the ends of justice.

Military & Body Guard.

55. Military Force-Appendix III shows the constitution of the Radhanpur Body Guard and Paltan. The former consists of 1 Risaldar, 2 Daffedars and 22 Sowars including a Trumpeter; these are drilled by the Risaldar. They serve as escorts to His Highness the Nawab Saheb, the members of his family and British Political Officers visiting the State. The cost of maintenance of these Body Guards amounted to Rs. 15895-0-0 as compared with Rs. 12044-13-1 of the last year. The increase is due to the payment of previous years' bills for grains supplied to horses.

Paltan and Band.

56. The number of the Paltan, including the Band, was 92 at the end of the year, against 87 of the previous year. The men are drilled by the Subedar who is a pensioned Non-Commissioned Officer of the Indian Army. They are armed with Muzzle loading Enfield Muskets and are chiefly utilized on guard duty at the Treasuries, Jail, Palace &c. &c.

57. The Body Guard and Paltan are located in Radhanpur. Persons, resident of the State, are given preference whenever vacancies have to be filled up.

Police Mounted and Foot.

58. Police-The Police too are recruited locally as far as practicable, and consists of 140 foot Police of all ranks (includng one drill Instructor) below the rank of Head constables, of whom 42 are armed with muzzle loading

muskets and bayonets, and 98 are unarmed and provided with batons only. The mounted Police consists of 53, including 17 regular and 35 irregular, and 1 Bhoi Bargir; and there are 14 camel sowars unarmed, all together making a total of 207 men (vide Appendix IV).

The total number able to read and write in the Police force is the same as it was in the last year. The Police Superintendent, it is hoped, will always see that vacancies are filled with men who can read and write wherever possible.

Strength of Police.

59. The total number of Police was 217, against 222 of the previous year, and the total cost of the Police amounted to Rs. 44266-7-6, including Rs. 10025-8-6 on account of the village Police, against Rs. 47261-13-11 including Rs 9904-10-7 for the village Police. The decrease is due to the fact that no new dresses had to be supplied to the force during this year. The ratio of the Police to population and area continues the same, viz, 1 to every 110 inhabitants and 1.8 square miles respectively.

Village Police.

60. Village Police–The number of village Police was 425, including 54 employed in the Bhayati and Inami villages. Of these 297 were paid in cash, while the rest either held land or are paid partly in cash and partly in land.

Working of Police.

61. The working of the Police is shown in Appendix V and VI. The number of offences reported and detected by the Police was 143 and 115 respectively, against 240 and 183 in the previous year. The percentage of conviction, to the numbers arrested and sent up for trial, came to 73.04 and 73.04 respectively, against 60.65 and 64.53 in 1912-13.

Criminal Courts.

62. Criminal Justice–The number of Courts at the end of the year under report was the same as last year. Under present arrangements the various courts exercise the following powers.

1. The Huzur Court–All the powers of a High Court in appeal and revision.

2. The Court of the Sar Nyayadhish:–The powers of a Sessions Judge and District Magistrate.

3&4. The Courts of the Munsiffs at Radhanpur and Sami:– All the powers of a First class Magistrate.

5. The Court of the Thandar at Balodhan:– The powers of a Third Class Magistrate.

6. The Court of the Revenue Assistant:– The powers of a First Class Magistrate in Revenue matters only, and of hearing of appeals against the decision of the Wahivatdars pertaining to revenue matters only.

7&8 The Courts of the Wahivatdars of Radhanpur Balodhan and Sami Munjpur:-

The powers of a Third Calss Magistrate in revenne matters only.

Since 1884 the Judicial and executive functions have been separated in this State.

The Sar Nyayadhish holds the powers of a District Judge; from the current year. He has been empowered to take up small cause suits upto Rs. 100, instead of Rs. 25, within the Radhanpur-Balodhan Mahal.

The spirit of Bombay Regulation VIII of 1827 is followed in the disposal of heirship certificate applications.

Appendices VII and VIII show the work done by the various courts of criminal Jurisdiction. The number of offences reported and persons dealt with and disposed of was 367, 429, 425 respectively against 328, 414, 397 in 1912-13. The number of persons remaining to be dealt with, at the end of the year under report, was 4 in 1 case, as compared with 17 persons in 7 cases at the end of the previous year.

From Appendix VII it would be seen that there has been no increase in the number of serious offences and the percentage of accused acquitted and discharged in comparison with that of those convicted appears to be greater but it seems it is due to the fact that, out of a total of 312, 202 persons in compoundable cases were acquitted under Sec 345 of Criminal Procedure Code.

63. Appendix IX shows the result of criminal appeals. There were 11 applications all of which were disposed of; 1 was rejected, in 6 the sentences were confirmed, in 2 modified and in 2 reversed, against 1 rejected, 14 confirmed, 5 modified, and 3 reversed, making a total of 23, in 1912-13. No. application was outstanding at the end of the year. In addition to regular appeals heard and disposed of by the Hnzur Court, 9 applications were disposed of in revision.

Appeals in Criminal cases.

64. Appendix X shows that, during the year under report, 615 new suits were instituted, 676 were disposed of and 71 cases left undisposed of, at the end of the year, against 281, 279 and 182 respectively in the previous year. The value of suits filed and disposed of amounted to Rs. 137165-7-0 and Rs. 45957-5-3 against Rs. 16900-6-2 and Rs 20768-7-1 respectively in 1912-13. The increase in the number of suits instituted and disposed of over that of the last year is mainly due to the fact that, during the first 5 months of the preceding year, the hearing of civil cases was postponed on account of the famine that preceded. The work of the Civil Courts, however, gone through the year of report was quite satisfactory.

Working of the Civil courts.

65. Appendix XI shows that 219 applications for execution of decrees were filed, and 220 disposed of leaving a balance of 107 against 65, 29 and 108 respectively in 1912–13. The value, of the applications filed, disposed of and remaining undisposed of amounted to Rs. 28447–7–6, Rs. 15603–7–8 and Rs. 12843–15–10 against Rs. 20224–1–5 Rs. 7201–11–4 and Rs. 13022–6–1 respectively at the end of the previous year.

Applications for executions of decrees.

66 Appendix XII shows the working of the Civil appellate courts. The number of appeals on hand at the beginning of the year, and filed during the year, were 1 and 24 against 10 and 8 respectively in the previous year, and they were all disposed of. The average duration was 2 months and 19 days, against, one year and 21 days in 1912–13. The number of appeals, in which decisions were confirmed, is 5 out of 25 as against 11 out of 18 in the previous year; in addition to the above, 12 applications for revision and miscellaneous appeals were disposed of by the Huzur Court, against 5 in 1912–13, and 2 revision and miscellaneous appeals are pending at the close of the year.

Civil Appeals.

67. The number of applications for succession certificates presented during the year under report was 24, and 2 were pending at the close of the preceding year; out of a total of 26, 13 were disposed of, against 30 out of 32 of the previous year.

The number of applications for succession certificates.

68. Extradition:— 30 persons were surrendered to this State during the year under report. Of these 8 were convicted and 22 discharged, against 8 convicted, 19 discharged and 1 awaiting trial, out of 28 surrendered, in 1912–13. 20 persons were surrendered by this State to the neighbouring States, of whom 8 were convicted, 7 acquitted and intimation has not been received with regard to 5.

Extradition cases.

69. Appendix XIII gives the number of Jails and Lock-ups, which is the same as before, and shows that 201 prisoners were admitted into the Jails and lock-ups, and that the daily attendance was 23.87, against 317 and 30.18 respectively in 1912–13. The average period of accused remaining in Jails came to 23.18 days, against 19.63 days in the previous year.

Jails & Lock-ups.

70. Appendices XIV and XV show the working of the registration offices during the year under report. 134 documents, concerning property valued at Rs. 42004–10–6 and yielding fees of Rs. 774–2–3, were registered as against 97 documents relating to property valued at Rs. 20821–12–0, and yielding fees amounting to Rs. 424–9–0 in 1912–13.

Registration of documents.

71. The Municipal Administration:—Appendix XVI gives figures of Municipal receipts and expenditure at Radhanpur Sami and Munjpur.

Municipalities.

The Radhanpur Municipality was supported by an annual grant of Rs. 5000-0-0 during this year. The other Municipal receipts amounted to Rs. 3854-12-7, as compared with Rs. 5852-14-10 in the year 1912-13. The decrease is due to less realization out of the Hides contract during the year under report.

Total charges for 1913-14 amounted to Rs. 8044-1-3, including advances and deposits, against Rs. 10341-9-0. The decrease is due to certain reduction in Establishment, and to the fact that no work of public utility could be undertaken by the Municipality during the year.

The Sami and Munjpur Municipalities are maintained by the State. ½ p. c. as Sudhara Lagat is levied on imported materials in these towns. The increase from this source was Rs. 500-0-0 at Sami and Rs. 145 at Munjpur against Rs. 347-10-6 and Rs. 117-8-7 respectively in the previous year.

The expenditure for these two Municipalities amounted to Rs. 1654-12-5 and Rs. 212-4-5 during the year, against Rs. 1298-1-11 and Rs. 269-2-5 respectively.

Though other establishments of Sami and Munjpur municipalities were abolished in the pervious year, certain number of Bhangis are maintained for conservancy purposes and for preserving sanitation of the town, which is supervised by the Revenue authorities.

CHAPTER IV—*Production and Distribution.*

Rain fall.

72. Appendix XVII-gives details of rain fall during the year. The total fall of rain was heavier than in the preceding year, 31 inches 64 cents being registered at Radhanpur, 25 inches 49 cents at Sami, 29 inches 23 cents at Munjpur, 29 inches 10 cents at Kuvar, and 30 inches 2 cents at Balodhan. The rain fall was heavy in July and August. In September and October there was no inundation caused by any over flow of rivers.

Crops.

73. During the year under report the outturn of Kharif crops was not satisfactory owing to the heavy rainfall in the beginning of the monsoon. The rains, however, having fallen in good showers, though not timely, the cultivators enabled themselves to raise Rabi crops. There was no frost nor locusts this year; some insects known as Khapedas appeared, but have caused no great damage to these crops. On the whole the season was good. It was a most fortunate occurrence for the district that no rats worked any havoc here as they seem to have done in most neighbouring Districts.

Prices of staple food.

74. The prices of staple food grains are shown in Appendix XVIII. The rates of Wheat, Bajri Gram Banti, Juwar and Chhasto were higher while those of Adad, Guwar and Jav were lower than in the previous year.

75. As reported last year, there are no natural forests, in the State. Gardens and plantations are however maintained. The total number of gardens and plantations remain the same as last year i. e. 14 and 11 respectively. Flowers, fruits, trees and vegetables thrive well in some of these gardens. There are 4 plantations of babul trees, 3 of nimb trees, 1 of Gundi trees and 3 containing varities of trees. The aggregate cost of gardens and plantations amounted to Rs. 12854-4-7 against Rs. 10879-1-11 in the previous year. The income derived from gardens and plantations amounted to Rs. 398-1-9 against Rs. 128-15-2. During the year under report, 14976 trees were planted both by the Forest and Revenue Departments out of which 4272 throve.

Gardens & plantation.

76. Export and import:- The principal items of export were the same as before. The total value of export and import is Rs. 893508-4-8 and Rs. 579038-1-11 respectively against Rs 153756-11-2 and Rs. 531874-5-2 in the previous year.

Trade.

77. As in the preceding year, there are three ginning factories, viz, Sami, Lolada and Munjpur. They worked for 21, 52 and 50 days during the year and cleared 11936, 34574 and 38774 maunds of cotton respectively. Last year there being no balance of cotton of the previous year the factories had no sufficient work, and so practically they were closed during a great part of the season.

Ginning factories and cotton Press.

As said above, Radhanpur has 3 cotton ginning factories at Sami, Munjpur and Lolada. The lands in southern parts of the territory are very fertile and produce a good quantity of cotton. Radhanpur cotton is said to be of a very good kind. Three ginning factories are sufficient for the purposes of the State cotton Ginning. There being no full cotton Press in the Districts, the cultivators generally prefer to take their cotton to the ginning factories of the neighbouring districts of Viramgam, Mandal, and Patdi, where there are presses also, and the cotton, which Radhanpur produces, passes from Mandal and Patdi and sometimes from Harij Station, not as Radhanpur cotton, but as Mandal cotton or Harij cotton. The only merchants who purchased this cotton were Mandal, Viramgam, and Patdi merchants. There being no competition of purchasers, the cultivators could not realize proper prices for their cotton, and remained in ignorance of the price that ruled elsewhere at Bombay and other places. There is no doubt, if merchants from Bombay and other places of centre could be induced to come out here in these parts and deal direct with the cultivators, it would be to the immense advantage of cultivators, themselves, not to speak of the great inconvenience and trouble and expense that they would be saved.

A full cotton press was felt to be a great necessity, and arrangements have already been made with Sheth Lalji Naranji of Bombay, who is having such a press at either Sami or Munjpur. When this press actually begins to work, every attempt shall be made to induce cotton merchants from Bombay and other places coming out here: and there is no reason why the benefits, which at present go to outside people, should not come to the cultivators

and other subjects of this State itself in course of time with merchants from distant places coming out here many indirect advantages in other directions also are bound to come, and it is not unreasonable to hope that a sort of market is created in the State itself at not a very distant date.

Public work.

78. Works roughly estimated to cost Rs. 28460-0-0 were provied for in the Budget for 1913-14, of which Rs. 16769-6-4 were expended during the year under report.

Appendix XIX shows the expenditure on P. W. D. Necessary repairs were done to several State buildings. There being no commodious building for keeping tents and furnitures the erection of a small decent new building at a cost of Rs 2849 was sanctioned during the year. The work is in progress.

Post & Telegraph.

79. There is a sub-Post and combined Telegraph Office at Radhanpur and branch Post Offices at Sami, Munjpur, Chandur Rathodi and Lolada.

Emigration & Immigration.

80. 20 Persons emigrated from, and 66 persons of the labouring classes immigrated into this State during the year under report.

Cattle and other agricultural Stock.

81. Appendix XX shows the unmber of cattle and other live stock during the year under report. A census of these was taken as usual on 15th March throughout the State with the aid of the leading residents. On comparison of the figures of the previous year there appears to be an increase in almost all classes of cattle and other animals. This increase is due to their multiplication as also to the purchase of new ones by cultivators and others.

Excise shops.

82. Appendix XXI shows the number of Excise shops and the revenue derived therefrom. The number of shops of country liquor was 25, of Bhang and Ganja 2, and of opium 18. The revenue of opium and Ganja shows an increase, which is due to the instalments of the Ijara amounts of the last year being paid up during the year under report.

Grass.

83. Grass:- The cutting and sorting of grass is being arranged and supervised by the Revenue Department. There was an abundant growth of grss in the State this year and arrangements were made to have it cut to the fullest extent that the supply of labour, which is scaree and dear, should permit. The importation of grass from outside was not required.

The system of measring & weighing.

84. The system of measuring grain, which long existed in the State, having been reported to be detrimental both to the traders and the public, H. H. has been please to issue orders for the introduction of the system of weighing grain, throughout the State ,from the ensuing year in order to remove inconveniences caused to the public and traders through a want of uniformity of weight and measurement. A notice was issued inviting objections to the introdnction of

weights, withins a prescribed time. No objections having been received during the time fixed, orders have been passed accordingly.

Grass & grass storage.

85. To the matter of grass cutting and grass storage there is no doubt that sufficient attention has already been drawn, and attempts are being made to do what-ever can possibly be done in the matter. What with the great interest His Highness himself has personally been taking in the matter, and what the very kind and useful suggestions made from time to time by Col. Merewether, the question is sure to receive all the attention it deserves.

Here in Radhanpur we have special local difficulties. The cultivators are being made to see to it, and though it is very hard to make them work in this direction as they ought to, some of them are beginning to take to it seriously, and others will follow gradually. Besides the difficulty is with the supply of sufficient labour, which is very scarce in these parts.

The State has been trying its best to see that no grass is left uncut. A contract was given for cutting all the grass in the State vids, and carting and stacking them. The Revenue Officers have strict orders to give full effect to the State Circular No. 1215 dated 2nd December 1912, and to the suggestions and recommendations contained in No. 6151 dated the 28th November 1913, of the Political Agent. On March 15th the register of the live stock in each village is revised and seen that it is kept upto date by the Patels and Tehsildars. Statements of the grass supply and the needs of each village are kept for each village, and the Revenue Officers and his subordinate officers are made to check this register from time to time.

It has been reported by the Revenue Assistant that grass akhadas are kept in some villages, and they are also entered in the village Register or statement. The Revenue Assitant reports that in the Radhanpur Mahal in the 13 Tehsils, excepting those of Balodhan and Memdavad, 4949 cultivators have set apart 169860 maunds of grass in store, and a statement of the same has been submitted. In the Sami and Munjpur Mahal, the patrak show that there are 3000000 maunds of grass in store out of 3060000 required for 17000 animals.

All this would at least show that some beginning is being made in this direction. But it is yet not quite as it ought to be, and it would require continued efforts of all the Revenue Officers, for a long time to come, to make the cultivators shake off their apathy, in-difference and laziness in the matter, and fully realize the great importance of the matter.

CHAPTER V.—*Revenue & Finance.*

Revenue & Finance.

86. Appendix XXII shows the receipts and expenditure of the State as compared with the previous 4 years. The total receipts and expenditure in 1913-14 amounted to Rs. 710993-13-0 and Rs. 736982-7-0 against Rs. 1164152-1-7 and Rs. 1308739-0-11 of the pervious year.

87. The causes of increase and decrease under each head are given below:-

RECEIPTS.

1. Land Revenue:—It shows an increase of Rs. 27, 1151-6-0 on account of the increase of Rs. 30188-14-9 in Vaje, Rs. 165255-15-8 in Vighoti, Rs. 567477-9-2 in Nazarano on acconnt of occupancy reghts, Rs. 16510-14-7 in the recovery of arrears and Rs. 2809-2-10 in other minor items.

2. Local cess:—The increase of Rs 2804-14-9 is due to greater realization of Rs. 193-10-3 on account of Sudhara cess Rs. 602-7-9 on account of Oobhad and Kasba Vero, Rs. 597-13-9 on account of Bakri Vero, Rs. 258-9-2 on account of shingoti Vero and Rs. 1152-5-10 on account of other miscellaneous veros, than in the previous year.

4. Opium Revenue:—The increase of Rs. 3059-2-6 is due to the recoveries of the amount of difference in the rates between the actual cost price and the rates at which the opium was issued from the Agency Opium Depot to the State opium contractor during the year.

6. Jama:—The increase of Rs. 197-12-9 is due to the recoveries of the past year's arrears.

7. Customs receipts:—The increase of Rs. 55334-0-0 is due to the improvement in the financial situation caused by larger export of cotton, grain Ghee &c after the effects of famine appreciably reduced.

9. Judicial:—The increase of Rs. 5532-6-7 is mainly due to more realizations of fine, stamp-fees &c.

11. Guaranteed rights:—The amount of Rs. 22096-0-0 is due to the recoveries of the salt compensation of the two years.

12. Extraordinary receipts:—As no loan was obtained from the Government by the State during the year under report, there is a decrease of Rs. 399932-7-9.

13. Other receipts:—The decrease of Rs. 294288-7-4 under this Head is proportionately to the amounts advanced which were much less than those in the previous year.

14. Tagavi:—The decrease of Rs. 10078-12-2 is due to the fact that adjustment of amounts on accounts of bullocks supplied to cultivators in the last famine and of other irrecoverable amounts was made last year by credit under this Head and debit to other Heads concerned which was not the case during the year under report.

EXPENDITURE.

4. Administrative:—The decrease of Rs. 10687-13-3 is due to the abolition of the Adviser's post and reduction in the pay of the Head clerk on account of Mr. Harilal's going on long leave before the current year.

5&6. Revenue and Judicial:—The decrease of Rs. 3472-8-4 is due to the abolition of the post of the Extra Revenue Assistant and other miscellaneous items.

7. Education:—The increase of Rs. 2626-7-6 is due to the re-organisation of the High school and the entertainment of inspection charges for two years.

11. Medical Department:—The increase of Rs. 2755-2-7 is mainly due to the payment of the last Year's bills in arrears on account of the cost of medicines.

14. Minor Establishment:—The increase of Rs. 26546-2-3 is due to the fact that so much more had to be expended towards the entertainment of State guests and others.

15. Dharmada:—The increase of Rs. 6644-14-5 is mainly due to the fact that a sum of Rs. 7000 had to be given towards the Turkey Fund.

18. Miscellaneous:—This includes the details of Heads IV, VII No. 9 XV, XXI and XXII of the Budget except Tagavi. Each of these Heads is explained as under:—

(a) VII No. 9 the payment of grass cutting was entirely made from advances and they were not therefore charged under this Head as before and hence the decrease of Rs. 9011-9-7.

(b) XV. The decrease of Rs. 47089-4-4 is due to so much less adjustment of Dehli Darbar expenses etc as most of it was already adjusted during the previous years.

(c Deposit XXI. The decrease of Rs. 2889-11-2 is due to a shorter refund of the sums kept in deposit by criminal Courts on account of the Mudamal &c as well as by the Opium Contractor on on account of the Ijara during the year under report.

(d) XXII Advance except Tagavi:—The decrease of Rs. 306810-14-6 is mainly due to less requirements of adjustment and expenditure under different heads during the year under report.

XXII. Relief Works:—The increase of Rs. 5814-9-11 is due to the adjustment of sums advanced during the famine year.

XXIII. Tagavi:—The decrease of Rs. 119725-1-11 is due to the sums being not required to be advanced to cultivators on account of the good year.

CHAPTER VI.—*Medical Service.*

Hospitals & Dispensaries.

88. The number of Hospitals and Dispensaries remained the same as last year, but the Balodhan and Kuvar dispensaries had to be temporarily closed owing to the illness and resignation of the permanent incumbents and the great difficulty of securing new hands to fill the posts.

99. The following table gives the work done by the Vaccinators, whose work is annually inspected by the Chief Medical Officer. The results are slightly inferior to those of the last year, but the people now seem to understand the advantages derived therefrom.

Vaccinaton.

Year	Primary Vaccination.				Revaccination.			
	Males.	Females	Total.	Successful.	Males.	Females	Total.	Successful.
1912-13	954	883	1837	1781	2	0	2	1
1913-14	926	954	1880	1810	0	0	0	0

100. Appendix XXIII shows the amount of medical aid offered in the Hospitals and Dispensaries 27 Major and 220 Minor operations were performed during the year, as against 7 and 346 respectively in the previous year; 99 were treated as indoor and 15938 as outdoor patients during the year under report, against 110 and 17928 in the previous year. The average daily attendance was 252.88 against 262.18. These show a slight decrease on the whole; the total expenditure amounted to Rs. 10937-13-5 against Rs 8132-10-10 in the previous year The increase is due to the adjustment of the amount of the medicines purchased during the last year, as of also blankets and bedsteads &c for the indoor patients during the year under report.

Medical Statistics.

As compared with the previous year there was a decrease in the number of indoor patients in the S. J. Hospital and outdoor prtients of all Dispensaries. There is an increase of 910 in the number of outdoor patients in the Sultana Jahan Hospital which would have been still more owing to the malarial epidemic continuing for four months; but Sheth Motilal Mulji of Radhanpur, with a charitable instinct, at once saw the force with which malaria seemed likely to rage and opened a private charitable Dispensary in the middle of the town as a temporary measure. Being in the heart of the town, people freely took advantage of this Dispensary, which did much good work and proved to be of great help in every way This mainly affected the attendance of local patients in the S. J. Hospital.

The Dispensary being located in the middle of the town and it being freely taken advantages of by the public, His Highness was pleased to remit the customs duties on the articles imported by the owner for the use of the Dispensary.

101 The number of patients treted in the State Hospitals and dispendaries in majority of cases is made up of Radhanpur subjects and a few people residing in surrounding Talukas. under the Palanpur Agency.

The number of patients treated.

102. During the year under report there was no other epidemic except malaria, whooping, cough and measles among childred in Radhanpur.

No indigenous or imported cases of plague during the year.

103. There were neither indigenous nor imported cases of plague in this State during the year under report. The inspection of people coming from plague-infected places had to be resorted as a pre cautionary measure. But this was for a very short time.

Vital Statistics.

104. Appendix XXIV gives the vital statistics. The number of births shows an increase of 42, while that of deaths. a decrease of 418. as compared with the figures of the previous year. The decrease in the number of deahs would have been still more marked, had it not been for the violent epidemic of malaria which raged for a period of four months-a very unusual occurrence.

105. There was only one post mortem examination during the year under report.

Visit.

106. During the year under report the Sultana Jahan and D. J. Female Hospitals were visted by Mr. C. R. Macnamara Assistant Collector Salt Revenue Kharaghoda, who expressed his satisfaction for what he saw. They were also visited twice by the Undersigned and everything was found neat and clean and in order.

CHAPTER VII— *Education.*

Statistics of schools.

107. Appendix XXV shows particulars of the English and Vernacular schools maintained by the State. The Two new schools were opened during the year under report at Balodhan and Zilvana, making a total of 25 in all. Arrangements to open one more varnacular school at Ranawada have also been made recently. The total unmber of pupils at the end of the year shows an increase of 11 boys in the High school, 17 in the Taluka school, 3 in the village schools, 1 in the Urdu school, and 13 in the girls' schools, In the average daily attendance, there has been an increase of 17 in the High school and a decrese of 15, 7, and 4 in the Taluka, Urdu, and Girls' schools respectively, there was a decrease of 23 in all village schools excluding the two schools of at Balodhan and Zilwana newly opened during the year which have an attendance of 5 and 22 respectively.

Exhibitions.

108. The system of granting exhibitions to students wase ontinued during the year as reported previously. But the aim of promoting education by creating a competition being not fully accomplished by the current method of distibuting the exhibition to the students standing first at the end of every month on the average of daily marks, it is now decided to give exhibitous to the students who stand first in rank, at the monthly examination to be held. Such a method is expected to create and, sustain a healthy competition among students.

The students studying in the High and primary schools are as under.-

High school 141.

25 Brahmins.	18 Other Hindus.
76 Jains.	22 Mahomedans.

Vernacular schools. 1082:-

154 Brahmins.	470 other Hindus.
253 Jains.	205 Mahomedans.

The results of the Annual Examinations are stated to be on the whole satisfactory the percentage of the students who passed the Examinations being as follows:-

Radhanpur	High school 42 p. c.
„	Taluka school 63. p. c.
„	Girls' school 80. p. c.
„	Urdu school. 53. p. c,
Sami	Taluka school 72 p. c.
„	Girls school. 100 p. c.
Munjpur	Taluka school 53 p. c.

The percentage of High school passes is not what it should be, but, considering that examinations were carried on and promotion made in rather a loose manner previously and that the Head Master this year, very rightly insisted on better discipline and a sound and proper test in such matters, improvement and advance in this direction is sure to come in course of time.

The number of students in primary and secondary schools is gradually increasing (vide appendix XXV) owing to the education in all schools being free. A free education in a place like Radhanpur, which is quite isolated and where people did not understand the advantages of education and were mostly poor, was very wisely and with great foresight, decided upon and introduced. It is bound and promises too-to have the desired effect in course of time. People are beginning to prize it as a great boon, and, as such, it is certain to show good results in near future.

The 20th June being the Children's day was observed as a general holiday. All the boys and girls of the local schools were assembled in gay attire in the High school building which was duly decorated with flags and buntings. Recitations and Garbas were recited and sung by boys and girls, and sweets were distributed to them. Similar arangements were made to observe the Chidren's Day in all the District schools also.

Social gathering of High school students.

109. The annual social gathering of students took place on 23rd November, the anniversary Day of the Installation of His Highness the Nawab Saheb; and it was a very successful function at which all State Officials and leading citizens of the town were present. The occasion did show that it created a great effect on the mind of the students and their parents, and made them see with their own eyes and realize that education was after all an

object to strive for and attain. And it is indeed very useful and necessary that such gatherings are made permanent functions after a year's work is done by the school.

Prize Distribution.

110. On 31st January 1914 the High school was visited by Lt. Col. J. W. B. Merewether the Political Agent, Palanpur accompanied by His Highness the Nawab Saheb, Lt. Webb and Dr. Clayton. The Bhayats, the Agency Office establishment, State Officials, and leading gentlemen of the town, were also present on the occasion, The school premises were decorated with flage and Buntings. After recitations and representations were gone through, annual prizes were distributed to students at the hands of the Political Agent. The recitations and representations were performed by boys in a fairly creditable manner, and His Highness was pleased to award five special prizes worth Rs. 350, by way of encouragement to boys and in order to create a sort of enthusiasm in their minds.

Readmission fees.

111. Readmission in all the State schools being hitherto free, students frequently absented themselves from schools and did not attend regularly as reported by the Head Master; in order to check this and enforce better discipline, a readmission fee of eight annas is ordered to be recovered whenever readmission is sought.

Physical education.

112. A special grant was sanctioned during the year under report for promoting physical education. The present play ground being not commodious, the preparation of a new one is under contemplation which, when ready, will create further facilities for the students, who are beginning to understand the advantages and feel more and more interested in physical education.

Drawing Class.

113. There were uptil now no arrangements to teach drawing in the High school, but arrangements have now been made to teach the subject to the students.

General remarks.

114. The appointments of three new graduates and one under graduate as Persian Teacher were made in the High school to teach the higer standards during the year under report The country being quite isolated and there being no railway communication, the subjects of Radhanpur are very backward in point of education. Two scholarships of Rs 7 each were granted to two students going to prosecute their studies in the P. R. Male Training college Ahmedabad, but their admission was barred owing to the number of students being limited.

The High school hitherto seemed to possess no life and vigour; but, since the appointment of competent graduates on the staff, who were bent upon making it what such an institution ought to be, the school has begun to show life and activity by insisting punctuality and regularity, introducing strict discipline in all matters, supplying classes with instruction boards and placing before them high moral standards. The school social gatherings, which are intended to be annual features, will also go a long way in creating due interest and enthusiasm. And it can now be said with confidence that His Highness,

who has been doing so much for education, and has been anxious to make the local High school and institution worthy of itself, will have, in a very near future, the satisfaction of seeing His Highness' noble wishes fairly fulfilled.

His Highness recently also sanctioned an adequate sum for furnishing the High school with a suitable set of scientific apparatus.

The High school students are now compelled to take lively interest in outdoor games especially Cricket at the special desire of His Highness, who is bringing into life a Radhnpur Cricket team, which is expected to play matches with other teams in the neighbourhood from the next season.

As a further proof of His Highness's great interest and activity, and a keen desire to find out and adopt means to give his Bhayats and officers and others ample facilities for evening recreations and due exercise, His Highness has started an officers' club, which is intended to take the form of a Gymkhana in due time. Here the officers have already started to play cricket and Tennis and His Highness has sanctioned ample funds for the necessary kit and materials. For all this kindness and generosity His Higness, Bhayats, Officers, and other people can not be sufficiently thankful to His Highness, as it is mainly for their sake alone that His Highness has been evincing such great interest and incurring great expense and personal trouble.

CHAPTER VIII.

115. Records:- The work of sorting classifying old records is in progress.

Records

116. Horse breeding:- 22 mares were covered by the State Stallions during the year under report, against 12 in the previous year. The State maintains four Stallions for the preservation of good breed in its territories and surrounding parts.

Horse-breeding

117. Libraries:- The two Libraries in the State, one at Radhanpur and the other at Sami, are maintained by public subscription and a grant from the State. They are managed by a Managing Committee appointed with the approval of the State. The Bismillahkhan Library at Radhanpur has been registered by the Bombay Government.

Libraries.

118. Printing Press:- The printing work of the State is done under contract by a local printing Press. The Bi-monthly State Gazette is printed and published at the Printing Press.

Printing Press.

119. Pig:-During the year 27 pigs were killed against 104 in the previous year. A reward of Rs. 1-0-0 per head continues to be given.

Destruction of Pags.

Similar arrangements have also been made for the destruction of wolves, which were reported to be destroying the goats and other live stock of the cultivators.

CONCLUSION.

It is most satisfactory to note in conclusion that the work of administration has gone on smoothly and in a progressive manner during the year under report. His Highness the Nawab Saheb has evinced the same kindly interest in, and bestowed the same fatherly care on, all that concerned the welfare and advancement of his people.

The Bhagvati system that was yet obtaining in many villages has been replaced by that of cash payment and Vighoti introduced, throughout the State except 2 villages which are newly populated. There was no difficulty found in dealing with the cultivators in this matter, and they have taken to it willingly. Of course it was a very difficult and complicate matter in the case of the cultivating class, known as the Sami and Dharawana Kasbatis, but the difficulty there has at last been overcome and Vighoti will soon be introduced in these two villages; and it is all due to the masterly tact and sympathetic handling of the question by His Highness personally, who succeeded in settling the matter, in a most satisfactory way, with these people. With this done, and the rights of occupancy granted, the cultivators have come to see that their future now is in their own hands, and that their advancement and progress much depend on their own exertions. To induce more and more waste lands being taken up in cultvation, still better and more inducing terms of concession have been granted.

In matters educational care is always taken to see that more and more schools are opened every year, and more grants are gradually made for improvement in all branches of Education, and the progress, though slow, is bound to be sure in course of time.

A short and simple Revenue Code and an Account Code are in course of preparation, and the next year will, it is hoped, give us our Revenue Code Account Code and Pension Rules etc.

In the matter of public works and buildings, as the effects of the last famine wear away, more attention shall certainly have to be paid to this head, as the limited resources of the State should permit.

There is one important question which is still pending, and that is the question of alienation settlement; and it is hoped the rules, that are under consideration, will be soon settled, and work commenced and much proceeded with, during the opening year.

The railway question is indeed year by year gaining prominence and attention, and it is ardently hoped the next year will bring us much nearer the solution of this question of first and paramount importance to the State.

Sd/ Hargovind K

Dewan

Radhanpur State.

Radhanpur.
24 May 1914.

APPENDIX I.

Names of high officials in the Radhanpur State and Residency officials showing changes in personnel during the year 1913-14.

Name of Officer.	Appointment.	Period. From	Period. To	Remarks.
Mr. Chandulal Harilal Thakore.	Revenue Assistant	1-4-13	22-6-13	On leave
	Personal Assistant	23-6-13	31-3-14	Directly employed
Mr. Chunilal H. Desai.	Acting Revenue Assistant	1-4-13.	22-6-13	Services lent by Government.
	Revenue Assistant & Ex officio Municipal President	23-6-13	31-3-14	
Mr. Manchharam Asharam Bhatt.	Palace Docter, & Private Secretary	1-4-13	31-3-14	Directly employed.
Mr. S. C. Shahiar.	Police Superintendent.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Harilal Vadilal.	Sar Nyayadhish.	,,	,,	Services lent by the Palanpur Agency.
Mr. Mahomad Ahsankhan.	Treasury officer	,,	,,	Directly employed.
Mr. Gajanan L. Godbole. L. M. & S.	Chief Medical Officer & Ex.-Officio Jail Superintendent.	,,	,	,,
Mr. Huseinmian Mahomadmian Syed.	Sarbhara Supdt. & Jamdarkhana Officer.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Mangalbhai H. Thakore.	Head Clerk Huzur Office.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Ichhashanker K. Pandya. B. A., L. L. B.	Head Master High School.	20-9-13	14-3-14	Resigned
Mr. Amritlal G. Doshi B. A.	Ag. Do. Do	15-3-14	31-3-14	Directly employed
Mr. John Manual Desa.	Head Overseer P. W. D.	1-4-13	31-3-14	,,
Mr. Malek Jumakhan.	Municipal Secretary	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Asadulla Nijamudin Sheikh.	Superintendent Huzur Record Office.	,,	,,	,,

Hargovind Harnarayen,
Dewan
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX II.

List of Laws in force in the Radhanpur State.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
1 The Indian Penal Code Act XLV of 1860.	yes,		Adapted with modifications from similar Acts in force in British India.
2 The Criminal Procedure Code Act V of 1898.	"		Do-
3 The Civil Procedure Code Act XIV of 1882 as amended by Acts VI, VII & X of 1888 and Act VIII of 1890, Act VI of 1892 until 31st December 1908 and Act V of 1908 from 1st January 1909.	"		Do-
4 The Contract Act IX of 1872.	"	Amendments applied by Notification No. 12 dated 16 September 1908	Do- introduced in 1902
5 The Law on Evidence Act I of 1872.	"		Do-
6 The Opium Act I of 1878.	"		Do- in 1902
7 The Salt Act II of 1890.	"		Do- in 1904
8 The Succession Certificate Act VII of 1889	"		Do- in 1908 by Notification No. 6 dated 1-6-1908.
9 The Bombay District Police Act IV of 1890 as amended by Act III of 1898.	"		Do- in 1908 by Notification No. 11 dated 16-9-1908.
10 The Bombay Village Police Act VIII of 1867 as amended by Act I of 1876.	"		Do- in 1910 by Notification No. 855 dated 27-8-1910.
11 The Hindu Law.		Nil.	
12 The Mahommedan Law.	"	"	Do-
13 The Court Fee Act III of 1896.	"	"	Do-
14 The Limitation Act II of 1896.	"	"	Do-
15 The Explosive Act	"	"	Do-
16 The Registration Act.	"	"	Do-
17 The Arms Act.	"	"	Do-
18 The Game Rules of 1908.	"	"	Do-
19 The Explosive Substances Rules of 1908.	"	"	Do-
20 The Press & Registration of Books Act XXV of 1867.	"	"	Do-
21 The Indian Press Act 1 of 1910.	"	"	Do-

Hargovind Harnarayen.
Dewan.
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APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Radhanpur State, 1913-1914.

Arm of Service.	No. of fighting officers and men.						Details of force at end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of last year	Recruited this year	Casualties. Died.	Invalided.	Discharged deserted, etc.	At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments Battalions or Batteries	Number of guns.	Number of men. European Commissioned officers.	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cavalry	24	1	0	0	0	25	Bodyguard sowars.	0	0	1	2	22	15895- 0-3	
Sappers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0-0-0	
Artillery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17 †	0	0	0	0	0-0-0	† Out of these only 2 are serviceable & used for firing salutes.
Infantry	70	8	0	0	4	74	Paltan.	0	0	1	18	55	11522-11-2	
Band	17	2	1	0	0	18	Band.	0	0	0	3	15		
Imperial Service Troops...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total ...	111	11	1	0	4	117	0	17	0	2	23	91	Rs.27417-11-2	* Increase is due to some of the vacancies being filled up.

Hargovind Harnarayen,
Dewan.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline, and education of the Police, in the Radhanpur State for the year 1913-1914.

Descriptionof officer	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded, or suspended departmentaily.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Police Superintendent ...	1	150+20=170	2040--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Police Inspecter ...	1	50+2½=52½	152--3--8	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable... ...	1	40+10=50	418--0--5	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
Chief Constable... ...	1	30+10=40	480--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable... ...	1	25+10=35	420--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable	1	20+5=25	178-14--2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Head Constables... ...	4	15	621--2--1	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	
Havaldars	2	14	336--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Havaldars	2	13	312--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Nayaks	2	12	288--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
Nayaks	3	11	396--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	
Nayaks	6	10	707-10--8	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	
Constables	26	9	2818-11--3	0	1	0	0	0	7	0	
Constables	42	8	3976--6--5	1	4	0	10	0	11	0	
Constables	56	7	4236-15--6	0	4	0	3	0	20	0	
Drill Instructor... ...	1	6	72--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Daffedar	1	23+7=30	294--3--1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
Daffedar	1	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Daffedar	1	22	264--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Sowars	23	21	5712-14--5	0	1	0	2	0	9	0	
Sowars	26	20	5870-14--1	0	2	0	2	0	8	0	
Camel Sowars	14	14	2204--6--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Bhoin-Bargir	1	7	84--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total ...	217	2868½	31884--5--9	2	12	0	19	1	80	0	

Hargovind Harnarayen.
Dewan.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1913-1914.

Name of State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged		Percentage of convictions (columns 4 &5)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Radhanpur.	240	143	183	115	172	115	111	84	50	30	60.65	73.04	64.53	73.04	

Hargovind Harnarayen.
Dewan.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and recovered in the Radhanpur State, during the year. 1913–14.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries to property stolen.		Remarks.
	1912–13	1913–14	1912–13	1913–14	1912–13	1913–14	
Radhanpur ...	Rs. A. P. 11047–2–6	Rr. A. P. 11501–5–6	Rs. A. P. 8541–1–6	Rs. A. P. 7880–14–9	77.31	68.52	

Hargovind Harnarayen,
Dewan,
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1913-1914.

Serial number.	Description of offences.	Number of offences.			No. of cases disposed of during past year.	No. of cases disposed of during present year.	No. of persons apprehended	No. of persons convicted.	Nunmber of persons sentenced							No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Term of imprisonment.									Accused awaiting trial.	Cases awaiting trial	Remarks.
		Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment		Imprisonment and fine		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month	From 1 to 2 months	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment			
									Simple	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
	Chapter VIII																															
1	Offences against Public tranquility S. 143-160	0	3	3	0	1	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter IX.																															
2	Offences by or relating to Public servants	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter X.																															
3	Contempts of the lawful authority or public servants. ...	0	5	5	8	2	5	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XI.																															
4	False Evidence and offences against public justices ...	0	7	7	2	6	8	5	0	2	1	0	2	0	5	3	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XII.																															
5	Offences relating to coin and Government stamps	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Chapter XIII.																															
6	Offences relating to weights and measures...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XIV.																															
7	Offences affecting the public health, safety, convenience decency and morals	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XV.																															
8	Offences relating to religion...	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XVI.																															
9	Offences affecting the Human body.																															
	1 Murder	1	1	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2 Attempt to commit murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3 Culpable homicide	0	2	2	0	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	4 Attempt to commit suicide...	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5 Causing miscarriage ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	6 Causing hurt (voluntarily)...	0	70	70	22	63	158	8	0	0	5	1	2	0	8	150	0	0	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7 Causing grievous hurt ...	1	8	9	6	6	14	10	0	1	0	9	0	0	10	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

8	Wrongful restraint & confinement	0	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Criminal force & assault ...	0	43	43	6	13	27	4	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	23	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Kidnapping	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	Rape	0	2	2	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XVII.																															
10	**Offences against property.**																															
1	Theft...	2	83	85	81	48	78	53	0	23	5	10	15	0	53	31	0	0	20	10	2	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Extortion	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Robbery	0	3	3	1	3	6	5	0	5	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Dacoity	0	2	2	0	1	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	
5	Murder in dacoity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
6	Receiving of stolen property	0	4	4	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7	Criminal misappropriation of property	0	7	7	11	7	10	3	0	0	2	0	1	0	3	7	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	Cheating	1	1	2	11	2	2	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9	Mischief	0	21	21	5	13	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
10	Criminal trespass	0	8	8	2	3	5	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
11	House trespass	0	11	11	0	1	3	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
12	Criminal breach of trust ...	1	4	5	3	3	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter XVIII.																															
11	**Offence relating to documents &c. ...**	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	Chapter XX																																
12	Offences relating to marriage...	0	5	5	6	4	9	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	8	0	0	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXI																																
13	Offences of defamation ...	1	2	3	7	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXII																																
14	Criminal intimidation, insult, & annoyance	0	65	65	13	8	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXIII																																
15	Attempt to commit offences ...	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Chapter XII Cri. P. C. Secs 146, 147	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Chapter VIII of C. P. C. Sees, 109-110	0	4	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	District police Act. V. 1867 ...	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Cattle trespass Act. I. 1871 ...	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Opium Act I 1878 ...	0	1	1	0	1	8	8	0	0	2	6	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Abkari Act V 1878 ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Gambling Act IV 1887 ...	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Salt Act II 1890	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Arms Act.	0	1	1	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	Miscellaneous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total. ...	7	367	374	205	197	412	112	1	33	25	26	27	0	112	312	0	0	38	12	2	10	13	9	1	0	0	0	0	4	1		

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APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1913-1914

Name of court.	No. of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year 1913-1914.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of 1912-1913	Brought to trial in 1913-1914					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Persons died, escaped or transferred.		
	1912-1913	1913-1914		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	1912-1913	1913-1914							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Sar Nyayadhish	13	7	1	18	0	0	0	0	12	19	0	2	13	0	0	4	
Revenue Assistant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Radhanpur 1st Class Magistrate.	108	172	10	100	3	100	14	0	201	227	47	118	61	1	0	0	
Sami Do. Do. ...	113	90	6	25	7	50	10	0	105	98	25	50	23	0	0	0	
Munjpur Do. Do. ...	91	89	0	32	2	46	3	0	91	83	10	58	15	0	0	0	
Balodhan 3rd Class Magistrate	3	9	0	1	0	1	0	0	5	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Radhanpur Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sami Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Munjpur Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total. ...	328	367	17	176	12	197	27	0	414	429	83	229	112	1	0	4	

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APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1913-1914.

Number.	Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																Remarks.
			Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred		Further enquiry etc. ordered.		Pending.		
					Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
			Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
1	Huzur Court... ...	4	0	0	3	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	Sar Nyayadhish ...	7	1	1	6	3	6	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Revenue Assistant.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Total ...	11	1	1	9	6	6	2	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX X.

Civil Work——Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in the Radhanpur State during the year 1913–1914.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year Received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits Filed in 1913-1914.										Suits disposed of in 1913-1914.						Remarks.
		1912-1913	1913-1914	1912-1913	1913-1914	1912-1913	1913-1914	1912-1913	1913-1914	1912-1913	1913-1914	Value.	Suits re-landed property.	Suits for money transactions	Suits for other rights.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 & under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 & under Rs. 1000	No. of suits above Rs. 1000&under Rs. 5000	No. of suits above Rs. 5000	Ex-parte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8 Rs. a. p			9			10				11						12 y. m. d.	13
1	Sar Nyayadhish																											
	Regular suits... ...	4	2	0	1	4	3	2	2	2	1	99415	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	4656-5-9	2 5 24	
	Small cause suits ...	1	3	52	161	53	164	50	163	3	1	2386	3	9	0	161	0	161	0	0	0	0	26	86	25	26	2408-3-3	0 2 13	
2	Radhanpur Munsiff																												
	Regular suits... ...	92	97	86	157	178	254	81	214	97	40	16105	11	10	6	148	3	117	35	5	0	0	2	71	9	132	20171-4-4	1 6 25	
3	Sami. Munsiff																												
	Regular suits	13	19	51	86	64	105	45	94	19	11	8639	6	3	0	86	0	70	13	3	0	0	3	38	14	39	8310-4-3	0 3 11	
	Small cause suits ...	1	1	42	30	43	31	42	29	1	2	365	8	2	0	30	0	30	0	0	0	0	4	11	5	9	353-8-2	0 1 20	
4	Munjpur Munsiff																												
	Regular suits	16	10	34	112	50	122	40	106	10	16	9505	5	3	2	110	0	79	33	0	0	0	3	37	42	24	9309-7-9	0 2 15	
	Small cause suits ...	3	0	16	68	19	68	19	68	0	0	748	3	9	0	68	0	68	0	0	0	0	3	7	40	18	748-3-9	0 1 0	
	Total																												
	Regular suits... ...	125	128	171	356	296	484	168	416	128	68	133665	7	4	8	344	4	266	81	8	0	1	10	146	65	195	42447-6-1	0 11 10	
	Small cause suits ...	5	4	110	259	115	263	111	260	4	3	3499	15	8	0	259	0	259	0	0	0	0	33	104	70	53	3509-15-2	0 2 0	
	Grand Total ...	130	132	281	615	411	747	279	676	132	71	137165	7	0	8	603	4	525	81	8	0	1	43	250	135	248	45957-5-3	0 7 22	

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APPENDIX XI.

Civil Work—Results of applications for execution of decrees 1913-1914.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of.			Remarks.
	1912-13	1913-14		1912-13	1913-14	Value for present year.	1912-13	1913-14	Value for present year.	1912-13	1913-14	Value for present year.	1912-13	1913-14	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1 Sar Nyayadhish	1	1	15-11--1	5	19	276--2--5	6	20	291-13--6	5	19	274--0-11	1	1	17-12--7	1	0	0	
2 Radhanpur Munsiff ...	58	74	9427--0--5	31	90	6592-14--5	89	164	16019-14-10	15	104	9094--6--2	74	60	6925--8--8	24	7	29	
3 Sami Munsiff	7	23	1942--0-11	24	48	3091--5--8	31	71	5033--6--7	8	52	3021--4--1	23	19	2012--2--6	7	4	8	
4 Munjpur Munsiff	6	10	1637--9--8	5	62	5464-10-11	11	72	7102--4--7	1	45	3213-12--6	10	27	3888--8--1	20	5	2	
Total... ...	72	108	13022--6--1	65	219	15425--1--5	137	327	28447--7--6	29	220	15603--7--8	108	107	12843-15-10	52	16	39	

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APPENDIX XII.

Civil Work—Number and results of appeals in Civil Suits in the Radhanpur State during the year 1913-1914.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of.								Average duration.						Remarks.
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		1912-1913			1913 1914			
	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.	
Huzur Court ...	9	0	4	4	13	4	13	4	0	0	151--0-0	2075--8-0	8	1	1	2	2	0	0	1	2	0	1	3	6	0	4	12	
Sar Nyayadhish ...	1	1	4	20	5	21	4	21	1	0	442-12-0	2442--6-7	3	4	0	5	0	5	0	3	0	4	0	4	18	0	2	7	
Total ...	10	1	8	24	18	25	17	25	1	0	593-12-0	4517-14-7	11	5	1	7	2	5	0	4	2	4	1	0	21	0	2	19	

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APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1913-14.

Stations	No. of prisons.	No. of prisoners				Daily. Average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining form last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.							
				1912-1913	1913-1914	1912-1913	1913-1914				
Radhanpur	1	34	149	217	183	29.77	23.25	25		23.76	1 convict died in the Radhanpur Jail.
Sami	1	2	39	122	41	0.3	.01	0		36.68	
Munjpur	1	0	7	0	7	0	.58	0		0	
Balodhan	1	0	6	10	6	0.11	.03	0		6,0	
Total ...	4	36	201	349	237	30.18	23.87	25		23 18	

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APPENDIX XIV.

Registration of documents in the Radhanpur State during the year 1913-1914.

Names of State Courts.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Document of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money-bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
1 Sar Nyayadhish ...	2	6	0	0	1	2	1	3	0	0	0	1	2	6	2575--0-0	11832--0-0	0	0	0	0	
2 Radhanpur Munsiff	82	125	77	97	0	1	4	20	0	0	1	7	82	125	14491--4-0	29165-10-6	0	0	0	0	
3 Sami Munsiff ...	6	2	5	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	6	2	1265--0-0	257--0-0	0	0	0	0	
4 Munjpur Munsiff...	7	1	4	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	7	1	2490--8-0	750--0-0	0	0	0	0	
Total. ...	97	134	86	99	1	3	9	23	0	0	1	9	97	134	20821-12-0	42004-10-6	0	0	0	0	

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APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration in the Radhanpur State during the year 1913-1914.

Description.	1912-1913.							1913-1914.							Remarks.
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			No of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			
					Rs.	as.	ps.					Rs.	as.	ps.	
Radhanpur State, ...	97	20821	12	0	424	9	0	134	42004	10	6	774	2	3	
Deduct expenditure, ...	0	0	0	0	27	15	6	0	0	0	0	28	10	7	
Net profit.	0	0	0	0	396	9	6	0	0	0	0	745	7	8	

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APPENDIX XVI.

Receipts and Expenditure of the Municipalities in the Radhanpur State during the year 1913-1914.

Name.	Opening balance on 1st April.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 31st March.	Remarks.
		1912-1913	1913-1914		1912-1913	1913-1914		
Radhanpur Municipality	1842-8-1	10852-14-10	8854-12--7	10697--4-8	10641-9--0	8044--1-3	2653-3-5	
Sami Municipality	0	347-10--6	500--0--0	500--0-0	1218-1-11	1654-12-5	0	
Munjpur Municipality	0	117--8--7	146-15--4	146-15-4	269-2--5	212--4-5	0	
Total... ...	1842-8-1	11318--1-11	9501-11-11	11344--4-0	12128-13-4	9911--2-1	2653-3-5	

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APPENDIX XVII.

Statement of Rain fall in the Radhanpur State during the year 1913-1914.

Station	April 1913	May 1913	June 1913	July 1913	August 1913	September 1913	October 1913	November 1913	December 1913	January 1914	Februaay 1914	March 1914	Total	Total of previous year	Average of past 6 years.	Remarks.
1 Radhanpur...	0	0	0·62	18.58	9.18	2.99	0.0	0	0	0	0.27	0	31.64	19.85	19.45	
2 Sami	0	0	2.23	15.4	6.18	1.86	0.0	0	0	0	0.18	0	25·49	26.95	20 01	
3 Munjpur	0	0	2.45	12.24	5.53	4.43	4.50	0	0.8	0	0	0	29.23	33.62	22.02	
4 Kuvar	0	0	0.75	16.3	7.6	4.0	1.26	0	0	0	0	0	29.10	17.45	19.45	
5 Balodhan	0	0	0.56	19·46	10.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30.2	18.17	17.72	

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XVIII

Statement showing prices of staple food-grains in the Radhanpu State.

Articles.	Rate per maund during March 1913. Rs. as. ps.	Rate per maund during March 1914. Rs. as. ps.	Remarks.
Wheat	1-11-0	1-12-0	
Bajri	1-9-6	1-15-0	
Mag	2-4-0	2-4-0	
Gram	1-5-0	1-9-6	
Adad	2-6-0	2-0-0	
Banti	1-1-0	1-7-0	
Math	1-9-0	1-9-0	
Guvar	1-9-0	1-6-0	
Juwari	1-6-0	1-10-0	
Chhasto	1-5-0	1-15-0	
Jav	1-10-0	1-4-0	

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APPENDIX XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works, in the Radhanpur State during the year 1913-1914

Description of work.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Total.	
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs A. P.	
Buildings	4484-15-2	8133-15-6	12618-14-8	0	0	0	12618-14-8	
Roads	0	53- 2- 3	53- 2- 3	0	0	0	53- 2- 3	
Wells and tanks	983-8-2	385- 0- 4	1368- 8- 6	0	0	0	1368- 8- 6	
Miscellaneous	0	2728-12-11	2728-12-11*	0	0	0	2728-12-11	* Establishment and other charges.
Total Expenditure for 1913-1914 ...	5468-7-4	11300-15-0	16769-6-4	0	0	0	16769-6-4	
-Do-for 1912-1913 ...	876-6-7	14542-12-11	15419-3-6§	0	0	0	15419-3-6	§ Includes Rs. 3036-10-2 establishment & other charges.

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural Stock in the Radhanpur State during the year 1913-14.

District.	Year.	Horses and cattle.										Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.		With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.											
Radhanpur State ...	1913-14	14325	20986	159	7218	179	474	53	2577	52460		6774	12	346	2439	

Hargovind Harnarayen,
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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXI

Statement showing the Excise shops and Excise revenue of the Radhanpur State. during the year 1913-1914

Name of State.		Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Bhang.		Total		Remarks.
		Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Radhanpur.	1912-13	25	1101-5-4	18	8275-4-0	2	4-0-0	0	0	45	9380-9-4	
	1913-14	25	647-0-0	18	11334-6-6	2	1172-0-0	0	0	45	13153-6-6	

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APPENDIX XXII. B.

Particulars of Receipts and Expenditure of the Radhanpur State for the year 1913-1914.

No	Items.	1909-1910			1910-1911			1911-1912			1912-1913			1913-1914		
	Receipts.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.
	Opening balance	422762	4	0	521037	12	10	540748	0	9	170966	7	2	26379	7	10
1	Land Revenue...	308447	2	0	305097	3	4	115598	13	10	133653	8	9	404804	14	9
2	Local Cess	27779	3	2	12502	2	7	5150	8	2	7551	8	10	10356	7	7
3	Sale proceeds of land.. ..	116	7	4	65	4	0	41	8	0	344	10	0	175	8	0
4	Opium Revenue	9822	2	8	11224	2	4	11752	10	0	8275	4	0	11334	6	6
5	Abkari Revenue (including Bhang Ganja. &c.)	11524	12	2	10885	13	11	8190	9	0	9784	8	1	10650	3	1
6	Jama, &c from surrounding Talukdars.	1804	10	7	1386	5	4	1767	3	1	1484	12	7	1682	9	4
7	Customs Receipts	69536	8	3	90728	0	5	53389	13	6	18115	13	6	73449	7	6
8	Forests	814	8	11	719	6	5	165	7	9	128	15	2	398	1	9
9	Judicial (including Stamps) ..	10627	1	9	9743	14	0	6119	13	8	6227	1	10	11759	8	5
10	Education (Fees &c.)	18	14	9	17	13	9	4	13	10	2	15	6	3	0	0
11	Guaranteed Rights	11048	0	0	11048	0	0	11048	0	0	0	0	0	22096	0	0
12	Extraordinary Receipts ..	275	7	11	105	1	8	300100	10	6	400150	0	0	217	8	3
13	Other Receipts *	181251	12	11	118425	5	3	701941	14	2	429722	11	11	125434	4	7
14	Tagavi	6889	10	4	5599	5	9	1998	9	6	148710	9	5	38631	13	3
	Total ...	639956	6	9	577547	14	9	1217270	7	0	1164152	1	7	710993	13	0
	Garnd Total ...	1062718	10	9	1098585	11	7	1758018	7	9	1335118	8	9	737373	4	10
	Expenditure.															
1	Darbar Expenses	118634	2	4	119156	3	1	328348	6	9	271917	13	1	220823	3	6
2	Tribute...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Extraordinary Charges ...	0	0	0	312	12	11	10069	2	6	147437	8	4	0	0	0
4	Administrative (Establishment)	26101	5	10	31665	10	4	32900	0	8	32200	4	7	21512	7	4
5	Revenue Department.. ..	35051	15	8	35313	15	9	27353	6	2	28664	14	0	25192	5	8
6	Judicial Department	7821	13	8	7743	6	4	7580	11	10	5872	5	3	6516	9	3
7	Educational Department ..	10120	14	9	13227	10	8	11601	9	8	10153	10	2	12780	1	8
8	Military (Sirbandi) Paltan ..	10245	12	7	11843	8	6	13964	7	6	10636	1	9	11522	11	2
9	Police and Body Guard	55720	6	2	56931	7	11	71330	2	6	59306	11	0	58331	11	4
10	Jail	2308	0	0	2053	0	3	2194	5	8	2738	4	6	2213	10	5
11	Dispensary (including Vaccination)	11936	13	3	11745	11	11	9929	8	3	8182	10	10	10937	13	5
12	Forest Department	8333	1	11	9427	0	1	8826	1	8	10897	1	11	12854	4	7
13	PublicWorks(includingRepairs).	28705	10	9	30704	11	9	54115	0	4	15419	3	6	16957	6	5
14	Minor Establishment ‡ ...	12510	0	1	24400	6	8	22513	13	7	34638	8	5	61094	10	8
15	Dharmada (Devasthan) ...	13732	7	4	13227	9	7	14723	12	4	16383	15	0	23028	13	5
16	Guaranteed Rights	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Paid in liquidation of Debts .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	77454	14	0
18	Miscellaneous §	196196	7	1	183761	5	9	946481	10	0	513269	10	3	148776	10	0
19	Nazarana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Purchase of Land	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	0	0
21	Remission and Refunds ...	317	3	8	371	10	0	265	5	3	520	6	3	135	10	1
22	Relief Work	0	0	0	0	0	0	13790	7	9	20437	14	2	26252	8	1
23	Tagavi	3944	10	10	5951	7	4	11064	0	2	120122	1	11	397	0	0
	Total ...	541680	13	11	557837	10	10	1587052	0	7	1308739	0	11	736982	7	0
	Closing balance ...	521037	12	10	540748	0	9	170966	7	2	26379	7	10	390	13	10
	Grand Total ...	1062718	10	9	1098585	11	7	1758018	7	9	1335118	8	9	737373	4	10

* Includes receipts from Interest, Miscellaneous Receipts, Deposits, & Advances except Tagavi.

‡ Includes Survey and Boundary, Pardashi or Guest Dept, & Municipal charges.

§ Includes Political charges. charges for grass subsequently adjusted, Misc. & Unforeseen charges, Deposits and Advances other than Tagavi.

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APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Radhanpur State during the year 1913-1914.

Serial No.	Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.			Results of in-door patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.			Remarks.
		In-door.	Out-door.	Total	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		In-door.	Out-door.	Total	
1	Sultana Jahan Hospital	65	8563	8628	44	14	3	4		3.26	144.97	148.23	
2	Diamond Jubilee Female Hospital	34	1842	1876	22	9	0	3		1.81	32.78	34.59	
3	Sami Dispensary	0	4254	4254	0	0	0	0		0	49.78	49.78	
4	Munjpur Dispensary	0	753	753	0	0	0	0		0	10.64	10.64	
5	Kuvar Dispensary	0	526	526	0	0	0	0		0	9.64	9.64	
6	Balodhan Dispensary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	Balodhan Dispensary remained closed & has been recently opened.
	Total ..	99	15938	16037	66	23	3	7		5.07	247.81	252.88	

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APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Radhanpur State for the year 1913-1914.

Name.	Population	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of Population.				Remarks.
										Births.		*Deaths.*		
		1912-13	1913-14			1912-13	1913-14			1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14	
Radhanpur City...	10689	119	191	72	0	700	511	0	189	10.55	17.86	62.11	47.80	10369
Radhanpur Mahal	20330	123	65	0	58	137	67	0	70	6.4	3.19	6.73	3.29	20328
Sami Mahal	15048	111	122	11	0	192	100	0	92	7.33	8.10	12.69	6.64	15070
Munjpur Mahal	15385	185	205	20	0	206	173	0	33	12.0	13.32	13.37	11.24	15417
Balodhan Mahal	3618	74	71	0	3	56	22	0	34	20.55	19.62	15.55	6.06	3667
Total ...	65070	612	654	103	61	1291	873	0	418	9.30	10.05	19.63	13 41	64851

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APPENDIX XXV.

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Radhanpur State during the year 1913-1914.

No. of Schools.		Description of School.	No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
1912-1913	1913-1914		1912-1913	1913-1914	1912-1913	1913-1914	High School.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	Radhanpur High School	132	141	90.16	107.84	4012-9-1	0		
3	3	Radhanpur, Sami and Munjpur Taluka Schools...	507	524	398	383	0	0	† 8767-8-7	† This includes inspection charges of the Deputy Educational Inspector Palanpur for the past two years.
16	18	Village Schools	332	340	264	269	0	3		
1	1	Urdu School	60	61	44	37	0	0		
2	2	Girls' Schools	144	157	102	98	0	0		
23	25	Total.	1175	1223	898.16	894.84	4012-9-1	0	8767-8-7	12780-1-8

Hargovind Harnarayen,
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Radhanpur State.

Annual Administration Report of the Radhanpur State for the year 1914-1915.

CHAPTER I.—*General and Political.*

Boundaries.

1. The State of Radhanpur as mentioned in previous reports, is bounded on the North by Warahi, Bhabhar and Terwada, on the East by Terwada, Kankrej and the Patan District of His Highness the Gaekwar, on the South by Vanod, Dasada, and Jhinjuvada of Kathiawar Agency, and on the West by the Runn and Warahi.

Area, Villages, Population and Revenue.

2. It comprizes an area of 1150 square miles and contains 158 villages with a population of 65,567 souls. The gross revenue, on an average of last 5 years, comes to Rs. 423325.

Tribute and Jama.

3. The State pays no tribute to the British Government or to any other State. It annually receives Jama aggregating to Rs. 1711-15-7 from 8 villages of Chhadchhat and Santalpur, 1 of Warahi, 4 of Jhinjuwada, 4 of Vanod and Dasada, and holds a share in the revenue of Unadi under Warahi, and ½ share in the octroi duties levied in Terwada, where a Nakedar is stationed for the collection of these duties by the Radhanpur State.

Relation with adjoining States.

4. Its relations with the neighbouring States and Talukas continue to be cordial and friendly.

Birthday of His Highness.

5. The Birthday of His Highness the Nawab Saheb was celebrated as usual on 24th June 1914. Sweets were distributed to school children and an address presented to His Highness by the Mahomedan community. A garden party was also given by the Mahajan. Prisoners were given a sweet dinner and two were released. Rs. 5689-11-3 on account of revenue dues were struck off in honour of the occasion.

Birthday of His Imperial Majesty.

6. On the occasion of the anniversary of the Birthday of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor on 24th June 1914, a salute of 31 guns was fired and a parade of State forces was held ending in feu-de Joie on the Parade ground which was attended by His Highness the Nawab Saheb, Bhayats Officials and the leading Citizens of the City. The day was observed as a public holiday and sweetmeats were distributed to the children of all the schools and alms to the poor. Three prisoners were also released in honour of the occasion.

7. The very sad news of the untimely demise of Her Excellency Lady Hardinge was heard with great sorrow by all classes of people in the State. All the offices and schools were closed for two days in memory of the deceased.

A case of smuggled opium.

8. A case of smuggled opium amounting to 15 mds and 36 lbs was detected by the Inspector Kurdha Beat, through the assistance of the Informer Koli Karsan of Kurdha, and the case was committed to the court of the District Magistrate Radhanpur by whom the case was decided. His Highness was pleased to direct that the full value of opium at Rs. 4-5-9 per 1b i. e Rs. 2772-9-0 and that of the other confiscated articles, plus the whole amount of fine recovered, should be paid as reward to the persons concerned in detecting the case. Thus the total amount paid as reward in this case is Rs 3129-15-2, of which Rs. 1173-11-8, $\frac{6}{16}$th part of the total reward, was given to the informer Pagi Karsan Uka of Kurdha, and Rs. 1956-3-6, i e. $\frac{10}{16}$th part was forwarded to the Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Northern Frontier for distribution amongst the servants concerned of his Department.

9. Under Government Resolution No 12885 dated 22-12-14, the Political Agent, Palanpur was asked to convey to His Highness the Nawab Saheb of Radhanpur the thanks of the Government for his liberality in granting the rewards in this case.

Marriage of His Highness.

10. The second marriage of His Highness the Nawab Saheb with the daughter of Sardar Saheb Khan Mahomadkhan of Amritsar took place on the 11th March 1915. The offices and schools were closed for two days. as well as 4 prisoners were released on the auspicious day of the marriage.

Donation.

11. His Highness was pleased to forward a sum of Rs. 125 to the Assistant Political Agent, Palanpur on account of subscription to the Victoria Institute Library for the year 1914-15.

Visit of the Political Agent Palanpur.

12. The Political Agent, visited the State on 4-2-1915. During the visit he inspected the Jail, and the Hospitals and expressed his entire satisfaction and also distributed the prizes amongst the successful students in the High School building in a meeting held for the purpose.

13. As stated in para 17 of the last year's Annual Report, the Government were pleased to authorize the Police Superintendent and the City Fouzdar Radhanpur, of this State to send official Police Telegrams in the matter of detection of crimes. (vide P. A. Palanpur's No. 5488 dated 28-10-1914.)

14. Government have been pleased to introduce the reciprocal free service of civil processes and summonses between the States of Rajputana, viz, Jaipur, Alwar, Dungarpur, Jodhpur, Jaisalmer, Banswara, Bikaner, Sirohi and the bordering States situated in the Bombay Presidency and the Punjab (vide Political Agent, Palanpur's No, 249 dated 20-1-1915.)

15. During the year under report His Highness the Nawab Saheb had his usual tour in the Districts of the State, during which His Highness always came in contact with the village people who evinced deep satisfaction at the interviews freely granted to all, and at the opportunities His Highness was pleased to afford them to meet him and have free conversations on all subjects of local interest. During the year His Highness also visited Jamnagar, Ahmadnagar, Bomday, and Poona outside the State. At Poona His Highness was at the Government House from 2-8-14 to 6-8-14.

His Highness's tour in the District and other places.

THE WAR.

16. The year under report has to record one of the most important and serious events of the present age. The Great European War-the most impious War in all history which the tyrants from Germany and Austria-Hungary have forced upon the whole civilized world-involved the mighty British Empire in a most stupendous struggle ever recorded in history. It is a war between freedom and tyranny-between justice and injustice-between righteousness and wrong-doing-a war which our august Sovereign and King Emperor is compelled to fight for freedom, justice and righteousness.

At a critical time like this it was the duty of whole India to stand firmly, faithfully and unflinchingly by her Great Sovereign and his Government. And India-one feels proud to say-played her part exceedingly well. She at once took in the situation and realized what her duty was towards the paramount British Power at such a crisis, in view of the countless blessings she was enjoying under the British Rule. From one end of the country to the other-from every Province and Presidency-from every town and city spontaneously came offers, from every class and community, to place their personal services-all the resources at their disposal-at the complete disposal of their most beloved Sovereign and his Government. For the first time in the history of India, Indian princes and Indian soldiers have been called to fight and have been fighting in the battle-fields of Europe, side by side with European soldiers, with credit to themselves and their country and the Great Empire of which India forms an integral part. Native States India, no less than British India, has proved that she knows her duty and recognizes her obligations-that she is prepared, with all the subjects of His Majesty throughout the Empire, to devote herself body and soul to the successful prosecution of the cause which is her own. The present war evoked an outburst of unprecedented loyalty to the British Throne. It has cemented the bonds of attachment which bound India to the British Throne.

The Mahomedan Rulers of Radhanpur have ever been conspicuously loyal to the British Crown True to the noble and martial traditions of his warlike ancestors, His Highness the present Nawab Saheb Shri Jalaludinkhanji Saheb, as soon as he heard that war was declared, most readily offered his own personal services in the war and offered to place all the resources of his State at the complete disposal of the British Government. Indeed His

Highness was so anxious to fight on behalf of our most beloved Sovereign that he actually pressed his offer to be allowed to go to the Front. And although His Highness has not, as yet, had his ambition satisfied in this respect, he yet hopes that his personal services may be accepted.

As soon as War was declared, His Highness issued and published a State Firman throughout the State, setting forth, in unmistakable terms, what His Highness' attitude was and shall be at that critical period of Indian History and what he thought the attitude of all his people ought to be. The Firman was welcomed, enthusiastically received and loyally acted upon by all classes of people in the State. His Highness the Nawab Saheb, the Ruler of a Mahomedan State, with all the Mahomedan population, has most correctly appreciated, at its proper value, the attitude which Turkey has been led to take on behalf of the enemy.

The State promptly issued and adopted special measures from time to time by Notification and Regulation in conformity to the special enactments and Ordinances of the Supreme Government in connection with the War.

With a view to make the people correctly understand and follow the progress of the War, His Highness had a series of public war lectures arranged to be delivered in the State. And the lectures, which Mr. Manibhai H. Vyas B. A., L. L. B. quite readily undertook, indeed proved very instructive, interesting and popular. It is a pity Mr. Manibhai could not continue his praiseworthy undertaking for a very long time owing to exceedingly bad health.

A Public Meeting was held on 20th August 1914 and His Highness the Nawab Saheb was pleased to preside at it. His Highness explained in detail the cause, that led to the war—the motives which compelled the British Government to take part in the war and the duty, that lay before them all in the present crisis, to do whatever everyone of them could possibly do in his own way to help the Government. A fund was opened and liberally subscribed to by those present.

A sum of Rs. 19900 has already been remitted to the Secretary of the Bombay Branch of the Imperial War Relief Fund.

CHAPTER II—*Administration of land.*

17. The State comprises 163 villages including 5 depopulated. Of these 143 are under khalsa Revenue Vahivat, 14 are held by Bhayats, 4 by Inamdars and 2 by Dharmada holders. No change in the number of alienated villages occurred during the year under report.

Villages under Khalsa Revenue Vahivat and those held by Bhayats and the alienees.

18. The Revenue Assistant is ordered to prepare a Code for Revenue Vahivat and the work is proceeding. It is expected that the Draft will be ready during the coming rainy season for sanction. Till then the administration of land must

Vahivat based on practice.

continue as at present viz, according to vahivat or practice modified here and there by rules, orders and circulars issued from time to time as occasions arose.

Division of Mahals.

19. The State is divided into 2 Mahals, subdivided into 32 Tehsils and they are managed as before. The number of tehsils remained the same as during the last year.

System of collection of land revenue

20. The system of cash assessment obtains in 141 villages against 139 of last year. The Bhagvati system now prevailing only in 2 villages of the Radhanpur Mahal. During the year under report cash assessment was introduced in Sami and Dharawana, two of the villages of the Sami Mahal. It was due entirely to the personal exertions and influence of His Highness that these two villages were brought under cash assessment since the question was very difficult to solve, the cultivators thereof being rather troublesome and obstinate.

Survey & Classification.

21. As stated above, cash assessment has been introduced in all the villages under khalsa Vahivat, except 2 which too will soon be villages paying in cash.

As stated in para 25 of the last year's report, the survey of Kolapur and Nana Jetalpura which were populated last year, has been finished during the year under report. There is now no Khalsa village which has not been brought under survey. Steps are taken to have the 8 Inami, Bhayati and 2 Dharmada villages yet unsurveyed brought under survey. Of these the survey of 1 Dharmada village, viz, Khandia, is in progress.

The total expenditure of the temporary survey establishment comes to Rs. 655-7-2. The permanent establishment inclusive of the Head Surveyor's salary cost Rs. 1168-1-5.

22. During the year under report 122 new cultivators settled in the State, and cultivated 681 acres and 4 gunthas of Padtar land; and 6194 acres and 2 gunthas more of Padtar land were brought under the plough by the old cultivators, making a total of acres 6875-6 gunthas of the padtar lands newly brought under cultivation against 5068 acres last year. 28230 acres 6 gunthas of land were relinquished by the old cultivators against 27470 acres of land in the previous year.

The causes of these relinquishments are the same. The cultivators are now allowed to keep only such lands as they are able to cultivate, while formerly they could possess any extent of land and not cultivate it all.

They have perforce to give up a lot in their possession as they cannot till all. Then again the varying and changing nature of the soil has also a similar effect. Lands getting salty as well as those suffering from washing off are bound to be given up.

23. The following table shows the total area of land, culturable land &c. &c of villages under Khalsa Revenue Vahivat:—

Particulars.	1913-14 Acres.	1914-15 Acres.	Increase or decrease.
1. Total lands. ...	467361-29	471643-29	+4282-0
2. Less Kharabo. ...	41325-33	40763-3	-562-30
3. Balance of culturable lands. ...			
(a) Talpad. ...	358932-10	363840-18	+4908-8
(b) Pasaita. ...	67103-26	67040-8	-63-18
Total. ...	426035-36	430880-26	+4844-30
4. Area under occupation.			
(a) Talpad. ...			
1. Under actual cultivation. ...	158897-9	159187-36	+290-27
2. Padtar. ...	50127-14	35422-24	-14704-30
Total. ...	209024-23	194610-20	-14414-3
(b) Pasaita. ...			
1. Uunder actual cultivation ...	45419-10	47540-15	+2121-5
2. Padtar. ...	21684-16	19499-33	-2184-23
Total. ...	67103-26	67040-8	-63-18
Grand Total. ...	276128-9	261650-28	-14477-21
5. Culturable unoccupied Padtar lands.	149907-27	169229-38	+19322-11

24. The above statistics show that there was a decrease of 14477-21 acres in the total area of occupied culturable land, and an increase of 19322-11 acres in the Padtar land The cause is that the lands given up by Kajinamas reduced to that extent the total of occupied culturable lands and increased that of the Padtar lands.

It will be seen from the above figures that out of a total of acres 194610-20 guntlas of occupied Talpad land acres 159187-36 gunthas were actually brought under cultivation, and acres 35422-24 gunthas or nearly $\frac{1}{6}$ remained uncultivated

25. No new villages were populated during the year under report. In 20 Bhayati and other villages the total culturable land, amounted to 46227 acres. of which 30540 acres were under cultivation and 15687 acres padtar against 46227, 30865 and 15362 acres respectively in the previous year.

26. Excluding the sum of Rs. 45667-1-0 on account of arrears of the previous year, the land revenue amounted to Rs. 360842-14-10 against

Rs, 376653-2-2 of the previous year excluding Rs 28151-12-7 on account of arrears. Thus the land revenue realized during the year under report comes to Rs. 406509-15-10 against Rs. 404804-14-9 giving an increase of Rs. 1705-1-1 for the year under report.

27. The revenue of Bhayati, Inami and Dharmada villages amounted to Rs 56981-9-4 and Rs. 8497-1-6 respectively in 1914-15 against Rs. 60693-10-7 and Rs. 9626-10-3 in the previous year.

Customs collections

28. The revenue from customs amounted to Rs. 118178-14-2 against Rs. 73449-7-6 in 1913-14. The increase of Rs. 44729-6-8 is due to the export of some cotton which was in balance last year, as also to increase in export and import of the commodities.

Customs duty.

29. Customs duty is levied in the State on the export and import of certain articles. The question to introduce local cess on land and to abolish the levy of customs duties is yet under consideration.

Terwada customs duty.

30. This State has ½ share in the Terwada customs duty. The State has a customs house of its own at Terwada and a Nakedar is placed there by the State to levy and recover the customs duty there. ½ of the duty is kept by the State and the other half goes to Terwada.

It may be mentioned here that the Terwada Thakores have been of late raising difficulties which however-thanks to the kindly intervention and timely help of the Political Agent, are often easily settled. Only recently they, without right and without authority, farmed out their share of the customs revenue to an outsider without having the least idea of what it meant and how injurious the step they took was, not only to the State but to their own interests. It was only an indirect attempt to do harm to the interests of this Stste. Such indirect and vexatious attempts could do good to none and are bound to fail. They are the result of the working of selfish and interested persons about the Thakores-persons who want to evade payments of customs unduly. But I have to note with great satisfaction that our present Political Agent, Major Coghill, with his usual sense of justice only recently decided the matter and disallowed the preposterous claim of the Thakores to give an Ijara of their share. Such attempt ought to be nipped in the bud, for they needlessly give trouble to the Political Officers and cause an amount of vexation to the State.

There is another matter which, in the interests of the Thakores as well as of this State, must be looked into, as it does a lot of injury to the customs revenue, besides causing a muddle in the accounts of which selfish and interested local merchants take an undue advantage at the time of settlement of the accounts. At present an adjustment of the accounts with the Terwada merchants is made at the close of the year which practice is most injurious. This practice must be put a stop to at once and the practice of cash payment

and recovery of customs duty and daily settlement of account must be adopted instead. Correspondence is going on with the Agency in the matter and there is no doubt the question will be settled satisfactorily by major Coghill's kindly intervention and making the Thakores understand what was right and proper and good in their own interests.

Private persons also sometimes give trouble in the recovery of duty which they are anxious to evade and which, therefore, has often to be recovered through the Agency Officers who are always ready to help in the matter. If such persons got no encouragement and were strictly dealt with, it would lessen an amount of useless trouble and vexation to the Ageny as well as to this State.

Transit passes.

31. Transit duties have been abolished in the State but passes continued to be issued by the Tehsildars. During the unavoidable absence of Tehsildars being on duty somewhere else, to avoid trouble and delay that people have to undergo sometimes, Patels have been authorized to issue these passes whenever necessary.

Measures had to be specially taken for the recovery of revenue dues in 112 cases during the year, against 22 during the previoue year. The recovery made thereby amounted to Rs. 9644-2-0 against Rs. 1288-8-1 of last year.

Boundary disputes.

32. 1 appeal and 21 cases of boundary disputes were outstanding at the end of 1913-14. 3 cases were filed during the year under report, making a total of 25 cases, of these 2 cases were disposed of during the year leaving 1 appeal and 22 cases outstanding at the end of the year.

Internal boundary disputes.

33. 7 cases of internal boundary disputes were outstanding at the end of 1913-14; of these 3 cases-Sinad-Sardarpura, Sinad-Masali and Dholakda-Lalpura were disposed of, leaving 4 cases outstanding at the end of the year. They relate to Tuvad-Dhanora, Tuvad Fatehpur, Padla-Kuvarad and Vaval-Sonar boundaries.

Cultivators' Receipt books & survey mark.

34. 421 Khatedars Receipt books were supplied to the cultivators of the Radhanpur Mahal, and 100 to those of the Sami-Munjpur Mahal.

As mentioned in para 47 of the last year's report, the question of putting up stone survey marks instead of earth and sand is under consideration.

Revenue Assistant's work in district.

35. The Revenue Assistant was in the district for 82 days, during which period he examined the Daftars of the Tehsildars and the account books of two Mahals togetherwith 2311 Khata books of cultivators along with other duties.

Wahivatdars' work in the district.

The Wahivatdars of Radhanpur and Sami Mahals moved in the districts for 163 and 156 days during the year, and examined records of Tehsil and Khata books of cultivators.

New Rules.

36. Drafts of Rules in the following matters have been prepared and submitted for sanction to His Highness and it is hoped they will be in force in course of time, as soon as they are sanctioned. Some of them have already received the necessary sanction.

(1) Cattlepounds Act.

(2) An act to regulate sales of lands in towns and villages for building purposes.

(3) The work of framing a Revenue Code is in progress and is expected to be completed during the coming rainy season.

(4) Rules for starting Co-operative Credit Societies have been sanctioned and an Act framed and passed. The people are being explained the advantages but are very slow to take it up through ignorance. It is however hoped that Societies will soon be started.

(5) Draft of Rules for Bhatta allowances, leave and pension. There are rules in some of these matters already but they require to be modified, amended and put up in a collected form.

CHAPTER III—*Protection.*

Legislation.

37. Appendix II shows what laws are in force in the State. No new laws or acts were introduced during the year under report. The spirit of many acts in force in British India is often followed to meet the ends of justice.

Military and Body guard.

38. Military Force—Appendix III shows the constitution of the Radhanpur Body Guard and Paltan. The former consists of 1 Risaldar, 1 Duffedar and 26 Sowars including a trumpeter. They are drilled by the Risaldar and serve as escorts to His Highness the Nawab Saheb, the members of his family and British Political Officers, visiting the State. The cost of the maintenance of the Body guard amounted to Rs. 8917-4-9 as compared with Rs. 15895-0-3 of the preceding year. The decrease is due to the fact that the payment was made during last year of previous year's bills for grains supplied to horses.

Paltan & Band.

39. The strength of the Paltan including the Band was 81 at the close of the year against 92 of the previous year. The Subedar is a pensioned Non-commissioned Officer of the Indian Army and the men under his charge are regularly drilled by him. They are armed with Muzzle loading Enfield Muskets and chiefly utilized on guard duty at the Treasuries, Jail, Palace &c. &c.

The Body Guard and Paltan are located in Radhanpur. Persons resident of the State are given preference whenever vacancies have to be filled up.

Police-Mounted and Foot.

40. Police-The Police too are recruited locally as far as possible, and consist of 140 foot Police of all ranks (including one drill Instructor) below the rank of Head Constables of whom 42 are armed with muzzle loading muskets and bayonets, and 98 are unarmed and provided with batons only. The mounted Police consists of 53 including 17 regulars and 35 irregulars and 1 Bhoi Bargir, and there are 14 camel sowars unarmed, all together making a total of 207 men (vide Appendix IV.)

Policemen able to read and write.

41. The total number able to read and write in the Police force is 71 against 80 in the last year.

Strength of Police.

42. The total number of Police was the same as it was during the last year viz 217, and the total cost of the Police amounted to Rs. 45342-7-1 including Rs. 10493-7-3 on account of the village Police against Rs. 44266-7-6 including Rs. 10025-8-6 for the village Police. The increase in due to the appointment of the Police. Inspector on Rs. 75 plus Rs. 12½ p. c. The ratio of the Police to population and area continues the same viz 1 to every 110 inhabitants and 1.8 square miles respectively.

Village Police.

43. Village Police-The number of village Police was 425 including 58 employed in the Bhayats' and Inami villages. Of these 302 were paid in cash, while the rest either held land or were paid partly in cash and partly in land.

Working of Police.

44. Appendix V and VI give the working of Police. The number of offences reported and arrested by the Police was 101 and 67 respectively against 143 and 115 in the previous year. The percentage of conviction to the numbers arrested and sent up for trial, came to 70.15 and 75.80 against 73.04 and 73.04 in 1913-14.

Criminal Courts.

45. Criminal Justice:- The number of Courts at the end of the year under report was the same as last year. Under present arrangements the various courts exercise the following powers:-

1. The Huzur Court-All the powers of a High court in appeal and revision.

2. The Court of the Sar Nyayadhish:- The powers of a Sessions Judge and District Magistrate.

3&4. The Courts of the Munsiff at Radhanpur and Sami:- All the powers of a First Class Magistrate.

5. The Court of the Thandar at Balodhan:- The powers of a Third Class Magistrate.

6. The Court of the Revenue Assistant:- The powers of a First Class Magistrate in Revenue matters only, and of hearing of appeals against the decision of the Wahivatdars pertaining to revenue matters only.

7&8. The courts of the Wahivatdars of Radhanpur Balodhan and Sami Munjpur :-

The powers of a Third Class Magistrate in revenue matters only.

46. Since 1884 the Judicial and executive functions have been separated in this State.

47. The Sar Nyayadhish holds the powers of a District Judge. He has recently been empowered to take up small cause suits up to Rs 100 within the Radhanpur-Balodhan Mahal.

The spirit of Bombay Regulation VIII of 1827 is followed in the disposal of heirship certificate applications.

Working of the Criminal Courts.

48. Appendix VII and VIII show the work done by the various courts of Criminal Jurisdiction. The number of offences reported and persons dealt with and disposed of was 304, 360, 357 respectively against 367, 429, 425 in 1913-14. The number of persons remaining to be dealt with at the end of the year under report was 3 in one case as compared with 4 persons in 1 case at the end of the previous year.

From Appendix VII it would be seen that there has been no increase in the number of serious offences and the percentage of accused acquitted and discharged in comparison with those convicted appears to be greater; but it seems due to the fact that out of a total of 243, 169 persons in compoundable cases were acquitted under Sec 345 of Criminal Procedure Code.

Appeals in Criminal cases.

49. Appendix IX gives the result of Criminal appeals. There were 27 applications, all of which were disposed of, 2 were rejected, in 16 the sentences were confirmed, in 6 modified, in 2 reversed and 1 remanded for further enquiry, against 1 rejected, 6 confirmed, 2 modified and 2 reversed, making a total of 11 in 1913-14. No application was outstanding at the end of the year. In addition to regular appeals heard and disposed of by the Huzur Court, 7 applications were disposed of in revision and 1 as miscellaneous.

Working of the Civil Courts.

50. Appendix X shows that during the year under report, 550 new suits were instituted which, with 71 remaining of last year, made a total of 621 of which 545 were disposed of and 76 cases left undisposed of at the end of the year, against 615-676 and 71 respectively in the previous year. The value of suits filed and disposed of amounted to Rs 40710-6-4 and Rs 37173-1-11 against Rs 137165-7-0 and Rs 45957-5-3 respectively in 1913-14.

Applications for execution of decree.

51. Appendix XI shows that 213 applications for execution of decrees were filed during the year and 107 remained at the close of the last year; of these 241 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 79, against 219, 220 and 107 respectively in 1913-14. The value of the applications filed, disposed of, and remaining

undisposed of amounted to Rs. 28061-14-2, Rs. 19843-15-7 and Rs 8217-14-7 against Rs. 28447-7-6 Rs. 15603-7-8 and Rs. 12843-15-10 respectively at the end of the previous year.

Civil appeals.

52. Appendix XII shows the working of the Civil appellate courts. The number of appeals on hand at the beginning of the year was nil and that filed during the year was 24, against 1 and 24 respectively in the previous year, and they are all disposed of. The average duration was 3 months and 5 days against 2 months and 19 days in 1913-14. The number of appeals in which decisions were confirmed is 8 out of 24, as against 5 out of 25 in the previous year; in addition to the above, 5 applications for revision and miscellaneous appeals were disposed of by the Huzur Court against 12 in 1913-14., and 1 revision appeal is pending at the close of the year.

Jails and Lock-ups.

53. Appendix XIII shows that the number of Jails and Lock-ups remains the same as before, and that 147 prisoners were admitted into the Jails and Lock-ups and the daily attendance was 21.48 against 201 and 23.87 respectively in 1913-14. The average period of accused remaining in Jail amounted to 21 days against 23.18 days in the previous year.

Registration of documents.

54. Appendix XIV and XV show the working of registration offices during the year under report. 178 documents concerning property valued at Rs. 53886-14-6 and yielding of Rs. 1045-4-0 were registered as against 134 documents relating to property valued at Rs. 42004-10-6 and yielding fee amounting to Rs. 774-2-3 in 1913-14.

Extradition cases.

55. Extradition:—10 persons were surrendered to this State during the year under report. Of these 4 were convicted and 6 were discharged against 8 convicted and 22 discharged out of 30 surrendered in 1913-14. 5 persons were surrendered by this State to the neighbouring States, of whom 3 were convicted, 1 acquitted, and intimation has not been received with regard to 1.

Municipalities.

56. The Municipal Administration:—Appendix XVI gives figures of Municipal receipts and expenditure at Radhanpur, Sami and Munjpur.

The Radhanpur Municipality is supported by an annual grant of Rs 5000/-The other Municipal receipts amounted to Rs. 3877-7-3 as compared with Rs. 3854-12-7 in the year 1913-14.

The Sami and Munjpur Municipalities are principally dependent on the State. ½ p. c. on imported materials is levied in these towns as Sudhara lagat from the people. The income from this source during the year under report amounted to Rs. 631-6-5 at Sami and Rs. 188-13-3 at Munjpur, against Rs. 500-0-0 and Rs. 146-15-4 respectively during the previous year.

The disbursements on account of these two Municipalities amounted to Rs. 876-8-11 and Rs. 210-0-10 in the year under report, against Rs. 1654-12-5 and Rs. 212-4-5 respectively.

Although the Munjpur Municipality has been abolished, arrangements for the supervision of sanitation continue.

CHAPTER IV-*Production and Distribution.*

Rain fall.

57. Appendix XVII gives details of rain-fall during the year. The year's rain fall was normal, 20 inches 38 cents being registered at Radhanpur, 28 inches 29 cents at Sami, 19 inches 44 cents at Munjpur, 20 inches 33 cents at Kuvar and 17 inches 3 cents at Balodhan. The rain fall was heavy in July.

Crops.

58. During the year under report the kharif crops were sown in time. The insects known as katras and khapedias however did much damage to these crops and the outturn was accordingly inferior. The kharif crops viz wheat, gram, rape-seed were also damaged to some extent on account of after-season fall of rain and hence the yield was not as it would have been. The growth of castor-seeds and cotton pods was generally good. On the whole the season was fairly good.

Appearance of locusts.

59. During the year a flight of locusts made its appearance in the vicinity of Radhanpur, Gochnath and Dev on the 7th and 8th November 1914, but fortunately caused no damage to the crops.

Prices of staple food.

60. The prices of staple food grains are given in Appendix XVIII. The rates of Wheat, Mag, Gram, Adad and Barley were higher, while those of Bajri, Banti, Guwar, Juwari and Chhasto were lower than in the previous year.

The system of weighing grain.

61. As reported last year, the system of weighing grain was introduced throughout the State from the commencement of the year under report, in order to remove the inconvenience caused to the public, the traders and the cultivators through want of uniformity of weight and measurement.

Gardens & plantation.

62. As reported last year, there are no natural forests in the State. Gardens and plantations are however maintained. The total number of these remains the same as last year i. e. 14 and 11 respectively. They supply a good yield of flowers, fruits, trees, and vegetables. There are 4 plantations of babul trees, 3 of nimb trees, 1 of Gundi trees and 3 containing a variety of trees. The aggregate cost of maintaining these gardens and plantations amounted to Rs. 13317-3-3 against Rs. 12854-4-7 in the previous year. The income derived from them amounted to Rs. 352-6-0 against Rs 398-1-9. During the year under report 6594 trees were planted by the Forest and Revenue Departments, out of which 1789 seem to have grown out.

63. Export and import:—The principal items of export were the same as before, the total value of export and import being Rs. 1179070-15-0 and Rs. 713902-0-5 respectively, against Rs. 893508-4-8 and Rs. 579038-1-11 in the previous year.

Trade.

64. As in the preceding year, there are three ginning factories viz, those at Sami, Lolada and Munjpur. They worked for 89, 38 and 81 days, during the year, and cleared 93870, 37213 and 116336 maunds of cotton respectively.

Ginning factories & cotton press.

65. As mentioned in para 77 of the last year's report, a cotton-press was set up at Sami by Sheth Lalji Naranji of Bombay during the year under report, and will be able to do work in the season which is coming on. The cotton bales issuing uptil now from the ginning factories were Kacha-Bales; thus the cotton press now ready will supply a great want, long felt, and is sure to conduce to the great convenience and advantage of the cultivators and traders. Indeed it has been hailed with delight by these people

Cotton Press at Sami.

Beside supplying a great want, the starting of this cotton-pressing factory by an outside merchant, investing a large capital of about Rs. 75000 in a native State, has indirectly done immense good to the credit of the State. Even local merchants fought shy of investing their money in such concerns. Now that Sheth Lalji Naranji of Bombay has come forward to undertake such an enterprize-thanks to the liberal and far-sighted policy of His Highness the Nawab Saheb who is always so anxious and desirous of encouraging trade and industry in his State-other outside merchants are sure to be induced and encouraged to launch other schemes to the great industrial advancement of the people of the Radhanpur State. Surely the ambition of His Highness to make the Sami Town a cotton mart and the centre of industry in these parts, is nearing fulfilment.

66. Appendix XIX shows the expenditure on P. W. D. The total expenditure incurred in this connection amounted to Rs. 34271-7-2, out of which Rs. 9797-7-7 were expended after new buildings, Rs. 4245-11-3 after wells and tanks and Rs 16286-3-2 for carrying out repairs to several buildings. Rs. 95-7-1 for repairs to roads, Rs. 863-10-4 for repairs to wells and tanks and Rs. 2982-15-9 for miscellaneous repairs as well as establishment and other charges.

Public work.

67. There is a Sub-Post and combined Telegraph Office at Radhanpur and branch Post Offices at Sami, Munjpur, Chandur, Rathodi and Lolada.

Post & Telegraph.

68. There was no emigration during the year under report.

Emigration.

69. Appendix XX shows the number of cattle and other live stock during the year under report. A census of these was taken as usual on 15th March throughout the State with the aid of the leading residents. On comparison of the figures

Cattle and other agriculture stock.

of the previous year there appears to be increase in almost all classes of cattle and other animals. This increase is due to their multiplication as also to the purchase of new ones by cultivators and others.

Excise shops.

70. Appendix XXI shows the number of Excise shops and the revenue derived therefrom. The number of shops of country liquor was 24, of Bhang and Ganja 2, and of opium 21. The revenue of opium and country spirit shows an increase which is due to higher bidding of the Ijara than in the previous year.

Grass.

71. Grass:- the cutting and stacking of grass is being arranged and supervised by the Revenue Department.

Communication.

The State is hampered in every direction by a want of sufficient means of communication with the outside world. It is a pity even fair weather roads are out of question, owing to the nature of the soil and want of necessary materials.

The question of Railway communication between Radhanpur and Viramgam does not yet seem to have made any further progress. It is earnestly hoped that the Government are pleased to see that an early decision is arrived at and the necessary sanction given. A vast and important fertile portion of the country remains isolated and blocked up, though eagerly expecting to be opened up.

Cattle Show and Industrial Exhibition.

72. His Highness the Nawab Saheb, with a farsighted and noble aim, conceived the very happy idea to hold an Agricultural & Cattle Show and an Industrial Exhibition at Radhanpur on the Dasera holidays, every year, with a view to encourage and promote the welfare of cultivators, artisans and traders, and to improve and maintain the famed breeding of cows and bullocks of the State.

Accordingly during the year under report an Industrial Exhibition and Cattle Show was held during the Dasera holidays. Though it was a mere beginning and the very first year, many cultivators, traders and artisans of this State, as well as from the adjoining States and Talukas took part in it and enjoyed it beyond all expectations, and it is earnestly hoped that, if circumstances are favourable, the Show and the Exhibition will be an annual Institution in which all classes of people will take a deep interest and which will add immensely to the prosperity of the agricultural and industrial classes of the people in the State.

The number of animals presented in the Exhibition was about 225 and a large number of exhibits of different kinds was also presented.

A sum of Rs. 1,653-14-1 was distributed as prizes to 65 exhibitors selected by the Committee.

The exhibits purchased by the State were 38 amounting to Rs. 1220-0-0 while those purchased by the public were 34 amounting to Rs. 423-5-5.

CHAPTER V.—*Revenue & Finance.*

Revenue & Finance.

73. Appendix XXII gives details of receipts and expenditure of the State, with those of the previous 4 years. The total receipts and expenditure in 1914-15 amounted to Rs. 792328-13-1 and Rs. 792429-1-9 against Rs. 710993-13-0 and Rs. 736982-7-0 of the previous year.

74. The causes of increase and decrease under each Head are given below:-

RECEIPTS.

2. Local cess:-The increase of Rs. 29253-2-4 is due to the recovery of Sadi Vero.

4. Opium Revenue:-The increase of Rs. 4822-8-6 is due to an increase in the sale of opium owing to the marriage and other occasions.

6. Jama from surrounding Talukas:-The increase of Rs. 357-3-8 is due to the recoveries of the past years' arrears.

7. Customs Receipts:-It shows an increase of Rs. 44729-6-8 which is due to the exportation of some cotton which was in balance last year as also to increase in export and import of other commodities.

11. Guaranteed Rights:-The decrease of Rs. 11048 is due to the recovery of Salt compensation of only the year under report, while the recoveries made in 1913-14 were for the years 1912-13 and 1913-14.

13. Other receipts:-The increase of Rs. 14039-3-0 is due to the recovery of the amount advanced to the Private Secretary on account of His Highness' tours and miscellaneous expenditure as the bills presented by him were passed during the current year.

EXPENDITURE.

4. Administrative establishment:-The increase of Rs. 973-15-10 is due to the creation of a new post of Shirestedar in the Huzur Office &c. &c.

14. Minor establishments:-The decrease of Rs. 34274-2-4 is due to less expenditure under Entertainment Head during the year under report, than the last year.

15. Dharmada Devasthans:-The increase of Rs. 2304-12-9 is due to the fact that a sum of Rs. 23028-13-5, including Rs. 7000 on account of the Turkey fund, was spent last year, while the amount spent during the year under report was Rs. 25333-10-2, including Rs. 10000 on account of the Imperial War Relief Fund.

18. Miscellaneous:-The increase of Rs. 22774-10-3 is due to the amount advanced to the Personal Assistant for expenses incurred on the auspicious occasion of His Highness' marriage.

13. Public works:- It shows an increase of Rs. 17314-0-9 which is due to the erection of new State buildings at Sami.

CHAPTER VI.—*Medical Service.*

Hospitals & Dispensaries.

75. The number of Hospitals and Dispensaries remains the same as during the last year. This year all the dispensaries had been working throughout the year.

Vaccination.

76. The following table shows the work done by the Vaccinators, whose work is annually inspected by the Chief Medical Officer. The results are rather superior to those of the last year, and the people are coming to understand the advantages deriving therefrom.

Year.	Primary Vaccination.				Revaccination.			
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Successful.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Successful.
1913-14	926	954	1880	1810	0	0	0	0
1914-15	1116	1063	2179	2120	3	0	3	2

Medical statistics.

77. Appendix XXIII shows the amount of Medical aid afforded in Hospitals and Dispensaries. 24 Major and 383 Minor operations were performed during the year, as against 27 and 220 respectively last year. 206 were treated as indoor and 16837 as outdoor patients, during the year under report, against 99 and 15938 in the previous year. The average daily attendance was 252.76 against 252.88 These show a slight increase on the whole, the total expenditure amounted to Rs. 11984-8-1, against Rs 10937-13-5 in the previous year. The increase is due to a larger stock of medicines, instruments, and Hospital sundries being ordered as also to the bills of medicines for Her Highness during the year under report.

As compared with the previous year, there was an increase in the number of indoor patients in the Sultana Jahan and Diamond Jubilee Female Hospitals at Radhanpur, and in the number of outdoor patients in the Dispensaries, whereas both the Hospitals at Radhanpur show a decrease in the number of outdoor patients i. e S. J. Hospital 1953 and D. J. F. Hospital 144. The decrease is due to the less severe type of malarial epidemic that prevailed, and also partly to the working of a private charitable dispensary opened in the heart of the town, by the charitable Sheth Motilal Mulji of Radhanpur.

The number of patients treated.

78. The number of patients treated in the State Hospitals and dispensaries, in majority of cases, is made up of Radhanpur subjects and a few people residing in the surrounding Talukas under the Palanpur Agency.

79. The most common diseases that prevailed, during the year under report, were malaria, diseases of the eye, ear, and skin, diseases of the digestive and respiratory systems.

Diseases.

There was no epidemic: Pneumonia however prevailed somewhat in an epidemic form for some time during the cold season.

80 There were neither indigenous nor imported cases of plague in this State during the year under report.

No indigenous or imported cases of plague during the year.

81. Appendix XXIV gives the vital statistics. The number of births and deaths shows an increase of 322, and 269, as compared with the figures of the previous year.

Vital statistics.

82. During the year under report, three postmortem examinations were performed in the S J. Hospital Radhanpur and one post-mortem in Sami.

Post mortem examination.

83. During the year the Sultana Jahan and D. J. Female Hospitals were visited by Major N. S Coghill, Political Agent, Palanpur, who was favourably impressed He was pleased to pass remarks to the effect that they were clean and in good order and there seemed to be an adequate supply of medicines and instruments.

Visit.

CHAPTER VII.—*Education.*

84. Appendix XXV gives particulars of High and Vernacular Schools maintained by the State. One new school was opened during the year under Report at Ranavada, making a total of 26 in all. The total number of pupils at the end of the year shows an increase of 21 boys in the High School, 32 in the Taluka schools and 28 in the Girls' Schools. In the average daily attendance, there has been an increarse of 14 in the High school, 10 in the Taluka schools, 23 in the Urdu school and 15 in the Girls schools, whereas there was a decrease of 10 in the village schools.

Statistics of schools.

The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 13867-9-2 against Rs. 12780-1-8. The increase is due to the fact that the High School had to maintain a full staff of teachers with increased pay for a longer period during the year under report than in the preceding year.

85. As mentioned in para 108 of the last year's report, the system of granting exhibitions to students was continued during the year under report. This method is expected to create and sustain a healthy competition among the students.

86. The number of students studying in the High and Primary schools is as under according to the communities they belong to:—

High school 162.

24 Brahmins.	24 Other Hindus.
91 Jains.	21 Mahomedans.
2 Parsis.	

Vernacular schools 1129.

157 Brahmins.	496 Other Hindus.
280 Jains.	196 Mahomedans.

The results of the Annual Examinations are stated to be on the whole satisfactory, the percentage of the students, who passed the Examination, being as follows: —

Radhanpur	High school 39 p. c.
,,	Taluka school 81 p. c.
,,	Girls school 70 p c.
,,	Urdu school 62 p c
Sami	Taluka school 71 p. c.
,,	Girls school 100 p. c.
Munjpur	Taluka school 79 p. c.

The annual examination of the High school was held in the month of November 1914, by the Head Master, assisted by his colleagues. The number of students who appeared at the examination was 125, out of which 49 passed under all heads, the result being 39% against 42% of the preceding year.

Registration of the High School by the Bombay University.

87. It is during the year under report that the School has, by its regular registration, opened its new relations with the University of Bombay. The Registrar of the University of Bombay informed this State officially, under his No. 1286 dated 7th July 1914. by direction of the Syndicate, that the Radhanpur High School was placed on the University Register of recognised Schools.

It is a matter of satisfaction that out of the five students, sent up by the High school to the Matriculation Examination, two came out successful, which means the school has in its very first year achieved good success, keeping in sight the exceptionally cutting result of the Matriculation Examination for the year.

Prize distribution.

88. On the 17th February 1915, a gathering was held in the High School premises, where prizes were distributed to the successful students at the hands of Mrs. Coghill, Major Coghill, the Political Agent, Palanpur, presiding. The School building was nicely decorated with flags and buntings, and the students of the High School rendered the occasion very charming and delightful by the representation of some interesting dramatic scenes both in English and the vernacular, and recitations.

89. With a view to promote higher Education, 7 scholarships amounting to Rs. 105/. p. m. were newly created and announced at the meeting held on the occasion of His Highness' birth-day. Out of these 2 scholarships of Rs 10 each are reserved for Mahomedan students and the other 5 amounting to Rs. 85/- for students of all communities, to enable them to prosecute their studies in the different branches of Education.

Scholarships.

On the auspicious occasion of His Highness' birthday, all the students of the High school and other local schools had the unique pleasure of receiving one rupee each as present from His Highness, which displayed the deep paternal feelings of His Highness for the school-going chilldren, who were in raptures and felt much proud to receive the gifts at the hands of their kind and generous master and ruler.

90. During the year under report, His Highness the Nawab Saheb was pleased to sanction a good sum of Rs. 3390 for the equipment of the Laboratory and the consruction of a new Hall for the same. Rs. 953-0-9 worth of apparatus have been purchased and a sum of Rs. 2312-0-0 is sanctioned for the construction of the new Laboratory Hall. The High School was badly in need of these things, looking to the introduction of the new Science course in the High school by the Educational Department. And His Highness most generously and readily sanctioned the proposals of the Head Master.

Laboratory Hall.

91. The urgent appeal of the Head Master for providing the High school students with a play ground of their own and a grant sufficient to purchase all the necessary kit for cricket, tennis and other games, as well as for necessary changes in the High School Building and its compound, are under the kind consideration of His Highness, and the Head Master may well look forward to his proposals being sanctioned at an early date by His Highness in his usual generous manner and ardent zeal for the advancement of Education in his State.

New proposals.

92. It may be noted here with satisfaction that the High school has been manned with a full staff of teachers, 3 of whom are graduates, and provided with all necessary equipment. There has been a steady increase of students in the High school, since for the first time in its History, it has to provide 2 classes for one standard and is expected to do the same in the case of another standard more next year.

Increase of students in the High school.

CHAPTER VIII.

93. Records:-The work of sorting and classifying old records is in progress.

Records.

94. Horse-breeding:-13 mares were covered by the State Stallions during the year under report against 22 in the previous year. The State maintains two Stallions for the preservation of good breed in its territories and the surrounding parts.

Horse-breeding.

Libraries.

95. Libraries:–The two Libraries in the State, one at Radhanpur and the other at Sami are maintained by public subscription and a grant from the State. They are managed by a Managing Committee with the approval of the State. The Bismillakhan Library at Radhanpur has been registered by the Bombay Government.

Printing Press.

96. Printing Press:–The printing work of the State is done under contract by a local printing press. The Bi-monthly State Gazette is printed and published at this Printing Press.

Destruction of Pigs.

97. Pig:–During the year 15 pigs were killed against 27. A reward of Rs 1-0-0 per head continues to be given.

CONCLUSION.

Before closing the present report, I feel justified to say that since the installation of His Highness the present Nawab Saheb, the State has undoubtedly been on a path of steady progress all round. The progress may have been slow, but it has undoubtedly been steady. Looking to the resources of the State, one feels satisfied that the wise intentions and noble aims of His Highness to continue the good work begum by British Administrators for the advancement of agriculture, improvement in the condition of the cultivators, to find out ways and means to encourage arts and industry, to advance Education and place the Educational Institutions on a better footing these intentions and these noble aims are being gradually fulfilled.

At the very outset, His Highness engaged the services, as the State Revenue Assistant, of a British Officer who had vast experience of revenue and other work in British as well as native States Service. We will presently see how the Revenue administration is progressing under the wise and able guidance and supervision of His Highness the Nawab Saheb.

Heavy arrears to the amount of Rs. 403813 were written off at the time of the Installation.

Interest on Tagavi advances was appreciably reduced.

Besides enforcing the system recommended by Dr. Mann in a general way, for the improvement of State lands, a Bundh was constructed between Taranagar and Subapura which made lands, which were saltish, fit to grow wheat, and wheat is now growing in these lands.

A system of accounts in Forms prescribed by Symond Manual was introduced in 1912 A. D. which was a decided improvement upon the system of accounts then in vogue.

Orders have been issued to see that the cultivators grow new trees at least one each on every occasion of Birthdays.

Circulars were made to arrange for a reserve of grass by cultivators and State Departments to meet times of Scarcity.

The system of recovery of land revenue has been changed from that of the Bhagvati into that of Vighoti or cash assessment.

The weights and measurements, which used to vary in different places, have been made uniform in all Talukas and places, to the great convenience of the people as well as the State.

The great and important occupancy rights were granted to the State cultivators in 1913 A. D.

Concession rates for new land to be taken in cultivation were made to suit the new cultivators.

Restrictions to Razinama of lands were removed so that the cultivators could freely use their right in that respect.

New Vas are being opened for new cultivators, as at the village of Jahurpura in the Munjpur Taluka, at Agichana in Radhanpur (20 new Santis) at Dhadhana in Sami (40 new Santis) and at Memdabad and Vijaynagar (20 and 55 new santis respectively) in Radhanpur.

Seeds of Babul trees and Teak wood have been brought from Khandesh and sown.

In the matter of customs duty.

Internal export and import duties have been abolished.

Local cess of one anna per Rupee of assessment has been introduced in 14 villages of the Balodhan Mahal, in place of customs duty, at the request and on the application of the cultivators.

The farming of their share of the Terwada Customs by the Terwada Thakores has been stopped and cancelled with the help and intervention of the Political Agent.

A practice of granting rewards to those who detected offences against customs duties has been introduced so as to check and prevent the frequent occurrence of such offences.

In the matter of industries.

An experiment was made in Radhanpur to manufacture sugar from the date trees which seems likely to turn out successful, and orders have been issued to plant date trees in great numbers.

A Gold-embroidery-work factory has been opened at Radhanpur at Durbar's expenses

Rules are made for starting of Co-operative Credit Societies and an Act has been framed and passed, and the State has promised substantial money help to enable them to have a good start.

A pucca cotton press factory has been opened at Sami; applications have been received for grant of permission to open one more Ginning factory at Sami.

In the matter of Education.

An able staff of teachers has been provided for the Local High school, and it has 3 able graduates on its staff at pressent.

5 Scholarships for higher studies in Colleges have been granted, besides Exhibitions and stipends in the High school classes as well as in the vernacular schools classes.

Ample provision has been made for suitable exercise, manly sports of cricket, Tennis, football &c for the boys.

Sanction has been given for a Laboratory Hall to be newly constructed, attached to the High school, and necessary apparatus and articles have already been brought in.

New Vernacular Schools are being opened as necessities arise.

A cattle pounds Act, Rules for digging of new wells and repairs of old ones, Rules for regulating the sale and mortgage of houses in Towns, consolidated Rules of leave, Bhatta allowance, and pension, are awaiting sanction and expected to be in force very soon.

The celebration of the Dusera Holidays by holding a Cattle Show and Industrial Exhibition every year in Radhanpur has been one of the most important and useful features that has been introduced by His Highness for encouraging a healthy growth of cattle and healthy breed, and for the encouragemeut and advancement of arts and industry.

There are other minor matters to mention which all would unnecessarily increase the bulk of this report.

The State administration has thus been on a fairly progressive path all round, during the past four years' rule of His Highness the present Nawab Saheb one of which, the very first year of His Highness' rule, was a famine year and rendered the task of improvement a most uphill work in the next 3 years.

sd/. Hargovind H

Dewan,

Radhanpur State

Radhanpur

13-9- 1915

APPENDIX I.

Names of high officials in the Radhanpur State and Residency officials showing changes in personnal during the year 1914-1915.

Name of Officer.	Appointment.	Period. From.	Period. To.	Remarks.
Mr. Chandulal Harilal Thakore.	Personal Assistant.	1-4-14	31-3-15	Directly employed.
Mr. Manchharam Asharam Bhatt.	Palace Docter, & Private Secretary.	,,	,,	Directly employed.
Mr. Chunilal H. Desai.	Revenue Assistant & Ex. officio, Municipal President.	,,	,,	Services lent by Government.
Mr. S. C. Shahiar.	Police Superintendent.	,,	,,	Directly employed.
Mr. Harilal Vadilal.	Sar Nyayadhish.	,,	,,	Services lent by the Palanpur Agency.
Mr. Mahomad Ahsankhan.	Treasury officer.	,,	,,	Directly employed.
Mr. Gajanan L. Godbole. L. M. & S.	Chief Medical Officer, & Ex. Officio Jail Superintendent.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Mangalbhai H. Thakore.	Head Clerk, Huzur Office.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Huseinmian Mahomadmian Syed.	Sarbhara Supdt. & Jamdarkhana Officer.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Vanmali Vrajpal Doshi. B. A, L. L. B.	Head Master High School, & Superintendent of the Primary Schools.	4-7-14	,,	,,
Mr. Ajodhiaprasad Shukla	Paltan Subedar.	1-4-14	,,	,,
Mr. John Manual Desa.	Head Overseer P. W. D.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Malek Jumakhan.	Municipal Secretary.	,,	,,	,,
Mr. Asadulla Nijamudin Sheikh.	Superintendent Huzur Record Office.	,,	,,	,,

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Dewan,
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APPENDIX II.

List of Laws in force in the Radhanpur State.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
1 The Indian Penal Code Act XLV of 1860.	yes.		
2 The Criminal Procedure Code Act V of 1898.	,,		
3 The Civil Procedure Code Act XIV of 1882 as amended by Acts VI, VII & X of 1888 and Act VIII of 1890, Act VI of 1892 until 31st December 1908 and Act V of 1908 from 1st January 1909.	,,		
4 The Contract Act IX of 1872.	,,	Amendments applied by Notification No. 12 dated 16 September 1908	
5 The Law on Evidence Act I of 1872.	,,		
6 The Opium Act I of 1878.	,,		
7 The Salt Act II of 1890.	,,		
8 The Succession Certificate Act VII of 1889.	,,		
9 The Bombay District Police Act IV of 1890 as amended by Act III of 1898.	,,		
10 The Bombay Village Police Act VIII of 1867 as amended by Act I of 1876.	,,		
11 The Hindu Law.	,,	Nil.	
12 The Mahommedan Law.	,,	,,	
13 The Court-Fee Act III of 1896.	,,	,,	Adapted with modifications from similar Acts in force in British India.
14 The Limitation Act II of 1896.	,,	,,	Do- Do- Do-
15 The Explosive Act	,,	,,	Do- introduced in 1902
16 The Registration Act.	,,	,,	Do- Do- in 1902
17 The Arms Act	,,	,,	Do- Do- in 1904
18 The Game Rules of 1908.	,,	,,	Do- Do- in 1908 by Notification No. 6 dated 1-6-1908.
19 The Explosive Substances Rules of 1908.	,,	,,	Do- Do- in 1908 by Notification No. 11 dated 16-9-1908.
20 The Press & Registration of Books Act XXV of 1867.	,,	,,	Do- Do- in 1910 by Notification No. 855 dated 27-8-1910.
21 The Indian Press Act I of 1910.	,,	,,	Do- Do- Do-

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APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Radhanpur State, 1914–1915.

Arm of Service.	No. of fighting officers and men.						Details of force at end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties. Died.	Casualties. Invalided.	Casualties. Discharged deserted, etc.	At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments Battalions or Batteries	Number of guns.	Number of men. European Commissioned officers.	Number of men. Native Commissioned officers.	Number of men. Non-Commissioned officers.	Number of men. Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cavalry	25	4	1	0	0	28	Bodyguard sowars.	0	0	1	1	26	8917-4 9	
Sappers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0-0-0	
Artillery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17 †	0	0	0	0	0-0-0	† Out of these only 2 are serviceable & used for firing salutes.
Infantry	74	11	2	0	21	62	Paltan.	0	0	1	18	43	10499-10-10	
Band	18	1	0	0	0	19	Band.	0	0	1	3	15		
Imperial Service Trocps...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total ...	117	16	3	0	21	109*	0	17	0	3	22	84	Rs.19416-15-7	* Decrease is due to some of the vacancies being not filled up.

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APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline, and education of the Police, in the Radhanpur State for the year 1914–1915.

Description of officer.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Police Superintendent ...	1	180+20=200	2112--9--4	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
Police Inspector	1	75+12½=87½	1007-10--7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable	1	40+10=50	539--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable	1	30+15=45	544--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable	1	30+10=40	472-12--1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Chief Constable	1	25+10=35	420--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Head Constable	4	15	716--7--6	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	
Havaldars	2	14	323--8--0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Havaldars...	2	13	312--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
Nayaks	2	12	288--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
Nayaks	3	11	396--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
Nayaks	6	10	701--4--8	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	
Constables	26	9	2788--5--6	1	0	0	1	0	5	0	
Constables	42	8	3950--2--1	5	1	0	3	0	10	0	
Constables	56	7	3876-14--7	3	4	0	7	0	17	0	
Drill Instructor	1	6	72--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Daffedars	3	22	807-13-11	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Sowars	23	21	5427--2--1	0	0	0	2	0	9	0	
Sowars	26	20	5742--0--2	2	0	0	0	0	8	0	
Camel Sowars	14	14	2217--3--6	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
Bhoin-Bargir	1	7	84--0--0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total ...	217	2928½	32798-14--0	11	5	0	16	0	71	0	

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APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1914-1915.

Name of State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (columns 4 & 5)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Radhanpur.	143	101	115	67	115	62	84	47	30	15	73.04	70.15	73.04	75.80	

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Dewan.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and recovered in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1914–15.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries to property stolen		Remarks.
	1913–14	1914–15	1913–14	1914–15	1913–14	1914–15	
Radhanpur ...	Rs. A. P. 11501–5–6	Rs. A. P. 6458–15–6	Rs. A. P. 7880–14–9	Rs. A. P. 2685–6–6	68.52	41.56	

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APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1914-1915.

Serial number.	Description of offences.	Number of offences.			No. of cases disposed of during past year.	No. of cases disposed of during present year.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Term of imprisonment.									Accused awaiting trial.	Cases awaiting trial.	Remarks.
		Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment only. Simple.	Imprisonment only. Rigorous.	Imprisonment and fine. Simple.	Imprisonment and fine. Rigorous.	Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years	Transportation.	Capital punishment			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
	Chapter VIII.																															
1	Offences against Public tranquility Secs. 143, 160, ...	0	5	5	1	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter IX.																															
2	Offences by or relating to Public servants	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter X.																															
3	Contempts of the lawful authority or public servants. ...	0	8	8	2	6	36	28	0	0	4	4	20	0	28	8	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter XI.																															
4	False Evidence and offences against public justice ...	0	7	7	6	7	11	11	1	6	0	0	4	0	11	0	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Chapter XII.																															
5	Offences relating to coin and Government stamps.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	Chapter XIII.																																					
6	Offences relating to weights and measures.	0	2	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XIV.																																				
7	Offences affecting the public health safety. convenience, decency and morals. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XV.																																				
8	Offences relating to religion	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XVI.																																				
9	Offences affecting the Human body	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1 murder	0	1	1	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2 Attempt to commit murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3 Culpable homicide	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	4 Attempt to commit suicide	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5 Causing miscarriage ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	6 Causing hurt (voluntarily)...	0	86	86	63	52	127	7	0	0	2	0	5	0	7	117	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1			

7	Causing grievous hurt ...	0	3	3	6	3	3	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Wrongful restraint & confinement.	0	3	3	1	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Criminal force & assault ...	0	52	52	14	23	60	6	0	2	0	0	4	0	6	54	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Rape	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XVII																														
	Offences against property.																														
1	Theft	0	48	48	47	21	42	34	6	15	0	5	8	0	34	8	0	0	20	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Extortion	0	4	4	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Robbery	0	2	2	3	2	7	4	0	2	0	2	0	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Dacoity	1	0	1	1	1	4	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Murder in dacoity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Receiving of stolen property...	0	2	2	1	2	4	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Criminal misappropriation of property....	0	6	6	7	5	8	8	0	3	0	0	5	0	8	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Cheating	0	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Mischief	0	2	2	13	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Criminal trespass	0	2	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	House trespass	0	6	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Criminal breach of trust ..	0	2	2	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XVIII																														
11	Offence relating to documents &c....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Chapter XX.																																						
12	Offences relating to marriage...	0	4	4	4	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXI.																																						
13	Offences of defamation ...	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXII.																																						
14	Criminal intimidation, insult, & annoyance	0	49	49	8	11	16	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	15	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chapter XXIII.																																						
15	Attempt to commit offences ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Chapter XII Cri. P. C. Secs 145, 147	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Chapter VIII of C. P. C. Secs, 109 110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	District police Act. V. 1867...	0	2	2	0	2	2	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Cattle trespass Act. I. 1871...	0	2	2	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Opium Act. I 1878	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Abkari Act. V 1878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Gambling Act. IV 1887 ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Salt Act. II 1890	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Arms Act.	0	2	2	1	2	2	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	Miscellaneous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total ...	1	304	305	197	158	360	114	7	33	8	17	49	0	114	243	0	0	44	1	1	13	2	0	4	0	0	1	0	3	1						

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APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1914-1915

Name of court.	No. of offences reported during the year		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year 1914-1915	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of 1913-1914	Brought to trial in 1914-1915					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted	Convicted	Committed or referred.	Persons died, escaped or transferred.		
	1913-1914	1914-1915		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	1913-1914	1914-1915							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Sar Nyayadhish	7	2	4	1	0	1	0	0	19	7	0	1	6	0	0	0	
Revenue Assistant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Radhanpur 1st Class Magistrate	172	155	0	60	5	123	2	0	227	188	51	84	53	0	0	0	
Sami Do. Do. ...	90	65	0	9	0	32	3	0	98	44	1	30	13	0	0	0	
Munjpur Do. Do. ...	89	81	0	22	0	98	0	0	83	120	5	70	42	0	0	3	
Balodhan 3rd Class Magistrate	9	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Radhanpur Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sami Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Munjpur Do. Do. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total. ...	367	304	4	92	5	255	5	0	429	360	57	186	114	0	0	3	

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APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1914-1915.

Number.	Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.															
			Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings. quashed		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered.		Pending.		Remarks.
					Confirmed.		Modified		Reversed.										
			Persons.	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
1	Huzur Court	7	0	0	13	4	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	
2	Sar Nyayadhish ...	20	2	2	16	12	9	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Revenue Assistant.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Total ...	27	2	2	29	16	13	6	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	

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APPENDIX X.

Civil work——Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in the Radhanpur State during the year 1914–1915.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year Received by transfer or on remand		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance		Suits Filed in 1914–1915								Suits disposed of in 1914–1915.						Average duration.	Remarks.
		1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	Value Rs. a. p.	Suits re-landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs 100 & under Rs. 500	No. of suits above Rs 500 & under Rs 1000	No. of suits above Rs 1000& under Rs 5000	No. of suits above Rs. 5000.	Ex-parte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of	Value		
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	9			10					11					12	13
1	Sar Nyayadhish																										
	Regular suits... ...	2	1	1	1	3	2	2	0	1	2	1200 0 0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0	0 0
	Small cause suits ...	3	1	161	266	164	267	163	263	1	4	9352	3	7	0	266	0	266	0	0	0	0	31	141	43	48	9185-12-11	0	3 12
2	Radhanpur Munsiff																										
	Regular suits	97	40	157	73	254	113	214	84	40	29	11676	8	9	6	67	0	12	59	2	0	0	0	31	8	45	13431-14-6	0	8 25
	Small cause suits ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0	0 0
3	Sami Munsiff																										
	Regular suits	19	11	86	81	105	92	94	76	11	16	8617	13	6	0	79	2	56	20	5	0	0	2	32	15	27	9150-15-9	0	3 4
	Small cause suits ...	1	2	30	41	31	43	29	41	2	2	432	11	0	0	41	0	41	0	0	0	0	7	13	5	16	430-5-0	0	1 4
4	Munjpur Munsiff																										
	Regular suits... ...	10	16	112	62	122	78	106	63	16	15	9120	0	6	0	62	0	49	13	0	0	0	6	24	7	26	4753-12-6	0	3 7
	Small cause suits ...	0	0	68	26	68	26	68	18	0	8	311	1	0	0	26	0	20	0	0	0	0	3	10	3	2	220-5-3	0	1 4
	Total																										
	Regular suits	128	68	356	217	484	285	416	223	68	63	30614	6	9	0	209	2	117	92	7	1	0	8	87	30	98	27336-10-9	0	5 10
	Small cause suits ...	4	3	259	333	263	336	260	322	3	13	10095	15	7	0	333	0	333	0	0	0	0	41	164	51	66	9836-7-2	0	3 0
	Grand Total	132	71	615	550	747	621	676	545	71	76	40710	6	4	6	542	2	450	92	7	1	0	49	251	81	164	37173-1-11	0	3 28

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APPENDIX XI.

Civil Work—Results of applications for execution of decrees 1914-1915.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of.			Remarks.
	1913-1914	1914-1915		1913-1914	1914-1915	Value for present year.	1913-1914	1914-1915	Value for present year.	1913-1914	1914-1915	Value for present year.	1913-1914	1914-1915	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1 Sar Nyayadhish	1	1	17-12-7	19	27	523-12-2	20	28	541-8-9	19	27	527-5-6	1	1	14-3-3	1	0	0	
2 Radhanpur Munsiff ...	74	60	6925-8-8	90	80	6660-7-0	164	140	13585-15-8	104	108	9413-7-0	60	32	4172-8-8	7	4	21	
3 Sami Munsiff	23	19	2012-2-6	48	62	3667-12-2	71	81	5679-14-8	52	59	3511-15-8	19	22	2167-15-0	12	2	8	
4 Munjpur Munsiff	10	27	3888-8-1	62	44	4365-15-0	72	71	8254-7-1	45	47	6391-3-5	27	24	1863-3-8	12	6	6	
Total ...	108	107	12843-15-10	219	213	15217-14-4	327	320	28061-14-2	220	241	19843-15-7	107	79	8217-14-7	32	12	35	

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APPENDIX XII.

Civil Work—Number and result of appeals in Civil Suits in the Radhanpur State during the year 1914-1915.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of.										Average duration.						Remarks.
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of		1913-1914			1914-1915			
	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.	
Huzur Court ...	0	0	4	9	4	9	4	9	0	0	2075-8-0	1850-4-0	1	5	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	4	12	0	2	17	
Sar Nyayadhish ...	1	0	20	15	21	15	21	15	0	0	2442-6-7	2602-9-0	4	3	5	2	5	7	3	3	4	0	0	2	7	0	3	15	
Total ...	1	0	24	24	25	24	25	24	0	0	4517-14-7	4452-13-0	5	8	7	4	5	8	4	3	4	1	0	2	19	0	3	5	

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APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Radhanpur State, during the year 1914-1915.

Stations.	No. of Prisons.	No. of prisoners.				Daily Average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.							
				1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915				
Radhanpur	1	25	119	183	144	23.25	21.43	6		22.13	Nil.
Sami	1	0	27	41	27	.01	.05	0		16.4	
Munjpur	1	0	0	7	0	.58	0	0		0	
Balodhan	1	0	1	6	1	.03	0	0		0	
Total. ...	4	25	147	237	172	23.87	21.48	6		21.	

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APPENDIX XIV.

Registration of documents in the Radhanpur State during the year 1914-1915.

Name of State Courts.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Document of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money-bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
1 Sar Nyayadhish ...	6	7	0	0	2	1	3	5	0	1	1	0	6	7	11832--0-0	15875--0-0	0	0	0	0	
2 Radhanpur Munsiff	125	158	97	112	1	4	20	31	0	0	7	11	125	158	29165-10-6	35795-14-6	0	0	0	0	
3 Sami Munsiff ...	2	13	2	11	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	13	257--0-0	2216--0-0	0	0	0	0	
4 Munjpur Munsiff ...	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	750--0-0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total. ...	134	178	99	123	3	5	23	38	0	1	9	11	134	178	42004-10-6	53886-14-6	0	0	0	0	

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APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration in the Radhanpur State during the year 1914-1915.

Description,	1913-1914.							1914-1915.							Remarks.
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			No. of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			
					Rs.	as.	ps					Rs.	as	ps.	
Radhanpur State...	134	42004	10	6	774	2	3	178	53886	14	6	1045	4	0	
Deduct expenditure	0	0	0	0	28	10	7	0	0	0	0	30	0	0	
Net profit	0	0	0	0	745	7	8	0	0	0	0	1015	4	0	

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APPENDIX XVI.

Receipts and Expenditure of the Municipalities in the Radhanpur State during the year 1914–1915.

Name.	Opening balance on 1st April.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year		Balance on 31st March.	Remarks.
		1913–1914	1914–1915		1913–1914	1914–1915		
Radhanpur Municipality	2653–3–5	8854–12–7	8877–7–3	11530–10–8	8044–1–3	8449–7–3	3081–3–5	
Sami Municipality	0	500–0–0	631–6–5	631–6–5	1654–12–5	876–8–11	0	
Munjpur Municipality	0	146–15–4	188–13–3	188–13–3	212–4–5	210–0–10	0	
Total ...	2653–3–5	9501–11–11	9697–10–11	12350–14–4	9911–2–1	9536–1–0	3081–3–5	

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APPENDIX XVII.

Statement of Rain fall in the Radhanpur State during the year 1914-1915

Station.	April 1914	May 1914	June 1914	July 1914	August 1914	September 1914	October 1914	November 1914	December 1914	January 1915	February 1915	March 1915	Total	Total of previous year	Average of past 5 years.	Remarks.
1 Radhanpur	0	0	2.66	13.89	1.21	2.9	0.8	0.8	0	0.17	0	0.28	20.33	31.64	19.09	
2 Sami	0	0	3.31	10.94	2.78	9.64	0.24	0.40	0	0.49	0	0.49	28.29	25.49	21.12	
3 Munjpur	0	0	3.93	6.60	2.56	5.24	0	0.51	0	0.60	0	0	19.44	29.23	21.11	
4 Kuvar	0.5	0	3.24	6.86	5.20	3.60	0.6	0.25	0	0.57	0	0.50	20.33	29.10	17.54	
5 Balodhan	0	0	0	9.27	3.27	2.67	0	0.7	0	0.18	1.57	0	17.3	30.2	16.71	

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APPENDIX XVIII.

Statement showing prices of staple food-grains in the Radhanpur State.

Articles.	Rate per maund during March 1914. Rs.	as.	ps.	Rate per maund during March 1915. Rs.	as.	ps.	Remarks.
Wheat	1	12	0	2	3	0	
Bajri	1	15	0	1	13	0	
Mag	2	4	0	2	7	6	
Gram	1	9	6	1	15	0	
Adad	2	0	0	2	2	0	
Banti	1	7	0	1	5	0	
Math	1	9	0	1	9	0	
Guvar	1	6	0	1	4	6	
Juwari	1	10	0	1	9	0	
Chhasto	1	15	0	1	7	6	
Jav	1	4	0	1	6	0	

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APPENDIX XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works, in the Radhanpur State during the year 1914-1915.

Description of Work.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Total.	
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. B.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Buildings	9797- 7-7	16286- 3-2	26083-10-9	0	0	0	26083-10-9	
Roads	0	95- 7-1	95- 7-1	0	0	0	95- 7-1	
Wells and tanks	4245-11-3	863-10-4	5109- 5-7	0	0	0	5109- 5-7	
Miscellaneous	0	2982-15-9	2982-15-9 §	0	0	0	2982-15-9	§ Establishment and other charges.
Total Expenditure for 1914-1915 ...	14043- 2-10	20228- 4-4	34271- 7-2	0	0	0	34271- 7-2	
Do-for 1913-1914 ...	5468- 7-4	11300-15-0	16769- 6-4 ‡	0	0	0	16769- 6-4	‡ Includes Rs. 2728-12-11 establishment & other charges.

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APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural Stock in the Radhanpur State during the year 1914-1915.

District.	Year.	Horses and cattle,										Ploughs,		Carts,		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes, Male.	Buffaloes, Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.		With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
Radhanpur ...	1914-15	16269	24339	147	8077	170	528	106	2664	53130		7825	0	347	2678	

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APPENDIX XXI.

Statement showing the Excise shops and Excise revenue of the Radhanpur State during the year 1914-1915.

Name of state.		Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Bhang.		Total.		Remarks.
		Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Radhanpur.	1913-14	25	647-0-0	18	11334-6-6	2	1172-0-0	0	0	45	13153-6-6	
	1914-15	24	1042-0-0	21	16156-13-0	2	356-6-0	0	0	47	17555-3-0	

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APPENDIX XXII B.

Particulars of Receipts and Expenditure of the Radhanpur State for the year 1914-1915.

No.	Items.	1910-1911			1911-1912			1912-1913			1913-1914			1914-1915		
	Receipts.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.
	Opening balance.	521037	12	10	540748	0	9	170966	7	2	26379	7	10	390	13	10
1	Land Revenue...	305097	3	4	115598	13	10	133653	8	9	404804	14	9	403717	4	10
2	Local Cess	12502	2	7	5150	8	2	7551	8	10	10356	7	7	39609	9	11
3	Sale proceeds of land... ...	65	4	0	41	8	0	344	10	0	175	8	0	400	8	0
4	Opium Revenue	11224	2	4	11752	10	0	8275	4	0	11334	6	6	16156	13	0
5	Abkari Revenue (including Bhang, Ganja &c.)	10885	13	11	8190	9	0	9784	8	1	10656	3	1	12942	1	6
6	Jama &c from surrounding Talukdars	1386	5	4	1767	3	1	1484	12	7	1682	9	4	2039	13	0
7	Customs Receipts	90728	0	5	53389	13	6	18115	13	6	73449	7	6	118178	14	2
8	Forests	719	6	5	165	7	9	128	15	2	398	1	9	352	6	0
9	Judicial (including Stamps) ...	974	14	0	6119	13	8	6227	1	10	11759	8	5	12769	0	8
10	Ed cation (Fees &c.)	17	13	9	4	13	10	2	15	6	3	0	0	7	6	3
11	Guaranteed Rights	11048	0	0	11048	0	0	0	0	0	22096	0	0	11048	0	0
12	Extraordinary Receipts ...	105	1	8	300100	10	6	400150	0	0	217	8	3	182	12	2
13	Other Receipts *	118425	5	3	701941	14	2	429722	11	11	125434	4	7	139473	7	7
14	Tagavi	5599	5	9	1998	9	6	148710	9	5	38634	13	3	35450	12	0
	Total ...	577547	14	9	1217270	7	0	1164152	1	7	710993	13	0	792328	13	1
	Grand Total ...	1098585	11	7	1758018	7	9	1335118	8	9	737373	4	10	792719	10	11
	Expenditure.															
1	Darbar Expenses	119156	3	1	328348	6	9	271917	13	1	220823	3	6	292758	4	11
2	Tribute	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Extraordinary Charges ...	312	12	11	10069	2	6	147437	8	4	0	0	0	254	1	7
4	Administrative (Establishment)	31665	10	4	31900	0	8	32200	4	7	21512	7	4	22486	7	2
5	Revenue Department	35313	15	9	27353	6	2	28664	14	0	25192	5	8	28849	9	7
6	Judicial Department	7743	6	4	7580	11	10	5872	5	3	6516	9	3	6806	0	3
7	Educational Department ...	13227	10	8	11601	9	8	10153	10	2	12780	1	8	13867	9	2
8	Military (Sirbandi) Paltan ...	11843	8	6	13964	7	6	10636	1	9	11522	11	2	10499	10	10
9	Police and Body Guard ...	56931	7	11	71330	2	6	59306	11	0	58331	11	4	54259	11	10
10	Jail	2053	0	3	2194	5	8	2738	4	6	2213	10	5	2645	2	10
11	Dispensary (including Vaccination)	11745	11	11	9929	8	3	8182	10	10	10937	13	5	11984	8	1
12	Forest Department	9427	0	1	8826	1	8	10897	1	11	12854	4	7	13317	3	3
13	Public Works (including Repairs).	30704	11	9	54115	0	4	15419	3	6	16957	6	5	34271	7	2
14	Minor Establishment ‡ ...	24400	6	8	22513	13	7	34638	8	5	61094	10	8	26820	8	4
15	Dharmada (Devashan)... ...	13227	9	7	14723	12	4	16383	15	0	23028	13	5	25333	10	2
16	Guaranteed Rights	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Paid in liquidation of Debts...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	77454	14	0	75000	0	0
18	Miscellaneous §	183761	5	9	946481	10	0	513209	10	3	148776	10	0	171551	4	8
19	Nazarana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Purchase of Land	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	0	0	223	8	0
21	Remission and Refunds ...	371	10	0	265	5	3	520	6	3	135	10	1	1033	12	8
22	Relief Work	0	0	0	13790	7	9	20437	14	2	26252	8	1	313	0	7
23	Tagavi	5951	7	4	11064	0	2	120122	1	11	397	0	0	153	9	8
	Total ...	557837	10	10	1587052	0	7	1308739	0	11	736982	7	0	792429	1	9
	Closing balance ...	540748	0	9	170966	7	2	26379	7	10	390	13	10	290	9	2
	Grand Total ...	1098585	11	7	1758018	7	9	1335118	8	9	737373	4	10	792719	10	11

* Includes receipts from Interest, Miscellaneous Receipts, Deposits, & Advances except Tagavi.

‡ Includes Survey and Boundary, Bardashi or Guest Dept, & Municipal charges.

§ Includes Political charges, charges for grass subsequently adjusted, Misc; & Unforeseen charges, Deposits and Advances other than Tagavi.

Hargovind Harnarayen.
Dewan.
Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Radhanpur State during the year 1914–1915.

Serial No.	Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.			Results of in-door patients.				Expediture.	Daily average.			Remarks.
		In-door.	Out-door	Total.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		In-door.	Out-door	Total.	
1	Sultana Jahan Hospital	168	6610	6778	128	36	3	1		5.79	121.09	126.88	
2	Diamond Jubilee Female Hospital	38	1798	1836	35	0	0	3		1.38	34.48	35.86	
3	Sami Dispensary	0	4272	4272	0	0	0	0	11984-8-1	0	47.7	47.7	
4	Munjpur Dispensary	0	2344	2344	0	0	0	0		0	22.89	22.89	
5	Kuvar Dispensary	0	1115	1115	0	0	0	0		0	17.43	17.43	
6	Balodhan Dispensary	0	698	698	0	0	0	0		0	2.0	2.0	
	Total ...	206	16837	17043	163	36	3	4		7.17	245.59	252.76	

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APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Radhanpur State for the year 1914-1915.

Name.	Population	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of Population.				Remarks.
										Births.		*Deaths.*		
		1913-14	1914-15			1913-14	1914-15			1913-14	1914-15	1913-14	1914-15	
Radhanpur City	10369	191	150	0	41	511	578	67	0	17.86	14.46	47.80	55.63	9941
Radhanpur Mahal	20328	65	227	162	0	67	142	75	0	3.19	11.16	3.29	6.98	20413
Sami Mahal	15070	122	239	117	0	100	194	94	0	8.10	15.85	6.64	12.87	15115
Munjpur Mahal	15417	205	275	70	0	173	175	2	0	13.32	17.85	11.24	11.35	15517
Balodhan Mahal	3667	71	85	14	0	22	53	31	0	19.62	23.17	6.06	14.45	3699
Total. ...	64851	654	976	363	41	873	1142	269	0	10.05	15.04	13.41	17.60	64685

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Radhanpur State.

APPENDIX XXV.

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Radhanpur State during the year 1914-1915.

No. of Schools.		Description of School.	No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
1913-1914	1914-1915		1913-1914	1914-1915	1913-1914	1914-1915	High Schools	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	Radhanpur High School	141	162	107.84	121.01	4718-4-0	0		
3	3	Radhanpur, Sami and Munjpur Taluka Schools ...	495	527	383	393	0	0		† This includes inspection charges of the Deputy Educational Inspector Palanpur.
18	19	Village Schools	336	323	269	259	0	0	†9149-5-2	
1	1	Urdu School	87	87	37	60	0	0		
2	2	Girls' Schools	164	192	98	113	0	0		
25	26	Total ...	1223	1291	894.84	946.01	4718-4-0	0	9149-5-2	13867-9-2

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